ACADEMIC REGULATIONS
COURSE STRUCTURE
AND
DETAILED SYLLABUS

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

For

B.TECH. FOUR YEAR DEGREE COURSE
(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2017-2018)

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(Autonomous)
Kukatpally, Hyderabad - 500085
TELANGANA, INDIA

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(Autonomous)
Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500 085

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS 2017 for CBCS Based B.Tech. PROGRAMMES

(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the Academic Year **2017-18** and onwards)

1.0 Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T)

JNTUH offers 4 Year (8 Semesters) **Bachelor of Technology** (B.Tech.) Degree Programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at its Constituent Autonomous College - JNTUH College of Engineering, Hyderabad, with effect from the Academic Year 2017 - 18 onwards, in the following Branches of Engineering …

S.No.	*Branch*
I.	Civil Engineering
II.	Computer Science and Engineering
III.	Electrical and Electronics Engineering
IV.	Electronics and Communication Engineering
V.	Mechanical Engineering
VI.	Metallurgical Engineering
VII.	Chemical Engineering

2.0 Eligibility for Admission

2.1 Admission to the UGP shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualifying candidate at an Entrance Test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET), OR the University, OR on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the Government from time to time.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

2.2 The medium of instructions for the entire UGP in E&T will be ENGLISH only.

3.0 B.Tech. Programme (UGP) Structure

3.1 The B.Tech. Programmes of JNTUH-CEH are of Semester Pattern, with 8 Semesters constituting 4 Academic Years, each Academic Year having TWO Semesters (First/Odd and Second/Even Semesters). Each Semester shall be of 22 Weeks duration (inclusive of Examinations), with a minimum of 90 Instructional Days per Semester.

3.2 UGC/ AICTE specified Definitions/ Descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these Academic Regulations/ Norms, which are as listed below.

3.2.1 Semester Scheme:
Each UGP is of 4 Academic Years (8 Semesters), with the year being divided into two Semesters of 22 weeks ($\geq$ 90 working days) each, each Semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as denoted by UGC, and Curriculum/ Course Structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit Courses:
All Subjects/ Courses are to be registered by a student in a Semester to earn Credits. Credits shall be assigned to each Subject/ Course in a L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practicals Periods : Credits) Structure, based on the following general pattern ..

- One Credit - for One hour/ Week/ Semester for Theory/ Lecture (L) Courses; and,

- One Credit - for Two hours/ Week/ Semester for Laboratory/ Practical (P) Courses or Tutorials (T).
  Other student activities like NCC, NSS, NSO, Study Tour, Guest Lecture etc., and identified Mandatory Courses will not carry Credits.

3.2.3 Subject/ Course Classification:

All Subjects/ Courses offered for the UGP are broadly classified as : (a) Foundation Courses (FnC), (b) Core Courses (CoC), and (c) Elective Courses (EℓC).

- Foundation Courses (FnC) are further categorized as : (i) HS (Humanities and Social Sciences), (ii) BS (Basic Sciences), and (iii) ES (Engineering Sciences);

- Core Courses (CoC) and Elective Courses (EℓC) are categorized as PS (Professional Subjects), which are further subdivided as – (i) PC (Professional/ Departmental Core) Subjects, (ii) PE (Professional/ Departmental Electives) , (iii) OE (Open Electives); and (iv) Project Works (PW);

- Minor Courses (1 or 2 Credit Courses, belonging to HS/ BS/ ES/ PC as per relevance); and
- Mandatory Courses (MC - non-credit oriented).

3.2.4 Course Nomenclature:

The Curriculum Nomenclature or Course-Structure Grouping for the each of the UGP E&T (B.Tech. Degree Programmes), is as listed below (along with AICTE specified % Range of Total Credits)…

S. No.	*Broad Course Classification*	*Course Group/ Category*	*Course Description*	*Range of Credits*
1)	**Foundation Courses (FnC)**	**BS – Basic Sciences**	Includes - Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry Subjects	**15% - 20%**
2)		**ES - Engineering Sciences**	Includes fundamental engineering subjects	**15% - 20%**
3)		**HS – Humanities and Social Sciences**	Includes subjects related to Humanities, Social Sciences and Management	**5% - 10%**
4)	**Core Courses (CoC)**	**PC – Professional Core**	Includes core subjects related to the Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.	**30% - 40%**
5)	**Elective Courses (EℓC)**	**PE – Professional Electives**	Includes Elective subjects related to the Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.	**10% - 15%**
6)		**OE – Open Electives**	Elective subjects which include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.	**5% - 10%**
7)	**Core Courses**	**Project Work**	B.Tech. Project or UG Project or UG Major Project	**10% - 15%**
8)		**Industrial Training/ Mini-Project**	Industrial Training/ Internship/ UG Mini-Project/ Mini-Project	
9)		**Seminar**	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.	
10)		**Minor Courses**	1 or 2 Credit Courses (subset of HS)	**included**
11)		**Mandatory Courses (MC)**	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)	**-**
Total Credits for UGP (B. Tech.) Programme				**192 (100%)**

4.0 Course Work

4.1 A student, after securing admission, shall pursue the B.Tech. UGP in a minimum period of 4 Academic Years, and a maximum period of 8 Academic Years (starting from the Date of Commencement of I Year).

4.2 Each student shall Register for and Secure the specified number of Credits required for the completion of the UGP and Award of the B.Tech. Degree in respective Branch of Engineering.

4.3 Each Semester is structured to provide typically 24 Credits (24 C), totaling to 192 Credits (192 C) for the entire B.Tech. Programme.

5.0 Course Registration

5.1 A 'Faculty Advisor or Counselor' shall be assigned to each student, who will advise him about the UGP, its Course Structure and Curriculum, Choice/Option for Subjects/ Courses, based on his competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.

5.2 Academic Section of the College invites 'Registration Forms' from students apriori (before the beginning of the Semester), through 'ON-LINE SUBMISSIONS', ensuring 'DATE and TIME Stamping'. The ON-LINE Registration Requests for any 'CURRENT SEMESTER' shall be completed BEFORE the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examiantions) of the 'PRECEDING SEMESTER'.

5.3 A Student can apply for ON-LINE Registration, ONLY AFTER obtaining the 'WRITTEN APPROVAL' from his Faculty Advisor, which should be submitted to the College Academic Section through the Head of Department (a copy of the same being retained with Head of Department, Faculty Advisor and the Student).

5.4 A Student may be permitted to Register for his Subjects/ Course of CHOICE with a typical total of 24 Credits per Semester (Minimum being 20 C and Maximum being 28 C, permitted deviation being ± 17%), based on his PROGRESS and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the 'PRE-REQUISITES' as indicated for various Subjects/ Courses, in the Department Course Structure and Syllabus contents. However, a MINIMUM of 20 Credits per Semester must be registered to ensure the 'STUDENTSHIP' in any Semester.

5.5 Choice for 'additional Subjects/ Courses' to reach the Maximum Permissible Limit of 28 Credits (above the typical 24 Credit norm) must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/ Counselor.

5.6 If the Student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries - during ON-LINE Registration for the Subject(s) / Course(s) under a given/ specified Course Group/ Category as listed in the Course Structure, only the first mentioned Subject/ Course in that Category will be taken into consideration.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

5.7 Subject/ Course Options exercised through ON-LINE Registration are final and CAN NOT be changed, and CAN NOT be inter-changed; further, alternate choices will also not be considered. However, if the Subject/ Course that has already been listed for Registration (by the Head of Department) in a Semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the Student shall be allowed to have alternate choice - either for a new Subject (subject to offering of such a Subject), or for another existing Subject (subject to availability of seats), which may be considered. Such alternate arrangements will be made by the Head of Department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the FIRST WEEK from the commencement of Class-work for that Semester.

5.8 Dropping of Subjects/ Courses may be permitted, ONLY AFTER obtaining prior approval from the Faculty Advisor (subject to retaining a minimum of 20 C), 'within 15 Days of Time' from the beginning of the current Semester.

5.9 For Mandatory Courses like NCC/ NSS/ NSO etc., a 'Satisfactory Participation Certificate' from the concerned authorities for the relevant Semester is essential. No Marks or Grades or Credits shall be awarded for these activities.

6.0 Subjects/ Courses to be offered

6.1 A typical Section (or Class) Strength for each Semester shall be 60.

6.2 A Subject/ Course may be offered to the Students, ONLY IF a Minimum of 20 Students (1/3 of the Section Strength) opt for the same. The Maximum Strength of a Section is limited to 80 (60 + 1/3 of the Section Strength).

6.3 More than ONE TEACHER may offer the SAME SUBJECT (Lab./ Practicals may be included with the corresponding Theory Subject in the same Semester) in any Semester. However, selection choice for students will be based on - 'FIRST COME FIRST SERVE Basis and CGPA Criterion' (ie., the first focus shall be on early ON-LINE ENTRY from the student for Registration in that Semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).

6.4 If more entries for Registration of a Subject come into picture, then the concerned Head of Department shall take necessary action, whether to offer such a Subject/ Course for TWO (or multiple) SECTIONS or NOT .

6.5 In case of options coming from Students of other Departments/ Branches/ Disciplines (not considering OPEN ELECTIVES), PRIORITY shall be given to the student of the 'Parent Department' first.

7.0 Attendance Requirements

7.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the End Semester Examinations, if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the Subjects/ Courses (excluding Mandatory or Non-Credit Courses) for that Semester.

7.2 Condoning of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each Semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.

7.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condoning of shortage of attendance.

7.4 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO case be condoned.

7.5 Students, whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any Semester, are not eligible to take their End Examinations of that Semester, they get detained and their registration for that Semester shall stand cancelled. They will not be promoted to the next Semester. They may seek re-registration for all those Subjects registered in that Semester in which he got detained, by seeking re-admission for that Semester as and when offered; in case if there are any Professional Electives and/ or Open Electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered, however, if those Electives are not offered in later Semesters, then alternate Electives may be chosen from the SAME set of Elective Subjects offered under that category.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

8.0 Academic Requirements

The following Academic Requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the Attendance Requirements mentioned in Item No.**7.**

8.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the Academic Requirements and earned the Credits allotted to each Subject/ Course, if he secures not less than 35% marks (25 out of 70 marks) in the End Semester Examination, and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of Letter Grades, this implies securing P Grade or above in that Subject/ Course.

8.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the Academic Requirements and earned the Credits allotted to - Industry oriented Mini-Project/ Seminar, if he secures not less than 40% of the total marks (40 marks) to be awarded for each. The student would be treated as failed, if he - (i) does not submit a report on his Industry oriented Mini-Project, or does not make a presentation of the same before the Evaluation Committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the Seminar as required in the IV year II Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% of marks (40 marks) in Industry oriented Mini-Project/ Seminar evaluations.
He may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent Semester, as and when it is scheduled.

8.3 A Student will not be promoted from I Year to II Year, unless he fulfils the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secures a total of minimum 24 Credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.

8.4 A Student will not be promoted from II Year to III Year, unless he fulfils the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secures a total of minimum 58 Credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.

8.5 A Student will not be promoted from III Year to IV Year, unless he fulfils the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secures a total of minimum 86 Credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.

8.6 A Student shall - register for all Subjects covering 192 Credits as specified and listed (with the relevant Course/ Subject Classifications as mentioned) in the Course Structure, put up all the Attendance and Academic requirements for 192 Credits securing a minimum of P Grade (Pass Grade) or above in each Subject, and 'earn ALL 192 Credits securing SGPA $\geq$ 5.0 (in each Semester), and CGPA (at the end of each successive Semester) $\geq$ 5.0' , to successfully complete the UGP.

8.7 After securing the necessary 192 Credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire UGP, an exemption of maximum 8 secured Credits (in terms of two of their corresponding Subjects/Courses) may be permitted for optional drop out from these 192 Credits earned; i.e., the performance of the Student after the deduction of maximum 8 credits shall alone be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA however, the Student's Performances in the earlier individual Semesters, with the corresponding SGPA and CGPA for which already Grade Cards are given, will not be altered. Further, optional drop out for such 8 secured Credits shall not be allowed for Subjects/ Courses listed as … i) Laboratories/ Practicals, Industrial Training/ Mini-Project, iii) Seminar, iv) Major Project.

8.8 If a Student registers for some more 'extra Subjects' (in the parent Department or other Departments/Branches of Engg.) other than those listed Subjects totaling to 192 Credits as specified in the Course Structure of his Department, the performances in those 'extra Subjects' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 192 Credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra Subjects' registered, % marks and Letter Grade alone will be indicated in the Grade Card, as a performance measure, subject to completion of the Attendance and Academic Requirements as stated in Items 7 and 8.1 – 8.7 above.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

8.9 Students who fail to earn 192 Credits as per the Course Structure, and as indicated above, within 8 Academic Years from the Date of Commencement of their I Year shall forfeit their seats in B.Tech. Programme and their admissions shall stand cancelled.

8.10 When a Student is detained due to shortage of attendance in any Semester, he may be re-admitted into that Semester, as and when offered, with the Academic Regulations of the Batch into which he gets readmitted. However, no Grade Allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for that entire Semester in which he got detained.

8.11 When a Student is detained due to lack of Credits in any year, he may be readmitted in the next year, after fulfilment of the Academic Requirements, with the Academic Regulations of the Batch into which he gets readmitted.

8.12 A student eligible to appear in the End Semester Examination in any Subject/ Course, but absent at it or failed (thereby failing to secure P Grade or above), may reappear for that Subject/ Course at the supplementary examination (SEE) as and when conducted. In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that Subject/ Course will be carried over, and added to the Marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination, for evaluating his performance in that Subject.

9.0 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of Marks

9.1 The performance of a student in each Semester shall be evaluated Subject-wise (irrespective of Credits assigned) with a maximum of 100 marks for Theory or Practicals or Seminar or Drawing/Design or Industry oriented Mini-Project or Minor Course, etc; however, the B.Tech. Project Work (Major Project) will be evaluated for 200 Marks. These evaluations shall be based on 30% CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 70% SEE (Semester End Examination), and a Letter Grade corresponding to the % marks obtained shall be given.

9.2 For all Subjects/ Courses as mentioned above, the distribution shall be 30 marks for CIE, and 70 marks for the SEE. The semester end examinations will be conducted for 70 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) **Part-A** for 20 marks (10 x 2 marks), ii) **Part-B** for 50 marks. Part-B consists of five questions carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.

9.3 a) For Theory Subjects (inclusive of Minor Courses), during the Semester, there shall be 2 mid-term examinations for 25 marks each. Each mid-term examination consists of one objective paper for 10 marks, plus one subjective paper for 15 marks, with a duration of 120 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 100 minutes for subjective papers). Further, there will be an allocation of 5 marks for Assignment. Objective paper may be set with multiple choice questions, True/ False, fill-in the blanks, matching type questions, etc. Subjective paper shall contain 5 questions, out of which the Student has to answer 3 questions, each for 5 marks.

b) The first mid-term examination shall be conducted for the first 50% of the syllabus, and the second mid-term examination shall be conducted for the remaining 50% of the syllabus.

c) First Assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-term examinations, and the Second Assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examinations. The Assignments shall be as specified by the concerned subject teacher.

d) The first mid-term examination Marks and first Assignment Marks shall make one set of CIE Marks , and the second mid-term examination Marks and second Assignment Marks shall make second set of CIE Marks; and the better of these two sets of marks shall be taken as the final marks secured by the Student towards Continuous Internal Evaluation in that Theory Subject.

9.4 For Practical Subjects, there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the Semester for 30 internal marks, and 70 marks are assigned for Lab./Practical End

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Semester Examination (SEE). Out of the 30 marks for internals, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 20 marks; and for the remaining 10 marks - two internal practical tests (each of 10 marks) shall be conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher and the better of these two tests is taken into account. The SEE for Practicals shall be conducted at the end of the Semester by Two Examiners appointed by Head of the Department.

9.5 For the Subjects having Design and/or Drawing, (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing, Production Drawing Practice, and Estimation), the distribution shall be 30 marks for CIE (20 marks for day-to-day work, and 10 marks for internal tests) and 70 marks for SEE. There shall be two internal tests in a Semester and the better of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.

9.6 Open Electives: Students are to choose One Open Elective (OE-I) during III Year I Semester, one (OE-II) during III Year II Semester , and one (OE-III) in IV Year II Semester, from the list of Open Electives given. However, Students can not opt for an Open Elective Subject offered by their own (parent) Department, if it is already listed under any category of the Subjects offered by parent Department in any Semester.

9.7 a) There shall be an Industry oriented Mini-Project, in collaboration with an Industry of the relevant specialization, to be registered immediately after III Year II Semester examinations, and taken up during the summer vacation for about eight weeks duration.

b) The Industry oriented Mini-Project shall be submitted in a Report form, and a presentation of the same shall be made before a Committee, which evaluates it for 100 marks. The Committee shall consist of Head of the Department, the supervisor of Mini-Project, and a Senior Faculty Member of the Department. There shall be no internal marks for Industry oriented Mini-Project. The Mini-Project shall be evaluated in the IV Year I Semester.

9.8 There shall be a Seminar Presentation in IV Year II Semester. For the Seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic, prepare a Technical Report and submit to the Department at the time of Seminar

Presentation. The Seminar Presentation (along with the Technical Report) shall be evaluated by Two Faculty Members assigned by Head of the Department, for 100 marks. There shall be no SEE or external examination for Seminar.

9.9 Each Student shall start the Project Work during the IV Year I Semester, as per the instructions of the Project Guide/ Project Supervisor assigned by the Head of Department. Out of a total 200 marks allotted for the Project Work, 60 marks shall be for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation and 140 marks for the SEE (End Semester Viva-voce Examination). The Project Viva-voce shall be conducted by a Committee comprising of an External Examiner, Head of the Department and Project Supervisor. Out of 60 marks allocated for CIE, 30 marks shall be awarded by the Project Supervisor (based on the continuous evaluation of student's performance throughout the Project Work period), and the other 30 marks shall be awarded by a Departmental Committee consisting of Head of the Department and Project Supervisor, based on the work carried out and the presentation made by the Student at the time of Viva-voce Examination.

9.10 For NCC/ NSS/ NSO types of Courses, and/or any other Mandatory Non-Credit Course offered in a Semester, a 'Satisfactory Participation Certificate' shall be issued to the Student from the concerned authorities, only after securing ≥ 65% attendance in such a Course. No marks or Letter Grade shall be allotted for these activities.

10.0 Grading Procedure

10.1 Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of each student in each Theory Subject, or Lab/Practicals, or Seminar, or Project, or Mini-Project, Minor Course etc., based on the % marks obtained in CIE + SEE (Continuous Internal Evaluation + Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in Item 9 above, and a corresponding Letter Grade shall be given.

10.2 As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades (UGC Guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed …

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

% of Marks Secured in a Subject / Course	*Letter Grade As per UGC Guidelines*	*Grade Points*
More than or equal to 90%	**O (Outstanding)**	**10**
80 and less than 90%	**A^+ (Excellent)**	**9**
70 and less than 80%	**A (Very Good)**	**8**
60 and less than 70%	**B^+ (Good)**	**7**
50 less than 60%	**B (Average)**	**6**
40 less than 50%	**C (Pass)**	**5**
Below 40%	**F (Fail)**	**0**
Absent	**Ab**	**0**

10.3 A student obtaining F Grade in any Subject shall be considered 'failed' and will be required to reappear as 'Supplementary Candidate' in the End Semester Examination (SEE), as and when offered. In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.

10.4 A Letter Grade does not imply any specific % of Marks.

10.5 In general, a student shall not be permitted to repeat any Subject/ Course (s) only for the sake of 'Grade Improvement' or 'SGPA/ CGPA Improvement'. However, he has to repeat all the Subjects/ Courses pertaining to that Semester, when he is detained (as listed in Items 8.10- 8.11).

10.6 A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each Subject/ Course, on the basis of the Letter Grade obtained by him in that Subject/ Course (excluding Mandatory non-credit Courses). Then the corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the Grade Point with Credits for that particular Subject/ Course.

Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits …. For a Course

10.7 The Student passes the Subject/ Course only when he gets GP ≥ 5 (P Grade or above).

10.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the Sum of Credit Points (ΣCP) secured from ALL Subjects/ Courses registered in a Semester, by the Total Number of Credits registered during that Semester. SGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. SGPA is thus computed as

$$SGPA = \{ \sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i \} / \{ \sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i \} \text{ .... For each Semester,}$$

where 'i' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects in a Semester), 'N' is the no. of Subjects 'REGISTERED' for the Semester (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department), is the no. of Credits allotted to the ith Subject, and represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that ith Subject.

Illustration of calculation of SGPA

Course / Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	A	8	32
Course 2	3	O	10	30
Course 3	4	C	5	20
Course 4	4	B	6	24
Course 5	3	A+	9	27
Course 6	2	C	5	10
Course 7	2	B	6	12
Course 8	2	C	5	10
Total	**24**			**165**

SGPA = 165/24 = 6.87

10.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student over all Semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the Total Credit Points secured by a student in ALL registered Courses in ALL Semesters, and the Total Number of Credits registered in ALL the Semesters. CGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. CGPA is thus computed from the I Year Second Semester onwards, at the end of each Semester, as per the formula

$$CGPA = \{ \sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j \} / \{ \sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j \} \text{ ... for all S Semesters registered (ie., upto and inclusive of S Semesters, } S \geq 2 \text{),}$$

where 'M' is the TOTAL no. of Subjects (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department) the Student has 'REGISTERED' from the 1st Semester onwards upto and inclusive of the Semester S (obviously M > N), 'j' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects from 1 to S Semesters), is the no. of Credits allotted to the jth Subject, and represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that jth Subject. After registration and completion of I Year I Semester however, the SGPA of that Semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

10.10 For Merit Ranking or Comparison Purposes or any other listing, ONLY the 'ROUNDED OFF' values of the CGPAs will be used.

10.11 For Calculations listed in Item 10.6 – 10.10, performance in failed Subjects/ Courses (securing F Grade) will also be taken into account, and the Credits of such Subjects/ Courses will also be included in the multiplications and summations. However, Mandatory Courses will not be taken into consideration.

10.12 Passing Standards:

10.12.1 A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a Semester, only when he gets a SGPA ≥ 5.00 (at the end of that particular Semester); and a student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire UGP, only when gets a CGPA ≥ 5.00; subject to the condition that he secures a GP ≥ 5 (P Grade or above) in every registered Subject/ Course in each Semester (during the entire UGP) for the Degree Award, as required.

10.12.2 In spite of securing P Grade or above in some (or all) Subjects/ Courses in any Semester, if a Student receives a SGPA < 5.00 and/ or CGPA < 5.00 at the end of such a Semester, then he 'may be allowed' (on the 'specific recommendations' of the Head of the Department and subsequent approval - by the College Academic Committee.

(i) to go into the next subsequent Semester (subject to fulfilling all other attendance and academic requirements as listed under Items 7-8);

(ii) to 'improve his SGPA of such a Semester (and hence CGPA) to 5.00 or above', by reappearing for ONE or MORE (as per Student's choice) of the same Subject(s) / Course(s) in which he has secured P Grade(s) in that Semester, at the Supplementary Examinations to be held in the next subsequent Semester(s). In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.

In these considerations, the newly secured Letter Grades will be recorded and taken into account for calculation of SGPA and CGPA, only if there is an improvement.

10.12.3 A Student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in any Non-Credit Subject/ Course, if he secures a 'Satisfactory Participation Certificate' for that Mandatory Course.

10.13 After the completion of each Semester, a Grade Card or Grade Sheet (or Transcript) shall be issued to all the Registered Students of that Semester, indicating the Letter Grades and Credits earned. It will show the details of the Courses Registered (Course Code, Title, No. of Credits, Grade Earned etc.), Credits earned, SGPA, and CGPA.

11.0 Declaration of Results

11.1 Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 10.6 – 10.10.

11.2 For Final % of Marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used …

% of Marks = (final CGPA – 0.5) x 10

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

12.0 Award of Degree

12.1 A Student who registers for all the specified Subjects/ Courses as listed in the Course Structure, satisfies all the Course Requirements, and passes all the examinations prescribed in the entire UG E&T Programme (UGP), and secures the required number of 192 Credits (with CGPA ≥ 5.0), within 8 Academic Years from the Date of Commencement of the First Academic Year, shall be declared to have 'QUALIFIED' for the Award of the B.Tech. Degree in the chosen Branch of Engineering as selected at the time of Admission.

12.2 A Student who qualifies for the Award of the Degree as listed in Item 12.1, shall be placed in the following Classes …

12.3 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) ≥ 8.00 :

(i) Shall be placed in **' First Class with distinction'** if fulfilling the following conditions.

(a) should not fail in any Subjects/Courses and should complete the required credits for the Award of Degree within the first 4 Academic Years (or 8 Sequential Semesters) from the Date of Commencement of his First Academic Year,

(b) should not have been detained or prevented from writing the End Semester Examinations in any Semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

(ii) Shall be placed in **' First Class '** if not fulfilling the above a & b conditions

12.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) ≥ 6.50 but < 8.00, shall be placed in 'FIRST CLASS'.

12.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) ≥ 5.50 but < 6.50, shall be placed in 'SECOND CLASS'.

12.6 All other Students who qualify for the Award of the Degree (as per Item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) ≥ 5.00 but < 5.50, shall be placed in 'PASS CLASS'.

12.7 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the UGP) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the Award of the Degree.

12.8 Students fulfilling the conditions listed under Item 12.3 alone will be eligible candidates for - 'University Rank' and 'Gold Medal' considerations.

13.0 Withholding of Results

13.1 If the student has not paid fees to University/ College at any stage, or has pending dues against his name due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student may be withheld, and he will not be allowed to go into the next higher Semester. The Award or issue of the Degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Transitory Regulations

14.1 Student who has discontinued for any reason, or has been detained for want of attendance or lack of required credits as specified, or who has failed after having undergone the Degree Programme, may be considered eligible for readmission to the same Subjects/ Courses (or equivalent Subjects/ Courses, as the case may be), and same Professional Electives/ Open Electives (or from set/category of Electives or equivalents suggested, as the case may be) as and when they are offered (within the time-frame of 8 years from the Date of Commencement of his I Year I Semester).

15.0 Student Transfers

15.1 There shall be no Branch transfers after the completion of Admission Process.

15.2 There shall be no transfer among the Constituent Colleges and Units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.

16.0 Scope

i) Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the write-up of regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".

ii) Where the words "Subject" or "Subjects", occur in these regulations, they also imply "Course" or "Courses".

iii) The Academic Regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.

iv) In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor/ Principal is final.

v) The College may change or amend the Academic Regulations, Course Structure or Syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all Students with effect from the dates notified by the College Authorities.

* * * * *

MALPRACTICES RULES

	Nature of Malpractices	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1 (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
1 (b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled.
3	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent / Assistant –Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to

	examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	the police and a police case is registered against them.
7	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

9	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a 8police case will be registered against them.
10	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester / year examinations.
12	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the College / University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(AUTONOMOUS)

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

(Applicable from the batch admitted during 2017-18 and onwards)

I YEAR **I SEMESTER**

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics - I	4	1	0	4
2	HS	English	3	0	0	3
3	ES	Computer Programming & Data Structures	4	1	0	4
4	ES	Engineering Graphics	3	0	3	4
5	ES	Environmental Science	3	0	0	3
6	ES	Computer Programming & Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	2
7	HS	English Language Communication Skills Lab	0	0	3	2
8	ES	Engineering Workshop	0	0	3	2
		NSS/NCC/NSO				
		Total Credits				**24**

I YEAR **II SEMESTER**

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics–II	3	1	0	3
2	ES	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	4	0	0	4
3	BS	Applied Physics	3	1	0	3
4	BS	Engineering Chemistry	3	1	0	3
5	ES	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	3
6	BS	Computational Mathematics	2	0	0	2
7	ES	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
8	HS	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	2
9	BS	Computational Mathematics Lab	0	0	3	2
		NSS/NCC/NSO				
		Total Credits				**24**

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(AUTONOMOUS)

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

(Applicable from the batch admitted during 2017-18 and onwards)

II YEAR **I SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	PC	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	4	1	0	4
2	ES	Digital Logic Design & Microprocessors	3	1	0	3
3	PC	Advanced Data Structures	4	1	0	4
4	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java	4	1	0	4
5	PC	Computer Organization & Architecture	4	1	0	4
6	HS	Gender Sensitization Lab	-	-	-	-
7	ES	Digital Logic Design & Microprocessors Lab	0	0	3	1
8	PC	Advanced Data Structures Through C Lab	0	0	3	2
9	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through Java Lab	0	0	3	2
		Total Credits				**24**

II YEAR **II SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	3	1	0	3
2	PC	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4	1	0	4
3	PC	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	4	1	0	4
4	PC	Software Engineering	4	1	0	3
5	PC	Operating Systems	4	1	0	4
6	PC	Scripting Languages Lab	0	0	3	1
7	PC	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1
8	PC	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
9	HS	Human Values and Professional Ethics	2	0	0	2
		Total Credits				**24**

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(AUTONOMOUS)

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

(Applicable from the batch admitted during 2017-18 and onwards)

III YEAR **I SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	PC	Computer Networks	4	1	0	4
2	PC	Compiler Design	4	1	0	4
3	PC	Database Management Systems	4	1	0	4
4	OE	Open Elective – I	3	0	0	3
5	HS	Manegerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4	0	0	4
6	PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	2
7	PC	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	3	2
8	PC	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1
		Total Credits				**24**

III YEAR **II SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	PC	Data warehousing and Data Mining	4	1	0	4
2	PC	Web Technologies	4	1	0	4
3	OE	Open Elective – II	3	0	0	3
4	PE	Professional Elective – I	4	0	0	4
5	PE	Professional Elective – II	4	0	0	4
6	PC	Web Technologies Lab	0	0	3	2
7	PC	Data warehousing and Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	2
8	HS	Advanced English Language Communications Skills Lab	0	0	3	1
		Total Credits				**24**

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(AUTONOMOUS)

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

(Applicable from the batch admitted during 2017-18 and onwards)

IV YEAR **I SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	PC	Network Security & Cryptography	4	1	0	4
2	PC	Grid and Cloud Computing	4	1	0	4
3	PE	Professional Elective – III	4	0	0	4
4	PE	Professional Elective – IV	4	0	0	4
5	PE	Professional Elective – V	4	0	0	4
6	PC	Network Security & Cryptography Lab	0	0	3	2
7	PC	Industry Oriented Mini Project				2
		Total Credits				**24**

IV YEAR **II SEMESTER**

S.No	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	OE	Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
2	HS	Management Science	4	0	0	4
3	PC	Seminar	0	0	3	1
4	PC	Grid and Cloud Computing Lab	0	0	3	2
5	PC	Major Project				14
		Total Credits				**24**

Professional Elective -I

1) Artificial Intelligence
2) Computer Graphics
3) Software Project Management
4) Speech Processing
5) Principle of Programming Languages

Professional Elective -II

1) Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition
2) Software Testing Methodologies
3) Social Network Analysis
4) Digital Image Processing

Professional Elective -III

1) Design Patterns
2) Advance Databases
3) Mobile Computing
4) Business Intelligence & Big data

Professional Elective -IV

1) Information Retrieval Systems
2) Adhoc and sensor Networks
3) Embedded Systems
4) Natural Language Processing

Professional Elective -V

1) Ethical Hacking
2) Web Mining
3) Bioinformatics
4) Simulation and Modeling

OPEN ELECTIVE- I		
S.No.	**Subject**	**Offering Department**
1	Disaster Management	Civil Engineering
2	Non – Conventional Power Generation	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
3	Electrical Engineering Materials	
4	Nano-Technology	
5	Operations Research	Mechanical Engineering
6	Basics of Thermodynamics	
7	Fabrication Processes	
8	Electronic Measuring Instruments	Electronics & Communication Engineering
9	OOPS through JAVA	Computer Science & Engineering
10	Computer Graphics	
11	Engineering Materials	Metallurgical Engineering
12	Metallurgy for Non Metallurgists	
13	Industrial Pollution Control Engineering	Chemical Engineering

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

OPEN ELECTIVE- II		
S.No.	**Subject**	**Offering Department**
1	Estimation, Quantity Survey & Valuation	Civil Engineering
2	Design Estimation and Costing of Electrical Systems	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
3	Energy Storage Systems	
4	Mechatronics	
5	Jet propulsion and Rocket Engineering	Mechanical Engineering
6	Ergonomics	
7	Mechatronics	
8	Principles of Electronic Communications	Electronics & Communication Engineering
9	Cyber Security	Computer Science & Engineering
10	Database Management Systems	
11	Corrosion Engineering	Metallurgical Engineering
12	Testing of Materials	
13	Solid Waste Management	Chemical Engineering

OPEN ELECTIVE- III		
S.No.	**Subject**	**Offering Department**
1	Environmental Impact Assessment	Civil Engineering
2	Entrepreneur Resource Planning	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
3	Management Information Systems	
4	Organizational Behavior	
5	Fundamentals of Robotics	Mechanical Engineering
6	Non-Conventional Energy Sources	
7	Aspects of Heat Transfer in Electrical/Electronically controlled units	
8	Principles of Computer Communications and Networks	Electronics & Communication Engineering
9	Web technologies	Computer Science & Engineering
10	Simulation & Modeling	
11	Surface Engineering	Metallurgical Engineering
12	Nano Materials	
13	Industrial Safety & Hazard Management	Chemical Engineering

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

MATHEMATICS – I
(Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

Objectives:
- To train the students thoroughly in mathematical concepts of ordinary differential equations and their applications.
- To prepare students for lifelong learning and successful careers using mathematical Concepts of differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus.
- To develop the skill pertinent to the practice of the mathematical concepts including the students abilities to formulate and modeling the problems, to think creatively and to synthesize information.

Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- become familiar with the application of differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations and vector calculus to engineering problems.
- attain the abilities to use mathematical knowledge to analyze, formulate and solve problems in engineering applications.

UNIT–I: Differential calculus (12 lectures)
Rolle's Mean value Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem – Cauchy's mean value Theorem – (all theorems without proof but with geometrical interpretations), verification of the Theorems and testing the applicability of these theorem to the given function.
Curve tracing – Equations given in Cartesian, polar and parametric forms.
Functions of several variables – Functional dependence- Jacobian- Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables with constraints and without constraints-Method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT–II: Improper Integrals, Multiple Integration (12 lectures)
Gamma and Beta Functions –Relation between them, their properties – evaluation of improper integrals using Gamma / Beta functions.
Multiple integrals – double and triple integrals – change of order of integration- change of variables (polar, cylindrical and spherical) .

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Finding the area of a region using Double integration and volume of a region in space using triple integration.

UNIT–III: Vector Calculus (12 lectures)
Vector Calculus: Scalar point function and vector point function, Gradient- Divergence- Curl and their related properties, - Laplacian operator, Line integral – Work done – Surface integrals –Volume integral. Green's Theorem, Stoke's theorem and Gauss's Divergence Theorems (Statement & their Verification). Solenoidal and irrotational vectors, Finding potential function.

UNIT–IV: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations (10 lectures)
Linear and exact differential equations
Applications of first order differential equations – Newton's Law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories and electrical circuits

UNIT-V: Higher Order Ordinary Differential Equations (10 lectures)
Linear, homogeneous and non- homogeneous differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients. Non-homogeneous term of the type e^{ax}, Sin ax, Cos ax, and x^n, $e^{ax}V(x)$, $x^n V(x)$. Method of variation of parameters. Applications: Bending of beams, Electrical circuits and simple harmonic motion.

Text books:
1) HIGHER ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY B S GREWAL, KHANNA PUBLICATIONS.
2) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ERWIN KREYSZIG, WIELY PUBLICATIONS.
3) VECTER ANALYSIS BY GHOSG & MAITY, NEW CENTRAL BOOK AGENCY.

References:
1) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY SRIMANTAPAL & SUBODH C. BHUNIA, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS.
2) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY PETER V O'NEIL, CENGAGE LEARNING.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

ENGLISH

1. INTRODUCTION:

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire communicative competence, the syllabus has been designed to develop linguistic and communicative competencies of Engineering students. The prescribed books and the exercises are meant to serve broadly as students' handbooks.

In the English classes, the focus should be on the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking and for this the teachers should use the text prescribed for detailed study. For example, the students should be encouraged to read the texts/selected paragraphs silently. The teachers can ask comprehension questions to stimulate discussion and based on the discussions students can be made to write short paragraphs/essays etc.

The text for non-detailed study is for extensive reading/reading for pleasure. Hence, it is suggested that they read the topics selected for discussion on their own in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each section, as also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind for example, from newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material, etc. *However, the stress in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills.*

2. OBJECTIVES:

a. To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with emphasis on LSRW skills.
b. To equip the students to study academic subjects more effectively using the theoretical and practical components of the English syllabus.
c. To develop the study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

1. Use of English Language - written and spoken.
2. Enrichment of comprehension and fluency
3. Gaining confidence in using language in verbal situations.

SYLLABUS:

Listening Skills:

Objectives

1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate the role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening, so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them, to distinguish between them, to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

Speaking Skills:

Objectives

1. To make students aware of the role of speaking in English and its contribution to their success.
2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts.
   - Oral practice
   - Describing objects/situations/people
   - Role play – Individual/Group activities (Using exercises from the five units of the prescribed text: ***Skills Annexe–Functional English for Success)***
   - Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions.

Reading Skills:

Objectives

1. To develop an awareness in the students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.
2. To develop the ability of students to guess the meanings of words from context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences, etc.
   - Skimming the text
   - Understanding the gist of an argument
   - Identifying the topic sentence
   - Scanning
   - Inferring lexical and contextual meaning
   - Understanding discourse features
   - Recognizing coherence/sequencing of sentences

NOTE: *The students will be trained in reading skills using the prescribed text for detailed study.*
They will be examined in reading and answering questions using 'unseen' passages which may be taken from authentic texts, such as magazines/newspaper articles.

Writing Skills:
Objectives

1. To develop an awareness in the students about writing as an exact and formal skill
2. To equip them with the components of different forms of writing, beginning with the lower order ones.
   - Writing sentences
   - Use of appropriate vocabulary
   - Paragraph writing
   - Coherence and cohesiveness
   - Narration / description
   - Note Making
   - Formal and informal letter writing
   - Describing graphs using expressions of comparison

TEXTBOOKS PRESCRIBED:

In order to improve the proficiency of the student in the acquisition of the four skills mentioned above, the following texts and course content, divided into **Five Units**, are prescribed:

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

For Detailed study: **First Textbook:** ***"Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success***", Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

For Non-detailed study
Second Textbook ***"Epitome of Wisdom",*** Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

- The course content and study material is divided into **Five Units.**

Unit –I

1. Chapter entitled '***Wit and Humour***' from '**Skills Annexe' - Functional English for Success**, Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
2. Chapter entitled **'*Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya'*** from ***"Epitome of Wisdom",*** Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

   L - Listening for Sounds, Stress and Intonation
   S - Greeting and Taking Leave, Introducing Oneself and Others (Formal and Informal Situations)
   R - Reading for Subject/ Theme- ***The Palm Islands*** from Epitome of Wisdom is for **Reading Comprehension**
   W - Writing Paragraphs
   G - Types of Nouns and Pronouns
   V - Homonyms, Homophones & Homographs

Unit –II

1. Chapter entitled "***Cyber Age"*** from "***Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success***" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad.
2. **Report Writing (First & Second Textbooks)**
   L - Listening for themes and facts
   S - Apologizing, interrupting, requesting and making polite conversation
   R- Reading for theme and gist- The 1 Thing Every Business Executive Must Understand about Social Media by Dave Kerpen from Skills Annexe is for **Reading Comprehension**
   W - Describing people, places, objects, events
   G - Verb forms
   V - Noun, Verb, Adjective and Adverb

Unit –III

1. Chapter entitled ***'Risk Management'*** from ***"Skills Annexe - Functional English for Success"*** Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
2. Chapter entitled ***'Leela's Friend'*** by R.K. Narayan from ***"Epitome of Wisdom",*** Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
   - L - Listening for main points and sub-points for note taking
   - S - Giving instructions and directions; Speaking of hypothetical situations
   - R - Reading for details- *Sivakasi: Who to Blame for the Frequent Fire Accidents in India's Largest Fireworks Industry Hub?* by Amrutha Gayathri from Skills Annexe & *Forensic Science* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
   - W - Note-making, Information transfer, Punctuation
   - G - Present tense
   - V - Synonyms and Antonyms

Unit –IV

1. **Letter Writing – Writing formal letters, letter of application along with curriculum vitae (First & Second Textbooks)**
2. Chapter entitled ***'The Last Leaf'*** from ***"Epitome of Wisdom",*** Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
   - L - Listening for specific details and information
   - S - Narrating, expressing opinions and telephone interactions
   - R - Reading for specific details and information- *What I Cherish Most* by V. S. Srinivasa Sastri from Skills Annexe & *Choose How to Start Your Day* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
   - W - Writing e-mails
   - G - Past and Future tenses
   - V - Vocabulary - Idioms and Phrasal verbs

Unit –V

1. Chapter entitled '***Sports and Health'*** from ***"Skills Annexe - Functional English for Success***" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
2. Chapter entitled ***'The Convocation Speech'*** by N.R. Narayanmurthy' from ***"Epitome of Wisdom",*** Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad
   - L - Critical Listening and Listening for speaker's tone/ attitude
   - S - Group discussion and Making presentations
   - R - Critical reading, reading for reference - *Benefits of Physical Activity* from Skills Annexe & *What is meant by Entrepreneurship?* from Epitome of Wisdom are for **Reading Comprehension**
   - W - Project proposals; Project Reports and Research Papers
   - G - Adjectives, Prepositions and Concord
   - V - Collocations and Technical vocabulary, Using words appropriately

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

- **Exercises from the texts not prescribed shall be used for classroom tasks.**

REFERENCES:

1. Effective Technical Communication, M Ashraf Rizvi, Tata Mc Graw – Hill.
2. Murphy's English Grammar with CD, Murphy, Cambridge University Press.
3. Contemporary English Grammar Structures and Composition by David Green, MacMillan Publishers, New Delhi. 2010.
4. Technical Communication, Meenakshi Raman, Oxford University Press
5. Practical English Usage, Michael Swan, Oxford University Press
6. Innovate with English: A Course in English for Engineering Students, edited by T Samson, Foundation Books.
7. English Grammar Practice, Raj N Bakshi, Orient Longman.
8. Technical Communication by Daniel Riordan. 2011. Cengage Publications. New Delhi.
9. Handbook of English Grammar& Usage, Mark Lester and Larry Beason, Tata Mc Graw –Hill.
10. Spoken English, R.K. Bansal & JB Harrison, Orient Longman.
11. Grammar Games, Renuvolcuri Mario, Cambridge University Press.
12. Everyday Dialogues in English, Robert J. Dixson, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.,
13. ABC of Common Errors Nigel D Turton, Mac Millan Publishers.
14. Basic Vocabulary Edgar Thorpe & Showick Thorpe, Pearson Education
15. An Interactive Grammar of Modern English, Shivendra K. Verma and Hemlatha Nagarajan , Frank Bros & CO

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JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem	L	T	P	C
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COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES

Prerequisites:
There are no prerequisites for this course, except that anyone who wants to learn C should have analytical skills and logical reasoning.

Objectives:
1. This course starts from the basics of computers and program development.
2. It covers various concepts of C programming language
3. It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
4. It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
1. Develop C programs for computing and real life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings; and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
2. Implement searching and sorting algorithms

UNIT - I
Introduction to Computers – Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer Languages, Creating and running programs, Software Development Method, Algorithms, Pseudo code, flow charts, applying the software development method.

Introduction to C Language – Background, Simple C programs, Identifiers, Basic data types, Variables, Constants, Input / Output, Operators. Expressions, Precedence and Associatively, Expression Evaluation, Type conversions, Bit wise operators, Statements, Simple C Programming examples.

UNIT – II
Statements – if and switch statements, Repetition statements – while, for, do-while statements, Loop examples, other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, Simple C Programming examples.
Designing Structured Programs- Functions, basics, user defined functions, inter function communication, Scope, Storage classes-auto,

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

register, static, extern, scope rules, type qualifiers, recursion- recursive functions, Preprocessor commands, example C programs

UNIT – III
Arrays and Strings – Concepts, using arrays in C, inter function communication, array applications, two – dimensional arrays, multidimensional arrays, C program examples. Concepts, C Strings, String Input / Output functions, arrays of strings, string manipulation functions, string / data conversion, C program examples.

Pointers – Introduction (Basic Concepts), Pointers for inter function communication, pointers to pointers, compatibility, memory allocation functions, array of pointers, programming applications, pointers to void, pointers to functions, command –line arguments.

UNIT - IV
Derived types – Structures – Declaration, definition and initialization of structures, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, pointers to structures, self referential structures, unions, typedef, bit fields, enumerated types, C programming examples.

Input and Output – Concept of a file, streams, standard input / output functions, formatted input / output functions, text files and binary files, file input / output operations, file status functions (error handling), C program examples.

UNIT – V
Sorting and Searching selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort, linear and binary search methods.

Data Structures – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education.
3. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. C & Data structures – P. Padmanabham, Third Edition, B.S. Publications.
2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, dreamtech Press
3 Programming in C – Stephen G. Kochan, III Edition, Pearson Eductaion.
4. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
5. Data Structures using C – A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI
6. C Programming & Data Structures,E.Balagurusamy,TMH.
7. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press
8. C & Data structures – E V Prasad and N B Venkateswarlu, S.Chand & Co.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Pre-requisites: Nil

Course objectives:

- To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing.
- To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects.
- To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Preparing working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING :

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid,
Involute. Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.

UNIT- II

ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS:

Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines
Projections of Plane regular geometric figures.—Auxiliary Planes.

UNIT – III

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views.

UNIT – IV

Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere.
Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone

UNIT – V

ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS :

Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts.

Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions

Auto CAD: Basic principles only

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
2. Engineering Drawing and Graphics Rane and Shah/ Pearson Edu.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Drawing / Dhawan R K / S. Chand
2. Engineering Graphics With Auto CAD / James D Bethune / Pearson Edu.
3. Engineering Graphics / K R Mohan / Dhanpat Rai.
4. Text book on Engineering Drawing / KL Narayana/ P Kannaih/ Scitech

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
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ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Prerequisites : NIL

Objectives:

- Creating the awareness about environmental problems among students.
- Imparting basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- Developing an attitude of concern for the environment.
- Motivating students to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Identify and analyze environmental problems as well as the risks associated with these problems
- Understand what it is to be a steward in the environment
- Studying how to live their lives in a more sustainable manner

UNIT- I

MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES:

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

NATURAL RESOURCES : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems - Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. - Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

UNIT - II

ECOSYSTEMS : Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

a. Forest ecosystem
b. Grassland ecosystem
c. Desert ecosystem
d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

UNIT - III

BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION : Introduction - Definition: genetic, species andecosystem diversity. - Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT - IV

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

a. Air pollution
b. Water pollution
c. Soil pollution
d. Marine pollution
e. Noise pollution
f. Thermal pollution
g. Nuclear hazards

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and
industrial wastes. - Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case
studies. - Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT - V

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT : From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management - Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

problems and concerns. Case Studies -Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. - Wasteland reclamation. –Consumerism and waste products. - Environment Protection Act. -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. -Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act -Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme. -Environment and human health. -Human Rights. -Value Education. -HIV/AIDS. -Women and Child Welfare. -Role of information Technology in Environment and human health. –Case Studies.

FIELD WORK : Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River /forest grassland/hill/mountain -Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/industrial/ Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds. -Study of simple cosystemspond,
river, hill slopes, etc.

TEXT BOOK:

1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.,UniversitiesPress
2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE:

1. Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M. Anji Reddy, BS Publication.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Week 1:

1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1.
   Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
3. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
4. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

Week 2:

5. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
6. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
7. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
8. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,*, /, % and use Switch Statement)

Week 3:

9. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
10. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
    i) Addition of Two Matrices
    ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

Week 4:

11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
    i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
    ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
12. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

13. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or – 1 if S doesn't contain T.
14. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Week 5:

15. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
16. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
17. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:
    $1+x+x^2+x^3+\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots+x^n$
    For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.
    Print x, n, the sum
    Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if n<0, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also illegal ? If so, test for them too.

Week 6:

18. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.
19. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

Week 7:

20. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
    i) Reading a complex number
    ii) Writing a complex number
    iii) Addition of two complex numbers
    iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers
    (Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

Week 8:

21. i) Write a C program which copies one file to another.
    ii) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
    (Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)
22. i) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
    ii) Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

Week 9:

23. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
    i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion
    iv) Traversal

Week 10:

24. Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using
    i) Arrays ii) Pointers
25. Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using
    i) Arrays ii) Pointers

Week 11:

26. Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
    i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort

Week 12:

27. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
    i) Linear search ii) Binary search

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
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ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarises the students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

Objectives

- To facilitate computer-aided multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- To sensitise the students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in their pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- To improve the fluency in spoken English and neutralize mother tongue influence
- To train students to use language appropriately for interviews, group discussion and public speaking

Learning Outcomes

- Better Understanding of nuances of language through audio- visual experience and group activities
- Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- Speaking with clarity and confidence thereby enhancing employability skills of the students

SYLLABUS

English Language Communication Skills Lab shall have two parts:

a. **Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab**
b. **Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab**

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language Communication Skills Lab**

Exercise – I

CALL Lab: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants
ICS Lab: Ice-Breaking activity and JAM session

Articles, Prepositions, Word formation- Prefixes & Suffixes, Synonyms & Antonyms

Exercise – II
CALL Lab: Structure of Syllables - Past Tense Marker and Plural Marker – Weak Forms and Strong Forms - Consonant Clusters.
ICS Lab: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Self-introduction and Introducing Others – Greetings – Apologies – Requests – Social and Professional Etiquette - Telephone Etiquette.
Concord (Subject in agreement with verb) and Words often misspelt-confused/misused

Exercise - III
CALL Lab: Minimal Pairs- Word accent and Stress Shifts- Listening Comprehension.
ICS Lab: Descriptions- Narrations- Giving Directions and guidelines.
Sequence of Tenses, Question Tags and One word substitutes.

Exercise – IV
CALL Lab: Intonation and Common errors in Pronunciation.
ICS Lab: Extempore- Public Speaking
Active and Passive Voice, –Common Errors in English, Idioms and Phrases

Exercise – V
CALL Lab: Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence and Conversation Practice
ICS Lab: Information Transfer- Oral Presentation Skills
Reading Comprehension and Job Application with Resume preparation.

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

1. **Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:**
   The Computer aided Language Lab for 40 students with 40 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self- study by learners.
   System Requirement (Hardware component):
   Computer network with Lan with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:
   i) P – IV Processor
      a) Speed – 2.8 GHZ
      b) RAM – 512 MB Minimum
      c) Hard Disk – 80 GB
   ii) Headphones of High quality

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

2. **Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab :**
   The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V., a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

Suggested Software:

- **Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.**
- **Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley**
- **Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley**
- Clarity Pronunciation Power – Part I
- Clarity Pronunciation Power – part II
- **Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8th Edition**
- ***DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.***
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech
- TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
- **English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge**
- **English Pronunciation in Use** (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press
- Raman, M & Sharma, S. 2011. Technical Communication, OUP
- Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata. 2011. Communication Skills, OUP

SUGGESTED READING:

1. Rama Krishna Rao, A. *et al. English Language Communication Skills – A Reader cum Lab Manual Course Content and Practice.* Chennai: Anuradha Publishers
2. Suresh Kumar, E. & Sreehari, P. 2009. *A Handbook for English Language Laboratories.* New Delhi: Foundation
3. *Speaking English Effectively* 2nd Edition by Krishna Mohan and N. P. Singh, 2011. Macmillan Publishers India Ltd. Delhi.
4. Sasi Kumar, V & Dhamija, P.V. *How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interviews.* Tata McGraw Hill
5. Spoken English: A Manual of Speech and Phonetics by R. K. Bansal & J. B. Harrison. 2013. Orient Blackswan. Hyderabad.
6. *English Pronunciation in Use. (Elementary, Intermediate & Advance).* Cambridge: CUP
7. Chris Redston, Gillie Cunningham, Jan Bell. *Face to Face* (2nd Edition). Cambridge University Press
8. Nambiar, K.C. 2011. *Speaking Accurately. A Course in International Communication.* New Delhi : Foundation

9. Soundararaj, Francis. 2012. *Basics of Communication in English. New Delhi: Macmillan*
10. A textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students by T. Balasubramanian (Macmillan)

DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

English Language Laboratory Practical Examination:

1. The practical examinations for the English Language Laboratory shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.
2. For the Language lab sessions, there shall be a continuous evaluation during the year for 30 sessional marks and 70 semester-end Examination marks. Of the 30 marks, 20 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The year- end Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned with the help of another member of the staff of the same department of the same institution.

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JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem	L	T	P	C
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ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

Pre-requisites: **Practical skill**

Objectives:

- To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipments and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipment and machines.
- To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.
- To understanding the computer hardware and practice the Assembly of computer parts.
- To practice the process of Installation of operating system windows.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Better understanding the process of assembly of computer parts and installation of different software's.
- Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including pluming, fitting, carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

I. TRADES FOR EXERCISES :
(Any **six** trades from the following with minimum of **two** exercises in each trade)
1. Carpentry
2. Fitting
3. Tin-Smithy
4. Black Smithy
5. House-wiring
6. Foundry
7. Plumbing

II. Trades for Demonstration & Exposure
1. Demonstration of power tools & wiring
2. Welding
3. Machine Shop

III. **IT Workshop I:** Computer hardware, identification of parts, Disassembly, Assembly of computer to working condition, simple diagnostic exercises.

IT Workshop II: Installation of operating system windows and linux simple diagnostic exercises.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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MATHEMATICS – II
(Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

Objectives:
- Our emphasis will be more on conceptual understanding and application of Fourier series, Fourier, Z and Laplace transforms and solution of partial differential equations.

Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- gains the knowledge to tackle the engineering problems using the concepts of Fourier series, various transforms and partial differential equations.

UNIT–I: Linear ODE with variable coefficients and series solutions (8 lectures)
Equations reducible to constant coefficients-Cauchy's and Legendre's differential equations. Motivation for series solutions, Ordinary point and Regular singular point of a differential equation, Transformation of non-zero singular point to zero singular point. Series solutions to differential equations around zero, Frobenius Method about zero.

Unit-II: Special Functions (8 lectures)
Bessel's Differential equation, Bessel functions properties: – Recurrence relations, Orthogonality, Generating function, Trigonometric expansions involving Bessel functions.

UNIT–III: Laplace Transform (8 lectures)
Definition of Integral transform. Domain of the function and Kernel for the Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of standard functions, first shifting Theorem, Laplace transform of functions when they are multiplied or divided by "t". Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions. – Unit step function – second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function, Periodic function – Inverse Laplace transform by Partial fractions(Heaviside method) Inverse Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied or divided by "s", Inverse Laplace Transforms of

derivatives and integrals of functions, Convolution theorem-solving differential equations by Laplace transforms

UNIT – IV: Fourier series and Fourier Transforms (8 lectures)

Definition of periodic function. Fourier expansion of periodic functions in a given interval of length, 2π, Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series of even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions.

Fourier integral theorem – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transforms – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – properties – inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

UNIT-V: Partial Differential Equations (10 lectures)

Introduction and Formation of partial differential equation by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and non-linear equations (Charpit's method).

Method of separation of variables for second order equations. Applications of Partial differential equations- one dimensional wave equation., Heat equation.

Text books:

1) HIGHER ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY B S GREWAL, KHANNA PUBLICATIONS.
2) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ERWIN KREYSZIG, WIELY PUBLICATIONS

References:

1) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY SRIMANTAPAL & SUBODH C. BHUNIA, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS.
2) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY PETER V O'NEIL, CENGAGE LEARNING

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem	L	T	P	C
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BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Pre-requisite: Nil

Objectives:

- To introduce the concept of electrical circuits and its components.
- To introduce the characteristics of various electronic devices.
- To impart the knowledge of various configurations, characteristics and applications of electrical & electronic components.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- To analyze and solve electrical circuits using network laws and theorems.
- To design & analyse various circuits using electronic components viz. diodes, transistors & other special purpose devices.

UNIT- I ELECTRICAL and SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS

Electrical Circuits: R-L-C Parameters, Voltage and Current, Independent and Dependent Sources, Source Transformation – V-I relationship for passive elements, Kirchoff's Laws, Network reduction techniques – series, parallel, series-parallel, star-to-delta, delta-to-star transformation, Nodal Analysis,

Single Phase AC Circuits: R.M.S. and Average values, Form Factor, steady state analysis of series, parallel and series-parallel combinations of R, L and C with sinusoidal excitation, concept of reactance, impedance, susceptance and admittance – phase and phase difference, Concept of power factor, j-notation, complex and polar forms of representation.

UNIT- II RESONANCE and NETWORK THEOREMS

Resonance: Series resonance and Parallel resonance circuits, concept of bandwidth and Q factor, Locus Diagrams for RL, RC and RLC Combinations for Various Parameters.

Network Theorems: Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer, Superposition, Reciprocity, Tellegen's, Millman's and Compensation theorems for DC and AC excitations.

UNIT- III P-N JUNCTION DIODE & DIODE CIRCUITS

P-N Junction Diode: Diode equation, Energy Band diagram, Volt-Ampere characteristics, Temperature dependence, Ideal versus practical, Static and dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Load line analysis, Diffusion and Transition Capacitances.

Rectifiers and Filters: P-N junction as a rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier, Ripple Factor - Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in Rectifier Circuits, Filters – Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L- section Filters, π- section Filters.

UNIT- IV BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR

Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Amplifying Action, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector configurations.

Transistor Biasing And Stabilization - Operating point, DC & AC load lines, Biasing - Fixed Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector to Emitter feedback bias, Voltage divider bias, Bias stability, Stabilization against variations in V_{BE} and β, Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors.

Transistor Configurations: BJT modeling, Hybrid model, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-parameters, Comparison of CE, CB and CC configurations.

UNIT- V JUNCTION FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR & SPECIAL PURPOSE DEVICES

Junction Field Effect Transistor: Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Pinch-Off Voltage, Volt-Ampere Characteristic, Comparison of BJT and FET, Small Signal Model, Biasing FET.

Special Purpose Devices: Breakdown Mechanisms in Semi-Conductor Diodes, Zener diode characteristics, Use of Zener diode as simple regulator, Principle of operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (With help of Energy band diagram) and Varactor Diode, Principle of Operation of SCR.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, PEI/PHI, 9th Ed, 2006.
2. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits – J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, Satyabratajit, TMH, 2/e, 1998.
3. Engineering circuit analysis- by William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, Mc Graw Hill Company, 6th edition.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to Electronic Devices and Circuits-Rober T. Paynter, Pearson Education.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal Kishore, B.S. Publications, 2nd Edition, 2005.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal – Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 1/e 2009.
4. Linear circuit analysis (time domain phasor and Laplace transform approaches)- 2nd edition by Raymond A. DeCarlo and Pen-Min-Lin, Oxford University Press-2004.
5. Network Theory by N.C.Jagan & C.Lakshminarayana, B.S. Publications.
6. Network Theory by Sudhakar, Shyam Mohan Palli, TMH.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem	L	T	P	C
	3	1	0	3

APPLIED PHYSICS

Prerequisites: Nil

Course Objectives:

The course primarily aims at understanding the behavior of matter in the condensed state and tries to explore the causes with reference to micro level mechanism of the solid matter. The objective of the first chapter is to study the micro level behavior of the quantum particles of the matter and their nature as wave and particle and hence to estimate the statistics of the phenomenon arising out of their nature of existence. The second chapter aims at to assess the draw backs of the free electron theory leading to the introduction of the Band Theory of Solids. In the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and tenth chapters the different natures of the solid matter are taken as the main task discuss. In the eighth chapter, it is expected to understand the basic principles behind the coherent artificial light source (LASER) with reference to their construction, mechanism, operation and classification etc. The nineth chapter is explicitly aimed at to study an advanced communication system presently ruling the world throughout i.e. Fiber Optic communication system.

Outcomes:

The understanding of properties of matter is an essential part to utilize them in various applications in different walks of life. In most of the cases, the behavior of matter as solid material body purely depends upon the internal micro level nature, structure and characters. By studying first few chapters the students as graduates can acquire the knowledge of the connection between the micro level behavior of the matter as fundamental particles and the macro level real time characters of the material bodies. The quantum mechanism in phenomena can best be understood and analyzed by estimating the statistics of the phenomena. The study of chapters on Laser and fiber optics forms basis for understanding an advanced communication system. Other chapters establish a strong foundation on the different kinds of characters of several materials and pave a way for them to use in at various technical and engineering applications.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-I

1. **Principles of Quantum & Statistical Mechanics:** Waves and Particles, De Broglie Hypothesis, Matter Waves, Davisson and Germer's Experiment, G.P. Thomson Experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, Schrodinger's Time -Independent Wave Equation, Physical Significance of the Wave Function, Particle in One Dimensional Potential Box.
   Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics (Qualitative).

2. **Electron theory of Metals:** Introduction, Classical Free Electron Theory of metals, Root Mean Square (RMS)velocity, Mean Free Path, Mean collision Time, Drift Velocity, Relaxation Time, Electrical Resistivity, Draw backs of Classical Free Electron Theory, Density of States, Calculation of Fermi energy, Quantum Free Electron Theory, Electron in a periodic Potential, Kronig-Penny Model (Qualitative Treatment), Origin of Energy Band Formation in Solids, Classification of Materials into Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators, Concept of Effective Mass of an Electron.

UNIT-II

3. **Semiconductor Physics:** Position of Fermi Level, Estimation of Carrier concentration in Intrinsic and Extrinsic (p-type & n-type) Semiconductors, Equation of Continuity, Direct and Indirect Band gap Semiconductors, Hall Effect.
4. **Physics of Semiconductor Devices:** Formation of PN Junction, Energy band Diagram and I-V Characteristics of PN Junction Diode, Diode Equation, LED, LCD and Photo Diodes, Solar Cells.

UNIT-III

5. **Dielectric Properties:** Basic definitions, Electronic, Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation Polarizations(Qualitative) and Calculation of Polarizabilities - Internal Fields in Solids, Clausius - Mossotti Equation, Piezo-electricity, Pyro- electricity and Ferro - electricity.
6. **Magnetic Properties:** Basic definitions , Origin of Magnetic Moment, Bohr Magneton, Classification of Dia, Para and Ferro Magnetic Materials on the basis of Magnetic Moment, Domain Theory of Ferro magnetism on the basis of Hysteresis Curve , Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials, Properties of Anti – Ferro and Ferri Magnetic Materials.
7. **Superconductivity:** Introduction to Superconductivity, Properties of Superconductors, Meissner Effect, BCS theory, Type-I and Type –II Superconductors, Magnetic Levitation and Applications of Superconductors.

UNIT-IV

8. **Lasers:** Characteristics of Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated Emission of Radiation, Meta- Stable state, Population Inversion, Lasing Action, Einstein's Coefficients and Relation between them, Ruby Laser, Helium- Neon Laser, Semiconductor Diode Laser and Applications of Lasers.
9. **Fiber Optics:** Principle & construction (structure) of an Optical Fiber, Acceptance Angle, Numerical Aperture, Types of Optical Fibers, Losses in Optical Fibers and Applications of Optical Fibers in communication.

UNIT-V

10. **Nanotechnology:** Origin of Nanotechnology, Nano Scale, Surface to Volume Ratio, Quantum Confinement, Bottom-up Fabrication: Sol-Gel, Precipitation, Combustion Methods; Top-Down Fabrication: Chemical Vapor Deposition, Physical Vapor Deposition, Characterization Techniques(XRD, SEM &TEM) and Applications of Nanotechnology.

Text books:

1. Principles of Physics by Halliday, Resnick, Walker, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 9th Edition.
2. Introduction to Solid State Physics by Charles Kittel, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 7th Edition
3. Engineering Physics by R.K.GAUR & S.L.GUPTA, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
4. Solid State Physics by A J Dekker, MACMILLAN INDIA LTD.

References:

1. Modern Engineering Physics by Dr.K.Vijaya Kumar, Dr. S. Chandralingam, S.CHAND & COMPANY LTD
2. Applied Physics by P.K.Mittal, I K International Publishers
3. Applied Physics by P.K. Palanisamy :Scitech publishers
4. Introduction to Nanotechnology by Charles P.Poole, Jr.Frank J ownes, John Wiley & sons
5. Applied Physics for Engineers by P. Madusudana Rao, Academic Publishing Company
6. Engineering Physics by Sanjay D Jain, Girish G Sahasrbudha: University Press.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Prerequisites: Nil

Course objectives:

To inculcate the basic concepts of Chemistry required to make the student to develop the innovative materials for the development of technological arena. The latest techniques and skills for the treatment of raw water, facing the endanger of corrosion of structures and producing the polymers in varied applications.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- gain knowledge of various skills to control the corrosion of huge structures. The analysis of raw water and its treatment to provide soft water. The technologies to result polymers with multiple applications are understood. The principles of electrochemistry and batteries are clearly understood by the students.

Unit-I: Water and its treatment

Introduction – hardness of water – causes of hardness – types of hardness : temporary and permanent – expression and units of hardness – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications. Steps involved in treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and Ozonization. Boiler feed water and its treatment – Calgon conditioning – Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning – External treatment of water – ion-exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems – Sewage water - COD, BOD definitions and their significance. Treatment of sewage- Steps involved (Primary, secondary & tertiary treatments).

Unit-II: Electrochemistry and corrosion

Electrochemistry: Conductance - Specific, equivalent and molar conductance and their interrelationship . Ionic mobilities – Relationship between ionic conductance and ionic mobilities. Electro Chemical cells - electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes – Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel and glass electrode. Nernst

equation - electrochemical series and its applications.– Concept of concentration cell –Numerical problems.

Corrosion- Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion - mechanism of electrochemical corrosion. Types of corrosion : Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion. Corrosion control methods – Cathodic protection - sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings – methods of application of metallic coatings – Hot dipping , cementation, electroplating of copper, electro less plating of Nickel - Organic coatings: Paints – their constituents and functions.

Unit-III: High Polymers

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerisation – Chain growth (free radical addition mechanism), step growth polymerization, Plastics, fibres and elastomers - definition and characteristics. Plastics – thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, compounding of plastics. Fibre reinforced plastics. Preparation, properties and Engineering applications of PVC, Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon 6:6 and terylene (Dacron); Rubber – Natural rubber , its processing and vulcanization. Elastomers: Preparation, properties and applications of Styrene butadiene, butyl and thiokol rubbers. Conducting polymers – Classification with examples; mechanism of conduction in trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers. Biodegradable polymers – concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and its applications.

Unit-IV: Chemistry of Energy sources

Fuels :Classification of fuels - characteristics of a good fuel . Solid fuels: Coal – Analysis of coal by proximate and ultimate methods. Liquid fuels-Petroleum and its refining. Characteristics and uses of petrol, diesel and kerosene. Synthetic petrol- Fischer-Tropsch's process. Cracking – thermal cracking and catalytic cracking. Fluid bed catalytic cracking, Knocking - octane and cetane numbers. Gaseous fuels – Composition, properties and uses of Natural gas, LPG and CNG .

Combustion – Definition, calorific value, HCV and LCV. Calculation of air quantity required for combustion of a fuel - Numerical problems.

Alternate Energy sources :Biodiesel - trans-esterification - advantages of biodiesel, fuel cells (H_2-O_2 and Methanol –O_2 fuel cell).

Unit-V : Batteries and Materials

Batteries : Cell and battery - Primary battery (dry cell, alkaline cell and Lithium cell). Secondary battery (lead acid, Ni-Cd and lithium ion cell)

Liquid crystal polymers : classification, characteristics and applications.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Insulators- Characteristics and applications of thermal and electrical insulators.

Nanomaterials : Introduction. Preparation of nanomaterials by top down and bottom up approaches. Carbon nano fibres, and fullerenes - Applications of nanomaterials.

Text Books:

1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain & M.Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, (15th Edition, 2005).
2. Engineering Chemistry by B.Rama Devi & Ch.Venkata Ramana Reddy ; Cengage Learning, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpat Rai & Co., New Delhi.(3rd Edition, 2003).
2. Engineering Chemistry by Y. Bharathi Kumari and C. Jyotsna, VGS Booklinks, 2012.
3. Text book of Engineering Chemistry by C P Murthy, C V Agarwal and A. Naidu; B.S.Publications, 2006.
4. Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary and E. Lakshminarayana, Sci tech. Publications Pvt. Ltd., Chennai 2012.
5. Engineering Chemistry by B.Sivasankar, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi 2008.
6. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand Publications, (10th Edition ,2007).

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

ENGINEEERING MECHANICS

Prerequisites: Nil

Objectives:

During this course, students should develop the ability to:

- Work comfortably with basic engineering mechanics concepts required for analyzing static structures
- Identify an appropriate structural system to studying a given problem and isolate it from its environment.
- Model the problem using good free-body diagrams and accurate equilibrium equations
- Identify and model various types of loading and support conditions that act on structural systems.
- Apply pertinate mathematical, physical and engineering mechanical principles to the system to solve and analyze the problem.
- Understand the meaning of centers of gravity (mass)/centroids and moments of Inertia using integration methods.
- Communicate the solution to all problems in an organized and coherent manner and elucidate the meaning of the solution in the context of the problem.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- solve problems dealing with forces in a plane or in space and equivalent force Systems.
- solve beam and cable problems and understand distributed force systems.
- solve friction problems and determine moments of Inertia and centroid using intergration methods.
- understand and know how to solve three-dimension force and moment problems.
- understand and know how to use vector terminology.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION OF ENGINEERING. MECHANICS – Basic concepts System of Forces- Coplanar Forces – Components in Space – Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force System - Equilibrium of System of Forces- Free body diagrams-Direction of Force Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems – Vector cross product- Support reactions different beams for different types of loading – concentrated, uniformly distributed and uniformly varying loading .

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT – II

FRICTION: Types of friction – Limiting friction – Laws of Friction – static and Dynamic Frictions – Angle of Friction –Cone of limiting friction– Friction of wedge, block and Ladder – Screw jack – Differential screw jack - Motion of Bodies**.**

UNIT – III

CENTROID AND CENTER OF GRAVITY: Centrods – Theorem of Pappus- Centroids of Composite figures – Centre of Gravity of Bodies - Area moment of Inertia: – polar Moment of Inertia – Transfer – Theorems - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures.

MOMENT OF INERTIA: Moment of Inertia of Areas and Masses - Transfer Formula for Moments of Inertia - Moment of inertia of composite areas and masses.

UNIT – IV

KINEMATICS: Introduction – Rectilinear motion – Motion with uniform and variable acceleration – Curvilinear motion – Components of motion – Circular motion – Projectiles- Instantaneous centre.

UNIT – V

KINETICS: Kinetics of a particle – D'Alembert's principle – Motion in a curved path – work, energy and power. Principle of conservation of energy – Kinetics of a rigid body in translation, rotation – work done – Principle of work-energy – Impulse-momentum.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics by shames & Rao - Pearson Education.
2. Engineering Mechanics by M.V. Seshagiri rao and Durgaih; University Press.
3. Engineering Mechanics – B. Bhattacharya - Oxford University Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics) by Hibbler; Pearson Education.
2. Engineering Mechanics by Fedrinand L. Singer – Harper Collings Publishers.
3. Engineering Mechanics by A. K. Tayal, Umesh Publication.
4. Engineering Mechanics – G. S. Sawhney, Printice Hall of India.
5. A text book of engineering mechanics by R. K. Bansal; Laxmi publications.
6. Engineering Mechanics by R. S. Khurmi ; S. Chand & Co.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS
(Common to all Branches)

Pre Requisites: NIL

Objectives:

- This course aims at providing the student with the concepts of matrices, numerical techniques and curve fitting.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- analyze engineering problems using the concepts of Matrices and Numerical Methods.

UNIT-I: Matrices and Linear Transformations (8 lectures)

Real matrices – Symmetric, skew – symmetric, orthogonal. Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary Matrices. Idempotent matrix, Finding rank of a matrix by reducing to Echelon and Normal forms. Consistency of system of linear equations (homogeneous and non- homogeneous) using the rank of a matrix.

Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without Proof) – Verification. Finding inverse of a matrix and powers of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Linear dependence and Independence of Vectors. Linear Transformation – Orthogonal Transformation. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a matrix. Properties of Eigen values and Eigen vectors of matrices. Diagonolization of matrix – Quadratic forms upto three variables- Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form, Rank – Positive definite, negative definite – semi definite – index – signature of quadratic form.

UNIT–II: Interpolation and Curve fitting (5 lectures)

Interpolation: Introduction- Errors in Polynomial Interpolation – Finite differences- Forward Differences- Backward differences –Central differences – Symbolic relations and separation of symbols- Difference Equations – Differences of a polynomial-Newton's formulae for interpolation –Interpolation with unevenly spaced points-Lagrange's Interpolation formula. **Curve fitting**: Fitting a straight line –Second degree curve-exponential curve-power curve by method of least squares.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT–III: Numerical techniques (5 lectures)

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations and Linear system of equations.

Introduction – Graphical interpretation of solution of equations .The Bisection Method – The Method of False Position – The Iteration Method – Newton-Raphson Method .

Solving system of non-homogeneous equations by L-U Decomposition method(Crout's Method)Jacobi's and Gauss-Seidel Iteration method

UNIT- IV: Numerical Differentiation, Integration: (5 lectures)

Numerical differentiation, Numerical integration – Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $1/3^{rd}$ and 3/8 Rule , Generalized Quadrature.

UNIT – V: Numerical solutions of First order differential equations (5 lectures)

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series method –Picard's Method of successive Approximation- single step methods-Euler's Method-Euler's modified method, Runge-Kutta Methods.

Text Books:

1) INTRODUCTORY METHODS OF NUMERICAL ANALYSIS BY SS SASTRY
2) NUMERICAL AND STATISTICAL METHODS WITH PROGRAMMING IN C BY SUJATHA SINHA AND SUBHABRADA DINDA, SCITEC PUBLISHERS.
3) NUMERICAL METHODS, PRINCIPLES, ANALYSIS AND ALGORITHMS BY SRIMANTAPAL & SUBODH C. BHUNIA, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS.

References:

1) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ALAN JEFFERY
2) APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS USING MATLAB BY RAO.V.DUKKIPATI, NEW AGE PUBLISHERS
3) NUMERICAL METHODS IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING –APRACTICAL APPROACH BY S.RAJASEKHARAN, S.CHAND PUBLICATIONS

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	0	**0**	**3**	**2**

BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

PART A: ELECTRONIC WORKSHOP PRACTICE (in 3 lab sessions):

1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
3. Study and operation of
   - Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
   - Function Generator
   - Regulated Power Supplies
   - CRO.

PART B: (For Laboratory examination – Minimum of 09 experiments to be conducted)

1. PN Junction diode characteristics A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator
3. Input & Output characteristics of Transistor in CB / CE configuration
4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters
5. Input and Output characteristics of FET in CS configuration
6. Measurement of h-parameters of transistor in CB, CE, CC configurations
7. SCR Characteristics.
8. Verification of KVL and KCL.
9. Serial and Parallel Resonance – Timing, Resonant frequency, Bandwidth and Q-factor determination for RLC network.
10. Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity theorems.
11. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem. Verification on DC, verification on AC with Resistive and Reactive loads.
12. Experimental determination of Thevenin's and Norton's equivalent circuits and verification by direct test.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	0	**0**	**3**	**2**

APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Study of characteristics of LED and LASER sources.
2. Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method.
3. Study of characteristics of p-i-n diode detectors.
4. Determination of frequency of A.C Mains-Sonometer.
5. Torsional pendulum.
6. Energy gap of material of PN- junction.
7. Bending Losses of Fibers & Evaluation of numerical aperture of given fiber.
8. L-C-R circuit.
9. Time constant of an R-C Circuit.
10. Characteristics of solar cell

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	0	**0**	**3**	**2**

COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS LAB
(Common to all Branches)

UNIT- I: Interpolation
Programming Tasks:

A) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given (using Newton's interpolation both forward and backward)
B) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given.(using Lagrange 's interpolation)
C) Write a program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given.(using Gauss interpolation)
(Selection criteria of the interpolation formula are important.)

UNIT- 1I: Curve fitting
Programming Tasks:

A) Write a program to find a line of best fit from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
B) Write a program to find a curve of the form $y = Ae^{Bx}$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
C) Write a program to find a curve of the form $y = Ax^{B}$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
D) Write a program to find a curve of the form $y = Ax^2 + Bx + C$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.

UNIT- 1II: Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations
Programming Tasks:

A) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using bisection method.
(Write this program such that the initial values given to the system are not usable, then the system should ask us to give new set of initial values).
B) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using method of false position(regula false position).
C) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using iteration method.
D) Write a program to find the root of a given equation using Newton Rophson method.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT- IV: Linear system of equations
Programming Tasks:

A) Write a program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using L- U decomposition method.
B) Write a program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using jacobi's method.
C) Write a program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss sidel iteration method.
D) Write a program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss Jordan elimination method.

UNIT-V:Numerical Differentiation, Integration and Numerical solutions of First order differential equations
Programming Tasks:

A) Write a program to evaluate definite integral using trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3rd rule and 3/8th rule.
B) Write a program to solve a given differential equation using Taylor's series.
C) Write a program to solve a given differential equation Euler's and modified Eulers method.
D) Write a program to solve a given differential equation using Ruge-Kutta method.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I -Sem.

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4	1	0	4

MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Prerequisites

1. No prerequisites
2. An understanding of Math in general is sufficient.

Objectives

1. Introduces the elementary discrete mathematics for computer science and engineering.
2. Topics include formal logic notation, methods of proof, induction, sets, relations, algebraic structures, elementary graph theory, permutations and combinations, counting principles; recurrence relations and generating functions.

tcomes

1. Ability to understand and construct precise mathematical proofs
2. Ability to use logic and set theory to formulate precise statements
3. Ability to analyze and solve counting problems on finite and discrete structures
4. Ability to describe and manipulate sequences
5. Ability to apply graph theory in solving computing problems

UNIT-I: Mathematical logic: Introduction, Statements and Notation, Connectives, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for the Statement Calculus, The Predicate Calculus, Inference Theory of the Predicate Calculus.

UNIT-II: Set theory: Introduction, Basic Concepts of Set Theory, Representation of Discreet Structures, Relations and Ordering, Functions.

UNIT-III: Algebraic Structures: Introduction, Algebraic Systems, Semi groups and Monoids, Lattices as Partially Ordered Sets, Boolean Algebra.

UNIT-IV: Elementary Combinatorics: Basics of Counting, Combinations and Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations, Enumerating Combinations and Permutations with Repetitions, Enumerating Permutation with Constrained Repetitions, Binomial Coefficient, The Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, The Principle of Exclusion.

UNIT-V: Graph Theory: Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Sub-graphs, Trees and their Properties, Spanning Trees, Directed Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multi-graphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four-Color Problem.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science: J.P. Tremblay, R. Manohar, McGraw-hill, 1st ed.
2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians: Joe l. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Teodore P. Baker, Prentis Hall of India, 2nd ed.

REFERENCE:

1. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics - an applied introduction: Ralph.P. Grimald, Pearson education, 5th edition.
2. Discrete Mathematical Structures: Thomas Kosy, Tata McGraw Hill publishing co.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem.	L	T	P	C
	4	1	0	4

DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND MICRO PROCESSORS

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the operations of logic gates and flip-flops; combinational and sequential circuits; design of digital circuits and systems; microprocessors and assembly language programming.
2. The topics include Boolean Algebra, Logic Gates, Flip-Flops, 8086 Architecture, Assembly Language Programming

Outcomes

1. Understand how digital circuits are designed.
2. Able to interconnect digital circuits to a microprocessors
3. Able to interpret and write assembly language programs

UNIT 1

Introduction to number systems: Binary codes, code conversion, Basic of Boolean algebra, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean algebra Canonical and standard form of Boolean function, all digital logic gates-map method of minimization of 4 and 5 variable functions, Don't-care map entries

UNIT II

NAND and nor implementation: Design of Binary adders Subtractors, comparator, decoder, encoder, multiplexers and De-multiplexers using gats/CS Introduction to sequential circuits, latches, Flip flops-SR,JK,JK master slave ,D and T type flip flops, Truth tables and excitation tables conversion of flip flops form

UNIT III

Concept of shift register, operation of shift register, its configuration, operation of asynchronous connotes, Design of Synchronous modulo N- connotes, Design and operation of Ring and twisted Ring connotes

UNIT IV

8086 Architecture: functional diagram, Register organization, memory segmentation, programming model, memory addressing, Physical memory organization, signal descriptions of 8086, interrupts of 8086

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT V

Instruction set and Assembly language programming of 8086: instruction formats, addressing models, Instruction set, simple programs involving logical, Branch all instructions, Solving, String manipulations

Text Books:

1. Switching theory and logic design –A. Anand Kumar PHI,2013
2. Advanced microprocessor & Pieperar-A. K. Ray and K.M. Bherchandavi, TMH, 2nd edition.

References:

1. Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi ,Niraj K.Jha Cambridge ,3rd edition
2. Digital Design –Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd edition
3. Microprocessor and Interfacing –Douglas V. Hall, TMGH 2nd edition.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem.

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures

Objectives

1. Introduces the basic concepts of Abstract Data Types.
2. Reviews basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
3. Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
4. Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms

tcomes

1. Ability to select the data structures that effeciently model the information in a problem.
2. Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
3. Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
4. Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.

Unit I:

Review of basic data structures: The list, Stack, Queue, Implementation Using C.

Dictionaries: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations - insertion, deletion and searching.

Unit II:

Hash table representation: hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing, and comparison of hashing and skip lists.

Priority Queues – Definition, Realizing a Priority Queue using Heaps, Definition, insertion, Deletion.

Unit III:

Search Trees: Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black, Splay Trees, B-Tree of order m, height of a B-Tree, insertion, deletion and searching, Comparison of Search Trees.

UNIT-IV:

Graphs: Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

Sorting: Quick sort, Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort, Multiway merge, Polyphase merge.

Unit V:

Pattern matching and Tries: Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of data structures in c, 2nd edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, University Press
2. Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms, N. Sridhar, R. Siva Ranjini, SMS Education, New Delhi, India.

REFERENCES:

1. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education
2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press
3. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd edition, R.F.Gilberg and B.A.Forouzan, Cengage Learning.
4. Introduction to data structures in c, 1/e Ashok Kamthane
5. Data structures using c – A.S.Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	4	**1**	**0**	**4**

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures"

Objectives

1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading
5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings

Outcomes

1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

UNIT I:

Object oriented thinking and Java Basics- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

UNIT II:

Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance-specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism-method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces, Exploring java.io.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT III:

Exception handling and Multithreading-- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes. String handling,Exploring java.util.Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication, thread groups, daemon threads. Enumerations, auto boxing, annotations, generics.

UNIT IV:

Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

UNIT V:

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Java the complete reference, 7th editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Eduction.

REFERENCES:

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch,
2. John Wiley & sons.
3. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
4. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development,
5. R.A. Johnson- Thomson.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	**1**	**0**	**4**

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

Prerequisites

No prerequisites

Co-requisite

A Course on "Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors"

Objectives

1. The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
2. It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
3. Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, micro programmed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

Outcomes

1. Understand the basics of instructions sets and their impact on processor design.
2. Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
3. Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory.
4. Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.
5. Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers

UNIT I

Digital Computers: Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

Register Transfer Language and Micro operations: Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

Basic Computer Organization and Design: Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT II

Micro Programmed Control: Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit.

Central Processing Unit: General Register Organization, STACK organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.

UNIT III

Data Representation: Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

Computer Arithmetic: Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.

UNIT IV

Input-Output Organization: Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP).

Memory Organization: Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

UNIT V

Reduced Instruction Set Computer: CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing.

Multi Processors: Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Inter processor arbitration, Inter processor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.

Text Books:

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI.

Reference:

1. Computer Organization – Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky, Vth Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
3. Structured Computer Organization – Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. II Semester **L T/P/D C**

(Common to All Branches)

(Code no.) GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB
(An Activity-based Course)

Objectives of the Course:

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Unit-I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER

Gender: Why Should We Study It? (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -1)
Socialization: Making Women, Making Men (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -2)
Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

Unit – II: GENDER AND BIOLOGY

Missing Women: Sex Selection and Its Consequences (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -4)
Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences.
Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -10)
Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

Unit – III: GENDER AND LABOUR

Housework: the Invisible Labour (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -3)
"My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."
Women's Work: Its Politics and Economics (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -7)
Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Reading: Wages and Conditions of Work.

Unit – IV: ISSUES OF VIOLENCE

Sexual Harassment: Say No! (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -6)
Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: "*Chupulu".*
Domestic Violence: Speaking Out (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -8)
Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading: New Forums for Justice.
Thinking about Sexual Violence (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -11)
Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life…." - Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

Unit – V: GENDER : CO-EXISTENCE

Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -12)
Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Essential Reading: All the Units in the Textbook, "*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender"* written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu.

Note: Since it is Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

Reference Books:

1. Sen, Amartya. "More than One Million Women are Missing." New York Review of Books 37.20 (20 December 1990). Print. '*We Were Making History…' Life Stories of Women in the Telangana People's Struggle*. New Delhi: Kali for Women, 1989.

2. Tripti Lahiri. "By the Numbers: Where Indian Women Work." *Women's Studies Journal* (14 November 2012) Available online at: http:// blogs.wsj.com/ India real time/2012/11/14/by –the-numbers-where-Indan-women-work/>

3. K. Satyanarayana and Susie Tharu (Ed.) Steel Nibs Are Sprouting: New Dalit Writing From South India, Dossier 2: Telugu And Kannada http://harpercollins.co.in/BookDetail.asp?Book_Code=3732

4. Vimala. "Vantillu (The Kitchen)*". Women Writing in India: 600 BC to the Present. Volume II*: The 20th Century. Ed. Susie Tharu and K. Lalita. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1995. 599-601.

5. Shatrughna, Veena et al. *Women's Work and its Impact on Child Health and Nutrition*, Hyderabad, National Institute of Nutrition, Indian Council of Medical Research. 1993.

6. Stree Shakti Sanghatana. *"We Were Making History ….' Life Stories of Women in the Telangana People's Struggle*. New Delhi: Kali for Women, 1989.

7. Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

8. Jayaprabha, A. "Chupulu (Stares)". *Women Writing in India: 600BC to the Present. Volume II*: The 20th Century Ed. Susie Tharu and K. Lalita. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1995. 596-597.

9. Javeed, Shayan and Anupam Manuhaar. "Women and Wage Discrimination in India: A Critical Analysis." *International Journal of Humanities and Social Science Invention* 2.4(2013)

10. Gautam, Liela and Gita Ramaswamy. "A 'conversation' between a Daughter and a Mother." *Broadsheet on Contemporary Politics*. Special Issue on *Sexuality and Harassment: Gender Politics on Campus Today*. Ed. Madhumeeta Sinha and Asma Rasheed. Hyderabad: Anveshi Research Center for Women's Studies, 2014.

11. Abdulali Sohaila. "*I Fought For My Life…and Won*."Available online at: http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/

12. Jeganathan Pradeep, Partha Chatterjee (Ed). "*Community, Gender and Violence Subaltern Studies XI*". Permanent Black and Ravi Dayal Publishers, New Delhi, 2000

13. K. Kapadia. The *Violence of Development: The Politics of Identity, Gender and Social Inequalities in India.* London: Zed Books, 2002

14. S. Benhabib. *Situating the Self: Gender, Community, and Postmodernism in Contemporary Ethics,* London: Routledge, 1992

15. Virginia Woolf. *A Room of One's Own.* Oxford: Black Swan. 1992.

T. Banuri and M. Mahmood,* Just Development: Beyond Adjustment with a Human Face, *Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1997

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	0	**0**	**3**	**1**

DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND MICRO PROCESSOR LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the operations of logic gates and flip-flops; combinational and sequential circuits; design of digital circuits and systems; microprocessors and assembly language programming.
2. The topics include Boolean Algebra, Logic Gates, Flip-Flops, 8086 Architecture, Assembly Language Programming

Outcomes

1. Understand how digital circuits are designed.
2. Able to interconnect digital circuits to a microprocessors
3. Able to interpret and write assembly language programs

Digital Logic Design Lab:

1. Implement of Logic gates using NAND and NOR gates
2. Design Full adder using gates
3. Design and implement of 4:1 MUX,8:1 MUX using gates /Ics.
4. Design and Implement of 3 to 8 decoder using gates
5. Design of 4 bit comparator using gates/IC
6. Design of Implement of 4 bit shift register using Flip flops
7. Design and Implement of Decode counter
8. Design and Implement of Asynchronous counter.

Computer Organization & Micro Processor Lab

Write assembly language programs for the following using MASAM.

1. Write assembly language programs to evaluate the expressions:
   i) a = b + c –d * e
   ii) z = x * y + w – v +u / k

a. Considering 8-bit, 16 bit and 32 bit binary numbers as b, c, d, e.
b. Considering 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers.

Take the input in consecutive memory locations and results also Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

2. Write an ALP of 8086 to take N numbers as input. And do the following operations on them.
   a. Arrange in ascending and descending order.
3. Find max and minimum

a. Find average

Considering 8-bit, 16 bit binary numbers and 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers. Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.

4. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format)and do the following Operations on it.
   a. Find the length
   b. Find it is Palindrome or n
5. Find whether given string substring or not.
   a. Reverse a string
   b. Concatenate by taking another sting

   Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086.
6. Write the ALP to implement the above operations as procedures and call from the main procedure.
7. Write an ALP of 8086 to find the factorial of a given number as a Procedure and call from the main program which display the result.

Text Books:

1. Switching theory and logic design –A. Anand Kumar PHI,2013
2. Advanced microprocessor & Pieperar-A. K. Ray and K. M. Bherchandavi, TMH, 2nd edition.

References:

1. Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi, Niraj K.Jha Cambridge ,3rd edition
2. Digital Design –Morris Mano, PHI, 3rd edition
3. Microprocessor and Interfacing –Douglas V. Hall, TMGH 2nd edition.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	0	**0**	**3**	**2**

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH C LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on Computer Programming & Data Structures"

Objectives

1. Introduces the basic concepts of Abstract Data Types.
2. Reviews basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
3. Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.
4. Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms

Outcomes

1. Ability to select the data structures that efficiently model the information in a problem.
2. Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
3. Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
4. Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.

1. Write C programs to implement the following using an array.
   a) Stack b) Queue
2. Write C programs to implement the following using a singly linked list.
   a) Stack b) Queue
3. Write C programs to implement the deque (double ended queue) using a doubly linked list and an array.
4. Write a C program to perform the following operations:
   a) Insert an element into a binary search tree.
   b) Delete an element from a binary search tree.
   c) Search for a key element in a binary search tree.
5. Write C programs that use non-recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in
   a) Preorder b) Inorder and c) Postorder.
6. Write C programs for the implementation of BFS and DFS algorithms.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

7. Write C programs for implementing the following sorting methods:
   a) Merge sort b) Heap sort
8. Write a C program to perform the following operations
   a) Insertion into a B-tree b) Deletion from a B-tree
9. Write a C program to perform the following operations
   a) Insertion into an AVL-tree b) Deletion from an AVL-tree
10. Write a C program to implement all the functions of a dictionary using hashing.
11. Write a C program for implementing Knuth-Morris- Pratt pattern matching algorithm.
12. Write a C program for implementing Boyer – Moore Patten matching algorithm

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd edition, R.F.Gilberg and B.A.Forouzan, Cengage Learning
2. Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms, N. Sridhar, R. Siva Ranjini, SMS Education, New Delhi, India.

REFERENCES:

1. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education
2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press
3. Data Structures Using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson education.
4. Introduction to Data Structures in C, 1/e Ashok Kamthane

Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2nd Edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem.

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OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming & Data Structures”

Co-requisite

1. A Course on “Object-Oriented Programming Through Java”

Objectives

1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading
5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings

Outcomes

1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

Use Eclipse or Netbean platform and get acquainted with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.

1) Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box. [Use JOption Pane – Input dialog, Message dialog]

2) Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method printArea () that prints the area of the given shape.

3) Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.

4) Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.

5) Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with “Stop” or “Ready” or “Go” should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.

6) Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -, *, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divide by zero

7) a) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.
   b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial value and returns it in another text field, when the button named “Compute” is clicked.
8) Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a Java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.

9) Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).

10) Implement the above program with the database instead of a text file.

11) Write a Java program that prints the meta-data of a given table

Text Books:

1. Java Fundamentals – A comprehensive Introduction, Herbert Schildt and Dale Skrien, TMH.

References:

1. Java for Programmers, P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, Pearson education (OR) Java: How to Program P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, PHI.
2. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P. Radha Krishna, University Press.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	L	T	P	C
	3	1	0	3

COMPUTER ORIENTED SATISTICAL METHODS

Prerequisites

1. No prerequisites

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the concepts of probability and statistics so that a student gains an appreciation for the diverse applications of statistics and its relevance to their lives and fields of study.
2. Topics include: probability, random variables and distributions, correlation and regression, sampling distribution, testing of hypothesis for large samples and small samples, queuing theory and stochastic processes

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of probability and random variables.
2. The ability to classify the types of random variables and calculate the mean and variance.
3. The ability to choose an appropriate model (either the Binomial Distribution or Poisson distribution) and find mean and variance of the distribution.
4. Demonstrate the ability to apply the inferential methods relating to the means of Normal Distributions.
5. Be able to explain multiple random variables and find covariance of two random variables.
6. Be able to calculate the correlation and regression for the given data.
7. Understand the concept of sampling distribution of statistics and in particular describe the behavior of the sample mean.
8. Understand the foundation for classical inference involving confidence interval and hypothesis testing. Apply the testing of hypothesis for large samples and small samples.

9. Describe the queuing system, mean arrival and service rates. Calculate expected queue length and waiting lines.
10. Define a random process, Markov chain and stochastic matrix and limiting probabilities. Calculate the gambler ruin for the given data.

UNIT-I: Introduction to Statistics and Data Analysis: Overview: Statistical Inference, Samples, Populations, and the Role of Probability, Sampling Procedures; Collection of Data, Measures of Location: The Sample Mean and Median, Measures of Variability, Discrete and Continuous Data, Statistical Modeling, Scientific Inspection, and Graphical Diagnostics, General Types of Statistical Studies: Designed Experiment, Observational Study, and Retrospective Study.

Probability: Sample Space, Events, Counting Sample Points, Probability of an Event, Additive Rules, Conditional Probability, Independence, and the Product Rule, Bayes' Rule, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

UNIT-II: Random Variables and Probability Distributions: Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions, Joint Probability Distributions, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

Mathematical Expectation: Mean of a Random Variable, Variance and Covariance of Random Variables, Means and Variances of Linear Combinations of Random Variables, Chebyshev's Theorem, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

Some Discrete Probability Distributions: Introduction and Motivation, Binomial and Multinomial Distributions, Hyper geometric Distribution, Negative Binomial and Geometric Distributions, Poisson Distribution and the Poisson Process, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

UNIT-III: Some Continuous Probability Distributions: Continuous Uniform Distribution, Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial, Gamma and Exponential Distributions, Chi-Squared Distribution, Beta Distribution, Lognormal Distribution, Weibull Distribution (Optional), Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Functions of Random Variables (Optional): Introduction, Transformations of Variables, Moments and Moment-Generating Functions.

UNIT-IV: Fundamental Sampling Distributions and Data Descriptions: Random Sampling, Some Important Statistics, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, Sampling Distribution of S^2, t –Distribution, F-Distribution, Quantile and Probability Plots, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

One and Two-Sample Estimation Problems: Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation, Single Sample: Estimating the Mean, Standard Error of a Point Estimate, Prediction Intervals, Tolerance Limits, Two Samples: Estimating the Difference between Two Means, Paired Observations, Single Sample: Estimating a Proportion, Two Samples: Estimating the Difference between Two Proportions, Single Sample: Estimating the Variance, Two Samples: Estimating the Ratio of Two Variances, Maximum Likelihood Estimation (Optional) Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

One and Two-Sample Tests of Hypotheses: Statistical Hypotheses: General Concepts, Testing a Statistical Hypothesis, The Use of P-Values for Decision Making in Testing Hypotheses, Single Sample: Tests Concerning a Single Mean, Two Samples: Tests on Two Means, Choice of Sample Size for Testing Means, Graphical Methods for Comparing Means, One Sample: Test on a Single Proportion, Two Samples: Tests on Two Proportions, One- and Two-Sample Tests Concerning Variances, Goodness-of-Fit Test, Test for Independence (Categorical Data), Test for Homogeneity, Two-Sample Case Study, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

UNIT-V: Multiple Linear Regression and Certain Nonlinear Regression Models: Introduction, Estimating the Coefficients, Linear Regression Model Using Matrices, Properties of the Least Squares Estimators, Inferences in Multiple Linear Regression, Choice of a Fitted Model through Hypothesis Testing, Special Case of Orthogonality (Optional), Categorical or Indicator Variables, Sequential Methods for Model Selection, Cross Validation, Cp, and Other Criteria for Model Selection, Special Nonlinear Models for Non ideal Conditions, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

Factorial Experiments (Two or More Factors): Introduction, Interaction in the Two-Factor Experiment, Two-Factor Analysis of Variance, Three-Factor Experiments, Factorial Experiments for Random Effects

and Mixed Models, Potential Misconceptions and Hazards; Relationship to Material in Other Chapters.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Probability & statistics for engineers & scientists: **Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye**, 9th ed. Pearson pub.

REFERENCE:

1. Fundamentals of probability and statistics for engineers: **T. T. Soong,** *john wiley & sons, ltd, 2004.*

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Advanced Data Structures”

Objectives

1. Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms.
2. Introduces the data structure disjoint sets.
3. Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic programming, greedy, branch and bound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate;
4. Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average-, and best-case analysis.
5. Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the problems that are P, NP and NP complete.

Outcomes

1. Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms
2. Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application
3. Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods impact the performance of programs

UNIT I:

Introduction: Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis. **Divide and conquer**: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen’s matrix multiplication.

UNIT II:

Disjoint Sets: Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, spanning trees. **Backtracking**: General method, applications –n-queen problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles, connected components and bi connected components.

UNIT III:

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Traveling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT IV:

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

UNIT V:

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem - LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharan, University Press.

References:

1. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
2. Introduction to Algorithms, Second Edition, T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C.Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tamassia, John Wiley and Sons.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) II Year II-Sem.	L	T	P	C
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FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science"

Objectives

1. Introduces the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
2. Topics include finite automata, regular expressions, regular languages and their properties, context-free grammars, context-free languages and their properties, pushdown automata, Turing machines and un decidability.

Outcomes

1. Gain proficiency in classifying machines by their power in recognizing languages.
2. Learn to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
3. Comprehend the hierarchy of problems arising in computing

Unit I

Introduction to Finite Automata. Structural Representations. Automata and Complexity. The Central Concepts of Automata Theory Alphabets. Strings. Languages. Problems.
Deterministic Finite Automata. Definition of a Deterministic Finite Automaton. How a DFA Processes Strings. Simpler Notations for DFA's. Extending the Transition Function to Strings. The Language of a DFA
Nondeterministic Finite Automata .Definition of Nondeterministic Finite Automata. The Extended Transition Function. The Language of an NFA. Equivalence of Deterministic and Nondeterministic Finite Automata. An Application: Text Search. Finding Strings in Text. Nondeterministic Finite Automata for Text Search. A DFA to Recognize a Set of Keywords. Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions. Uses of e-Transitions. The Formal Notation for an e-NFA. Epsilon-Closures .Extended Transitions and Languages for e-NFA's. Eliminating e-Transitions.

UNIT II

Regular Expressions: The Operators of Regular Expressions. Building Regular Expressions. Precedence of Regular-Expression Operators. Finite Automata and Regular Expressions. From DFA's to Regular Expressions. Converting DFA's to Regular Expressions by Eliminating States. Converting Regular Expressions to Automata. Applications of Regular Expressions. Regular Expressions in UNIX. Lexical Analysis. Finding Patterns in Text. Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions. Associativity and Commutativity. Identities and Annihilators. Distributive Laws. The Idempotent Law. Laws Involving Closures. Discovering Laws for Regular Expressions.

The Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages. Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages. Applications of the Pumping Lemma

Closure Properties of Regular Languages. Closure of Regular Languages Under Boolean Operations. Reversal. Homomorphisms. Inverse Homomorphisms. Decision Properties of Regular Languages. Converting Among Representations. Testing Emptiness of Regular Languages. Testing Membership in a Regular Language.

Equivalence and Minimization of Automata. Testing Equivalence of States. Testing Equivalence of Regular Languages. Minimization of DFA's.

UNIT III

Context-Free Grammars: Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar. Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations. The Language of a Grammar. Sentential Forms. Parse Tress. Constructing Parse Trees. The Yield of a Parse Tree. Inference, Derivations, and Parse Trees. From Inferences to Trees. From Trees to Derivations. From Derivations to Recursive Inferences. Applications of Context-Free Grammars. Parsers. The YACC Parser-Generator. Mark-up Languages. XML and Document-Type Definitions.

Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages. Ambiguous Grammars. Removing Ambiguity From Grammars. Leftmost Derivations as a Way to Express Ambiguity. Inherent Ambiguity.

Push Down Automata: Definition of the Pushdown Automaton. The Formal Definition of Pushdown Automata. A Graphical Notation for PDA's. Instantaneous Descriptions of a PDA. The Languages of a PDA. Acceptance by Final State. Acceptance by Empty Stack. From Empty Stack to Final State. From Final State to Empty Stack Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's. From Grammar to Pushdown

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Automata. From PDA's to Grammars. Deterministic Pushdown Automata. Definition of a Deterministic PDA. Regular Languages and Deterministic PDA's. DPDA's and Context-Free Languages. DPDA's and Ambiguous Grammars.

UNIT IV

Normal Forms for Context-Free Grammars. Eliminating Useless Symbols. Computing the Generating and Reachable Symbols. Eliminating e-Productions. Eliminating Unit Productions. Chomsky Normal Form.

The Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages. The Size of Parse Trees. Statement of the Pumping Lemma. Applications of the Pumping Lemma for CFL's.

Closure Properties of Context-Free Languages. Substitutions. Applications of the Substitution Theorem. Reversal. Intersection with a Regular Language, Inverse Homomorphism, Decision Properties of CFL's. Complexity of Converting among CFG's and PDA's. Running

Introduction to Turing Machines.

Problems That Computers Cannot Solve. Programs The Turing Machine. Notation for the Turing Machine. Instantaneous Descriptions for the Turing Machines. Transition Diagrams for Turing Machines. The Language of a Turing Machine. Turing Machines and Halting. Programming Techniques for Turing Machines. Storage in the State. Multiple Tracks. Shifting Over. Multiple Turing Machines. Equivalence of One-Tape and Multi-tape Nondeterministic Turing Machines. Restricted Turing Machine Turing Machines With Semi-infinite Tapes. Multi-stack Machines. Counter Machines. The Power of Counter Machines. Turing Machines and Computers. Simulating a Turing Machine by Computer. Simulating a Computer by a Turing Machine.

UNIT V

Undecidability: A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable. Enumerating the Binary Strings. Codes for Turing Machines .The Diagonalization Language. An Undecidable Problem That is RE. Recursive Languages. Complements of Recursive and RE Languages. The Universal Language. Undecidability of the Universal Language. Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines. Reductions. Turing Machines that Accept the Empty Language. Rice's Theorem and Properties of the RE Languages. Problems about Turing-Machine Specifications. Post's Correspondence

Problem. Definition of Post's Correspondence Problem. The "Modified" PCP.Completion of the Proof of PCP Undecidability. Other Undecidable Problems. Problems about Programs.

Intractable Problems: The Classes *P* and *NP*. Problems Solvable in Polynomial Time. An Example: Kruskal's Algorithm. Nondeterministic Polynomial Time. An NP Example: The Traveling Salesman Problem. Polynomial-Time Reductions. NP-Complete Problems. An NP-Complete Problem. The Satisfiability Problem Representing SAT Instances NP-Completeness of the SAT Problem.

Additional Classes of Problems: Complements of Languages in *NP*. The Class of Languages Co*NP*.NP-Complete Problems and *NP*. Problems Solvable in Polynomial Space. Polynomial-Space Turing Machines. Relationship of *PS* and *NPS* to Previously Defined Classes. Deterministic and Nondeterministic Polynomial Space. A Problem That Is Complete for *PS*.

Text Book:

1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 2nd Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education

References:

1. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
2. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martic, TMH

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
2. Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

Outcomes

1. Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
2. Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
3. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths.

A Generic view of process: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

Process models: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

UNIT-II:

Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

System models: Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

UNIT-III:

Design Engineering: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model.

Creating an architectural design: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

UNIT-IV:

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

UNIT-V:

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

Quality Management: Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

Text Books:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

References:

1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiely.
2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
3. Fundamentals of object oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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OPERATING SYSTEMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture"

Objectives

1. Provide an introduction to operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection)
2. Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system
3. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, inter process communication and I/O in Unix

Outcomes

1. Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
2. Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computer and their respective roles in computing.
3. Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
4. Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

UNIT I:

Operating System Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multi programmed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.

UNIX/LINUX Utilities - Introduction to Unix file system, vi editor, file handling utilities, security by file permissions, process utilities, disk utilities, networking commands, text processing utilities and backup utilities.

UNIT II:

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling.

System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

UNIT – III:

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

Inter process Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory, semaphores.

UNIT IV

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Performance of Demanding Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

UNIT V:

File System Interface and Implementation -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management, Directory Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance.

Unix/LINUX Files: File structure, directories, files and devices, System calls, library functions, low level file access, usage of open, create, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
2. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley,TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI
4. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
5. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem. **L T P C**
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SCRIPTING LANGUAGES LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Object Oriented Programming through Java”

Objectives

1. This course provides an introduction to the script programming paradigm, and introduces scripting languages such as Perl, PHP and Python.

Outcomes

1. Comprehend the differences between typical scripting languages and typical system and application programming languages.
2. Gain knowledge of the strengths and weakness of Perl, PHP and Python; and select an appropriate language for a solving a giving problem

Practical Extraction Reporting Language (PERL)

1. a) Write a Perl script to find the largest number among three numbers.

b) Write a Perl script to print the multiplication tables from 1-10 using subroutines.

2. Write a Perl program to implement the following list of manipulating functions
    a) Shift
    b) Unshift
    c) Push
3. a) Write a Perl script to substitute a word, with another word in a string.
4. b) Write a Perl script to validate IP address and email address.
5. Write a Perl script to print the file in reverse order using command line arguments

Personal Home Page (PHP).

1. Write a PHP script to print prime numbers between 1-50.
2. PHP script to
    a. Find the length of a string.
    b. Count no of words in a string.
    c. Reverse a string.

d. Search for a specific string.

3. Write a PHP script to merge two arrays and sort them as numbers, in descending order.
4. Write a PHP script that reads data from one file and write into another file.

Python.

1. Write a python program to solve a quadratic equation.
2. a) Write a python program to find the factorial of a number.

b) Write a python program to generate Fibonacci series.

3. Write a python program to make a simple calculator.
4. a). Write a python program to sort words in alphabetical order.
5. b) Write a python program to add two matrices.

Text Books:

1. Programming Perl, 4th edition. Larry Wall, Tom Christiansen, and Jon Orwant. O'Reilly, 2012.
2. Programming PHP, 3rd edition. Rasmus Lerdorf, Kevin Tatroe, and Peter MacIntyre. O'Reilly, 2013.
3. Programming Python, 4th edition. Powerful Object-Oriented Programming. Mark Lutz. O'Reilly, 2010.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB (Using UNIX/LINUX)

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture"

Co-requisite

1. A course on "Operating Systems"

Objectives

1. To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
2. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, inter process communication and I/O in Unix

Outcomes

1. Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management and memory management.
2. Able to write C programs using Unix system calls

Week 1

1. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms:
   a. FCFS b. SJF c. Round Robin d. priority

Week 2

1. Write C programs to illustrate the following system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system:

(fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait)

Week 3

1. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.

Week 4

1. Write a C program to implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.

Weeks 5 &6

1. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms:

   a. Pipes b. FIFOs c. Message queues d. Shared memory

Weeks 7 & 8

1. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniques:

   a. Variable Memory technique b. Fixed Memory Technique c. Paging d. Segmentation

Week 9

1. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system:

(open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)

Weeks 10 & 11

1. Write C programs to simulate the following file organization Techniques:

   a. Single level b. Two level c. Hierarchical d. DAG

Week 12

1. Write C programs to simulate the following file allocation strategies:

   e. Sequential f. Linked g. Indexed

Week 13

1. Write C programs to simulate the following Page Replacement Techniques:

   a. FIFO b. LRU c. Optimal

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W. R. Stevens, Pearson education.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005,
2. Pearson Education/PHI
3. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley,TMH.
4. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI
5. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
6. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
2. A course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

Co-requisite

1. A Course on "Software Engineering"

Objectives

1. To have hands on experience in developing a software project by using various software engineering principles and methods in each of the phases of software development.

Outcomes

1. Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements
2. Ability to generate a high level design of the system from the software requirements
3. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Do the following 8 exercises for any two projects given in the list of sample projects or any other projects:

1) Development of problem statement.
2) Preparation of Software Requirement Specification Document, Design Documents and Testing Phase related documents.
3) Preparation of Software Configuration Management and Risk Management related documents.
4) Study and usage of any Design phase CASE tool
5) Performing the Design by using any Design phase CASE tools.
6) Develop test cases for unit testing and integration testing
7) Develop test cases for various white box and black box testing techniques.

Sample Projects:

1. Passport automation System
2. Book Bank
3. Online Exam Registration
4. Stock Maintenance System
5. Online course reservation system
6. E-ticketing
7. Software Personnel Management System
8. Credit Card Processing
9. E-book management System.
10. Recruitment system

Text Books:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

II Year B.Tech. II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Course Objectives

1. To introduce the basic concepts of universal human values
2. To familiarize the students with desirable business and professional ethics, rights and responsibilities
3. To prepare students against possible gaps and unethical practices in contemporary times
4. To sensitise the students so that they can protect themselves and the organization from the possible professional crime malpractices

Learning Outcomes

1. The students learn about diverse ethical issues rooted in society, trade, business, and environment on local as well as a global platform.
2. The students appreciate their role as a responsible citizen, professional, and as managers, advisors, experts and consultants.
3. The students will reflect and learn major values and ethics from their observations of a spiritual discourse and a visit to a business organization as a practical part of this course.

Unit I Human Values: Morals, values, ethics – integrity – work ethics –service learning –civic virtue – respect for others- living peacefully - Caring –sharing –honesty – courage –valuing time – cooperation – commitment –empathy – self-confidence –spirituality – character- Mini-Cases

Unit II Professional Ethics: Profession- and professionalism - Two models of professionalism –Professional etiquette -Three types of Ethics or morality Responsibility in Engineering – Engineering standards –Engineering Ethics – Positive and Negative Faces. Professional Codes and Code of conduct of Institute of Engineers. Mini-cases.

Unit III Professional Responsibilities: Ethical standards Vs Professional Conduct – Zero Tolerance for Culpable Mistakes – Hazards and Risks- Risk benefit analysis– congeniality, collegiality and loyalty. Respect for authority – conflicts of interest –Mini-Cases.

Unit IV Professional Rights: professional rights and employee rights communicating risk and public policy – Whistle blowing - Professionals /engineers as managers, advisors, experts, witnesses and consultants – moral leadership- Regulatory compliances, Monitoring and control- Mini-Cases

Unit V Ethics in global context: Global issues in MNCs- Problems of bribery, extortion, and grease payments – Problem of nepotism, excessive gifts – paternalism – different business practices – negotiating taxes. Mini-Cases.

Mini-projects

Project 1: The student of this course should invariably attend (or watch on internet/any TV channel/ Youtube/ social media) two speeches of 30 minutes duration each dealing with spiritual discourse and submit a report on the contents of the lecture proceedings.

Project 2: Visit any organization (including shops/ hotels or shopping malls in your region) of your choice and observe how the professionals perform the given job with a focus on professional ethics and human values.

References

1. Aryasri, *Human Values and Professional Ethics*, Maruthi Publications.
2. S B George, *Human Values and Professional Ethics,* Vikas Publishing.
3. KR Govindan & Saenthil Kumar:Professional *Ethics and Human Values*, Anuradha Publications.
4. S K Chakraborthy & D.Chakraborthy: *Human Values and Ethics*, Himalaya.
5. M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan, & V.S. Senthilkumar: *Engineering Ethics(Includes Human Values),* HI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi – 110001

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech.(CSE) III Year I-Sem

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COMPUTER NETWORKS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Design and Analysis of Algorithms”

Objectives

1. The objective of the course is to equip the students with a general overview of the concepts and fundamentals of computer networks.
2. Familiarize the students with the standard models for the layered approach to communication between machines in a network and the protocols of the various layers.
3. The following topics are included: Reference models, the physical layer (transmission media); the data link layer (error detection and correction, point-to-point protocols); the medium access layer protocols; the network layer (routing algorithms, congestion control); internetworking (addressing, internetwork routing and protocols, quality of service); the transport layer (connection-oriented transport layer services and protocols); application layer protocols

Outcomes

1. Gain the knowledge of the basic computer network technology.
2. Gain the knowledge of the functions of each layer in the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.
3. Obtain the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.
4. Familiarity with the essential protocols of computer networks, and how they can be appled in network design and implementation.

UNIT-I

Network hardware, Network software, OSI, TCP/IP Reference models, Example Networks: ARPANET, Internet.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission media: twisted pairs, coaxial cable, fiber optics, Wireless transmission.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-II

Data link layer: Design issues, framing, Error detection and correction.

Elementary data link protocols: simplex protocol, A simplex stop and wait protocol for an error-free channel, A simplex stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.

Sliding Window protocols: A one-bit sliding window protocol, A protocol using Go-Back-N, A protocol using Selective Repeat, Example data link protocols.

Medium Access sub layer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols: ALOHA, Carrier sense multiple access protocols, collision free protocols. Wireless LANs, Data link layer switching.

UNIT-III

Network Layer: Design issues, Routing algorithms: shortest path routing, Flooding, Hierarchical routing, Broadcast, Multicast, distance vector routing, Congestion Control Algorithms, Quality of Service, Internetworking, The Network layer in the internet.

UNIT –IV

Transport Layer: Transport Services, Elements of Transport protocols, Connection management, TCP and UDP protocols.

UNIT –V

Application Layer –Domain name system, SNMP, Electronic Mail; the World WEB, HTTP, Streaming audio and video.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. J. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav,2nd Edition, Pearson Education
2. Data Communications and Networking – Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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COMPILER DESIGN

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Formal Languages and Automata Theory”
2. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”

Objectives

1. Introduce the major concepts of language translation and compiler design and impart the knowledge of practical skills necessary for constructing a compiler.
2. Topics include phases of compiler, parsing, syntax directed translation, type checking use of symbol tables, code optimization techniques, intermediate code generation, code generation and data flow analysis.

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate the ability to design a compiler given a set of language features.
2. Demonstrate thE knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
3. Acquire skills in using lex tool & yacc tool for developing a scanner and parser.
4. Design and implement LL and LR parsers
5. Design algorithms to do code optimization in order to improve the performance of a program in terms of space and time complexity.
6. Design algorithms to generate machine code.

Unit 1

Introduction: The structure of a compiler, the science of building a compiler, programming language basics

Lexical Analysis: The Role of the Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Recognition of Tokens, The Lexical-Analyzer Generator Lex, Finite Automata, From Regular Expressions to Automata, Design of a Lexical-Analyzer Generator, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers.

Unit II

Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context-Free Grammars, Writing a Grammar, Top-Down Parsing, Bottom-Up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, More Powerful LR Parsers, Using Ambiguous Grammars and Parser Generators.

Unit III

Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's, Applications of Syntax-Directed Translation, Syntax-Directed Translation Schemes, and Implementing L-Attributed SDD's.

Intermediate-Code Generation: Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code, Types and Declarations, Type Checking, Control Flow, Switch-Statements, Intermediate Code for Procedures.

Unit IV

Run-Time Environments: Stack Allocation of Space, Access to Nonlocal Data on the Stack, Heap Management, Introduction to Garbage Collection, Introduction to Trace-Based Collection.

Code Generation: Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The Target Language, Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, A Simple Code Generator, Peephole Optimization, Register Allocation and Assignment, Dynamic Programming Code-Generation.

Unit V

Machine-Independent Optimization: The Principal Sources of Optimization, Introduction to Data-Flow Analysis, Foundations of Data-Flow Analysis, Constant Propagation, Partial-Redundancy Elimination, Loops in Flow Graphs.

Text Book:

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffry D. Ullman.

References:

1. lex & yacc – John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O’reilly
2. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson..

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"

Objectives

1. To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
2. To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
3. Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

Outcomes

1. Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
2. Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
3. Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
4. Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

UNIT I:

Database System Applications: database system Vs. file system, view of data, data abstraction, instances and schemas, data models, the ER model, relational model, other models, database languages, DDL, DML, database access for application programs, database users and administrator, transaction management, database system structure, storage manager, the query processor, history of data base systems, data base design and ER diagrams, beyond ER design entities, attributes and entity sets, relationships and relationship sets, additional features of ER model, concept design with the ER Model, conceptual design for large enterprises.

UNIT II:

Introduction to the Relational Model: integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views, form of basic SQL query, examples of basic SQL queries, introduction to nested queries, correlated nested queries, set comparison operators, aggregation operators, NULL values, comparison using null values, logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, impact on SQL constructs, outer joins, disallowing NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases, Oracle, SQL Server, DB2.

UNIT III:

Relational Algebra: Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

Schema refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, dependency preserving decomposition, schema refinement in database design, multi valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

UNIT IV:

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity.

Recovery and Atomicity, Log–Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

UNIT V:

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

Text Books:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

References:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education

3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, the X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. I-Sem

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MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Aim:

1. To understand the concepts and importance of economics in managerial problems
2. To understand the basic financial management concepts including the principles of financial analysis

Learning outcomes:

- Students will be able to apply the principles of economics for managerial decisions.
- The students will be able to analyse the financial position of a company with the techniques of financial accounting and ratio analysis

Unit I Introduction & Demand Analysis: Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. *Elasticity of Demand*: Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. *Demand Forecasting*- methods of demand forecasting.

Unit II Production & Cost Analysis: *Production Function* – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Break-even Analysis (BEA)-Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance.

Unit III Markets & Forms of Business Organisations: Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition and Monopoly. Price-Output Determination in case of Perfect Competition and Monopoly. *Pricing*: Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. *Business:* Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Limited companies.

Unit IV Capital Budgeting: Methods and sources of raising capital - Capital Budgeting: Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method,

Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

Unit V Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis: Accounting concepts and Conventions -Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). *Financial Analysis***:** Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability ratios.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH,.
2. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao Managerial Ecoconomics & Financial Analysis, Cengage.
3. J. V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers,

REFERENCES:

1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson,
3. Lipsey & Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson,.
4. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting—A Managerial Perspective, PHI, 2012.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

Co-requisites

1. Co-requisite of course “Database Management Systems”

Objectives

1. Introduce ER data model, database design and normalization
2. Learn SQL basics for data definition and data manipulation

Outcomes

1. Design database schema for a given application and apply normalization
2. Acquire skills in using SQL commands for data definition and data manipulation.
3. Develop solutions for database applications using procedures, cursors and triggers

List of Experiments:-

1) Concept design with E-R Model
2) Relational Model
3) Normalization
4) Practicing DDL commands
5) Practicing DML commands
6) Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
7) Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
8) Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger)
9) Procedures
10) Usage of Cursors

Text Books:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

References:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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COMPILER DESIGN LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Formal Languages and Automata Theory”
2. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”

Co-requisite

1. A course on “Compiler Design”

Objectives

1. To provide practical programming skills necessary for constructing a compiler.

Outcomes

1. Ability to design a compiler given a set of language features.
2. Ability to use the knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
3. Able to use lex tool & yacc tool to develop a scanner & parser.
4. Design and implement LL(1), SLR, LR(1), LALR and operator precedence parsers
5. Generation of machine code

List of Experiments:-

1. Design a DFA to accept all strings containing a substring(01)
2. Write a LEX Program to scan reserved word & Identifiers of C Language
3. Write a LEX Program to scan integers as Float Numbers in C Language
4. Implement Predictive Parsing algorithm
5. Implement RD Parser for the Grammar

   S->AB

   A->a/E

   B->b/E
6. Write a C program to generate three address code.
7. Implement SLR(1) Parsing algorithm

8. Write a YACC program to parse the Strings.

Text Books:

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools: Alfred V.Aho,Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman; Pearson Education
2. Modern Compiler Implementation in C- Andrew N. Appel, Cambridge University Press.

References:

1. lex & yacc – John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
2. Modern Compiler Design- Dick Grune, Henry E. Bal, Cariel T. H. Jacobs, Wiley dreamtech.
3. Engineering a Compiler-Cooper & Linda, Elsevier.
4. Compiler Construction, Louden, Thomson..

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B.Tech(CSE) III Year I-Sem

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COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"
2. A course on "Design and Analysis of Algorithms"

Co-requisite

1. A course on "Computer Networks"

Objectives

1. Intended to provide practical exposure of the concepts in computer networks.
2. Provide hands on experience of designing, modeling, and evaluation of computer networks

Outcomes

1. Implement data link layer framing methods.
2. Implement error correction and detection techniques.
3. Implement data link layer protocols
4. Implement routing and congestion algorithms
5. Implement encryption algorithms
6. Able to create a scenario and study the performance of computer networks and protocols

1. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character-stuffing and bit stuffing.
2. Write a program to compute CRC code for the polynomials CRC-12, CRC-16 and CRC CCIP
3. Develop a simple data link layer that performs the flow control using the sliding window protocol, and loss recovery using the Go-Back-N mechanism.
4. Implement Dijsktra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network
5. Take an example subnet of hosts and obtain a broadcast tree for the subnet.
6. Implement instance vector routing algorithm for obtaining routing tables at each node.
7. Implement data encryption and data decryption.
8. Using a simulation software
   i. Create a scenario and study the performance of CSMA/CD protocol

ii. Create a scenario and study the performance of token bus and token ring
iii. Study Transmission Control Protocol

TEXT BOOK:

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. J. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav,2nd Edition,Pearson Education
2. Data Communications and Networking – Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem. **L T P C**
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DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATAMINING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Database Management Systems”
2. Knowledge of probability and statistics

Objectives

1. This course presents the techniques for preprocessing data before mining, and describes the concepts related to data warehousing, On-Line Analytical Processing (OLAP), and data generalization.
2. It also presents methods for mining frequent patterns, associations, and correlations.
3. It then describes methods for data classification and prediction, and data-clustering approaches.

Outcomes

1. Examine the types of the data to be mined and present a general classification of tasks and primitives to integrate a data mining system.
2. Apply preprocessing statistical methods for any given raw data.
3. Devise efficient and cost effective methods for designing and maintaining data warehouses.
4. Extract interesting patterns from large amounts of data that can be used for further analysis, for example in machine learning and prediction.
5. Discover the role played by data mining in various fields.
6. Choose and employ suitable data mining algorithms to build analytical applications
7. Evaluate the accuracy of supervised and unsupervised models and algorithms.

UNIT-I

Data mining

Data-Types of Data-, Data Mining Functionalities- Interestingness Patterns-Classification of Data Mining systems- Data mining Task primitives -Integration of Data mining system with a Data warehouse-Major issues in Data Mining-Data Preprocessing.

UNIT-II

Data warehouse and business analysis

Data Warehouse-Data Warehouse Architecture- Multidimensional Data Model-Data cube and OLAP Technology-Data Warehouse Implementation -DBMS schemas for Decision support - Efficient methods for Data cube computation.

UNIT-III

Association rule mining and classification

Mining Frequent Patterns-Associations and correlations- Mining Methods- Mining Various kinds of Association Rules- Correlation Analysis- Constraint based Association mining.-Classification and Prediction- Basic concepts-Decision tree induction-Bayesian classification, Rule-based classification - classification by Back propagation,-Support vector machines-.Associative Classification, Lazy learners-Other classification methods – Prediction.

UNIT-IV

Clustering and applications

Cluster analysis-Types of Data in Cluster Analysis-Categorization of Major Clustering Methods- Partitioning Methods,-Hierarchical Methods- Density-Based Methods,-Grid-Based Methods,-Model-Based Clustering Methods- Clustering high dimensional data-Constraint- Based cluster analysis-Outlier Analysis

UNIT V

Mining data streams, time-series and sequence data

Basic concepts- Mining data streams-Mining Time-series data--Mining sequence patterns in Transactional databases-.Mining Object- Spatial- Multimedia-Text and Web data- Spatial Data mining-Multimedia Data mining--Text Mining- Mining the World Wide Web.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Text Books:

1. Data Mining – Concepts and Techniques - Jiawei Han & Micheline Kamber, Elsevier.
2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining &OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith- Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Tenth reprint 2007

References:

1. Building the Data Warehouse- W. H. Inmon, Wiley Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Data Mining Introductory and Advanced topics–Margaret H Dunham, Pearson Education.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

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WEB TECHNOLOGIES

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Objected-Oriented Programming Through Java”

Objectives

1. To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols
2. To introduce XML and processing of XML data
3. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
4. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP

Outcomes

1. Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites
2. Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
3. Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data
4. Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets and JSP

UNIT I: Introduction

Web Essentials - Clients, Servers and Communication: The Internet, Basic Internet Protocols: TCP/IP, UDP, DNS, The World Wide Web: Hypertext Transport Protocol, HTTP Request Message, HTTP Response Message, Web Clients, Web Servers.

Markup Languages – **HTML**: Basic Tags, Forms, Style sheets

UNIT II: Client-Side Programming

Introduction to JavaScript, JavaScript in Perspective, Basic Syntax, Variables and Data Types, Statements, Operators, Literals, Functions, Objects, Arrays, Built-in Objects, JavaScript Debuggers.

Host Objects - Browsers and the DOM: Introduction to the Document Object Model, Intrinsic Event Handling, Modifying Element Style, The Document Tree, DOM Event Handling.

UNIT III: Server-Side Programming

Java Servlets: Servlet Architecture, Servlets Generating Dynamic Content, Servlet Life Cycle, Parameter Data, Sessions, Cookies, URL Rewriting, Case Study.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT IV: Representing Web Data

XML: XML Documents and Vocabularies, XML Versions and the XML Declaration, XML Namespaces, DOM-Based XML Processing, Event-oriented Parsing: SAX, Transforming XML Documents, Selecting XML Data: XPath, Template-based Transformation: XSLT, Displaying XML Documents in Browsers, Case Study .

UNIT V: Separating Programming and Presentation

JSP Technology: Introduction to JavaServer Pages, Running JSP Applications, Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes and JSP, Tag Libraries and Files, Support for the Model-View-Controller Paradigm, Case Study.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. WEB TECHNOLOGIES: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson, Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., “Internet and World Wide Web How to program”, Pearson International, 2012, 4th Edition.
2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel,”Java How to Program”, Prentice Hall of India, 8th Edition
5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., “Web Technology”, Prentice Hall of India

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Advanced Data Structures”
3. A course on “Design and Analysis of Algorithms”
4. A course on “Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science”

Objectives

1. To learn the distinction between optimal reasoning Vs. human like reasoning
2. To understand the concepts of state space representation, exhaustive search, heuristic search together with the time and space complexities.
3. To learn different knowledge representation techniques.
4. To understand the applications of AI, namely game playing, theorem proving, expert systems, machine learning and natural language processing

Outcomes

1. Ability to formulate an efficient problem space for a problem expressed in natural language.
2. Select a search algorithm for a problem and estimaate its time and space complexities.
3. Possess the skill for representing knowledge using the appropriate technique for a given problem
4. Possess the ability to apply AI techniques to solve problems of game playing, expert systems, machine learning and natural language processing.

UNIT I

Introduction:
AI problems, The Underlying Assumption, AI Techniques, The Level of the Model, Criteria for Success

Problems, Problem Spaces and Search: Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Production Systems, Problem Characteristics, Production System Characteristics, Issues in the Design of Search Programs

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Heuristic Search Techniques:
Generate – and – Test, Hill Climbing, Best – First Search, Problem Reduction, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-Ends Analysis.

UNIT II

Knowledge Representation:
Issues in Knowledge Representation, Representing Simple Facts in Predicate Logic, Representing Instance and ISA Relations, Computable Functions and Predicates, Resolution, Natural Deduction

Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Vs Declarative Knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching, Control Knowledge

Weak Slot – and – Filler Structures: semantic nets, frames

Strong Slot – and – Filler Structures: conceptual dependency, scripts, CYC

UNIT III

Reasoning Techniques: Introduction to Non-monotonic reasoning, Logics for Non-monotonic Reasoning, Implementation Issues, Augmenting a Problem Solver, Implementation of Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Probability and Bayes Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-based Systems, Bayesian Networks.

UNIT IV

Game Playing: Overview, Minimax Search, Alpha – Beta Cutoffs

Planning System: Overview, The Blocks World, Components of a Planning System, Goal Stack Planning, Hierarchical Planning

Understanding: Understanding as constraint satisfaction, Waltz Algorithm

Natural Language Processing: Introduction, Syntactic Processing, Augmented Transition Networks, Semantic Analysis

UNIT V

Learning: What Is Learning? Rote Learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem Solving, Learning from Examples, Winston’s Learning Program, Decision Trees

Expert Systems: Representing and Using Domain Knowledge, Shell, Explanation, Knowledge Acquisition.

Text Books:

1) Artificial Intelligence" 3rd Edn. , E.Rich and K.Knight (TMH)

References:

1) Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Second Edition, Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, PHI/ Pearson Education.
2) Artificial Intelligence and Expert systems – Patterson PHI

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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Professional Elective - I
COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Prerequisites

1. Familiarity with the theory and use of coordinate geometry and of linear algebra such as matrix multiplication.
2. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. The aim of this course is to provide an introduction of fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
2. Topics covered include graphics systems and input devices; geometric representations and 2D/3D transformations; viewing and projections; illumination and color models; animation; rendering and implementation; visible surface detection;

Outcomes

1. Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
2. Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
3. Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms (Bresenham's and DDA Algorithm), mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms

Filled area primitives: Scan-line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

UNIT-II:

2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems

2-D viewing: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland – Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm, Polygon Filling

UNIT-III:

3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

UNIT-IV:

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.

3-D viewing: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

UNIT-V:

Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scan-line, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area sub-division and octree methods

Text Books:

1. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.
3. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

References:

1. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2nd edition.
2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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Professional Elective -I
SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Software Engineering"

Objectives

1. To develop skills in software project management
2. The topics include-software economics; software development life cycle; artifacts of the process; workflows; checkpoints; project organization and responsibilities; project control and process instrumentation;

Outcomes

1. Gain knowledge of software economics, phases in the life cycle of software development, project organization, project control and process instrumentation.
2. Analyze the major and minor milestones, artifacts and metrics from management and technical perspective.
3. Design and develop software product using conventional and modern principles of software project management

UNIT I

Conventional Software Management: The waterfall model, conventional software Management performance.

Evolution of Software Economics: Software economics, pragmatic software cost estimation.

UNIT II

Improving Software Economics: Reducing Software product size, improving software processes, improving team effectiveness, improving automation, Achieving required quality, peer inspections. **The old way and the new:** The principles of conventional software Engineering, principles of modern software management, transitioning to an iterative process.

UNIT III

Life cycle phases: Engineering and production stages, inception, Elaboration, construction, transition phases.

Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets, Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts. **Model based software architectures:** A Management perspective and technical

perspective. **Work Flows of the process:** Software process workflows, Iteration workflows.

UNIT IV

Checkpoints of the process: Major milestones, Minor Milestones, Periodic status assessments. Iterative Process Planning**:** work breakdown structures, planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating, Iteration planning process, Pragmatic planning.

Project Organizations and Responsibilities: Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, evolution of Organizations. Process Automation**:** Automation building blocks, The Project Environment.

UNIT V

Project Control and Process instrumentation: The seven core Metrics, Management indicators, quality indicators, life cycle expectations, pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics automation. Tailoring the Process**:** Process discriminates.

Future Software Project Management: modern Project Profiles, Next generation Software economics, modern process transitions.

Case Study: The command Center Processing and Display system-Replacement (CCPDS-R).

Text Books:

1. Software Project Management, Walker Royce: Pearson Education, 2005.

References:

1. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell: Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
2. Software Project Management, Joel Henry, Pearson Education.
3. Software Project Management in practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson Education.2005.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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Professional Elective -I
SPEECH PROCESSING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Mathematics II”
2. A course on “Computer Oriented Statistical Methods”
3. Generally, a basic knowledge of signals and systems, linear algebra, and probability and statistics and programming experience in a high-level language is required.

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic characteristics of the speech signal with regard to the production and perception of speech by humans.
2. To describe the basic techniques and practical aspects of speech analysis.
3. To present an overview of speech processing applications (such as speech recognition and speaker recognition)
4. The course includes the topics such as speech production, speech analysis, speech enhancement, speech and speaker recognition

Outcomes

1. Ability to understand and describe the mechanisms of speech production.
2. Ability to determine speech sound from the acoustic characteristics.
3. Ability to analyze the speech signal in time and frequency domains, and in terms of the parameters of a source-filter model.
4. Describe and implement methods for speech enhancement.
5. Design a simple speech processing system that recognizes a limited number of isolated words; and a speaker recognition system.

UNIT I: Fundamentals of Digital Speech Processing: Anatomy & Physiology of Speech Organs, The process of Speech Production, Acoustic Phonetics, Articulatory Phonetics, The Acoustic Theory of Speech Production- Uniform Lossless Tube Model, Effect of Losses In Vocal Tract, Effect of Radiation at Lips, Digital Models for Speech

Signals.

UNIT II: Time Domain Models for Speech Processing: Introduction, Window Considerations, Short-Time-Energy and Average Magnitude Short Time Average Zero Crossing Rate, Speech Vs Silence Discrimination Using Energy and Zero Crossing, Pitch Period Estimation using a Parallel Processing Approach, The Short Time Autocorrelation Function, The Short Time Average Magnitude Difference Function, Pitch Period Estimation using The Autocorrelation Function.

UNIT III: Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) Analysis: Basic Principles of Linear Predictive Analysis, The Autocorrelation Method, The Covariance Method, Solution of LPC Equations: Cholesky Decomposition Solution for Covariance Method, Durbin's Recursive Solution For the Autocorrelation Equations, Comparison between the Methods of Solution of the LPC Analysis Equations, Applications of LPC Parameters: Pitch Detection Using LPC Parameters, Formant Analysis Using LPC Parameters.

UNIT IV: Homomorphic Speech Processing: Introduction, Homomorphic Systems for Convolution: Properties of the Complex Cepstrum, Computational Considerations, The Complex Cepstrum of Speech, Pitch Detection, Formant Estimation, The Homomorphic Vocoder

Speech Enhancement: Nature of Interfering Sounds, Speech Enhancement Techniques: Single Microphone Approach: Spectral Subtraction, Enhancement by Re-synthesis, Combo Filter, Wiener Filter, Multi Microphone Approach.

UNIT V: Automatic Speech & Speaker Recognition: Basic Pattern Recognition Approaches, Parametric Representation of Speech, Evaluating the Similarity of Speech Patterns, Isolated Digit Recognition System, Continuous Digit Recognition System

Hidden Markov Model (HMM) For Speech: Hidden Markov Model (HMM) for Speech Recognition, Viterbi algorithm, Training and Testing using HMMS

Speaker Recognition: Recognition techniques, Features That Distinguish Speaker, Speaker Recognition Systems: Speaker Verification System, Speaker Identification System.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: **L.R Rabiner and R W Jhaung**, 1978, Pearson Education.
2. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: **L.R. Rabiner and S. W. Schafer,** Pearson Education.
3. Speech Communications: **Human & Machine - Douglas O'Shaughnessy**, 2nd Ed., Wiley India, 2000.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Discrete Time Speech Signal Processing: Principles and Practice - **Thomas F. Quateri**, 1st Ed., PE.
2. Speech & Audio Signal Processing: **Ben Gold & Nelson Morgan**, 1st Ed., Wiley.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I
PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science"
2. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. Introduce important paradigms of programming languages
2. To provide conceptual understanding of high level language design and implementation
3. Topics include programming paradigms; syntax and semantics; data types, expressions and statements; subprograms and blocks; abstract data types; concurrency; functional and logic programming languages; and scripting languages

Outcomes

1. Acquire the skills for expressing syntax and semantics in formal notation
2. Identify and apply a suitable programming paradigm for a given computing application
3. Gain knowledge of and able to compare the features of various programming languages

UNIT-I

Preliminary Concepts: reasons for studying concepts of programming languages, programming domains, language evaluation criteria, influences on language design, language categories, language design trade-offs, implementation methods, programming environments

Major Programming Languages –LISP, ALGOL-60, COBOL, BASIC, PL/I, APL, SNOBOL, SIMULA67, ALGOL 68, Prolog, Ada, C++, Java, Scripting Languages, C#, Markup/Programming Hybrid Languages.

Syntax and Semantics: general problem of describing syntax and semantics, formal methods of describing syntax attribute grammars, describing the meanings of programs

UNIT-II

Names, Bindings, and Scopes: introduction, names, variables, concept of binding, scope, scope and lifetime, referencing environments, named constants

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Data types: introduction, primitive, character string types, user defined ordinal types, array, associative arrays, record, union, tuple types, list types, pointer and reference types, type checking, strong typing, type equivalence

Expressions and Statements: arithmetic expressions, overloaded operators, type conversions, relational and Boolean expressions, short circuit evaluation, assignment statements, mixed-mode assignment

Control Structures – introduction, selection statements, iterative statements, unconditional branching, guarded commands.

UNIT-III

Subprograms and Blocks: Fundamentals of sub-programs, design issues for subprograms, local referencing environments, parameter passing methods, parameters that are subprograms, calling subprograms indirectly, overloaded subprograms, generic subprograms, design issues for functions, user defined overloaded operators, closures, co routines

Implementing subprograms: general semantics of calls and returns, implementing simple subprograms, implementing subprograms with stack-dynamic local variables, nested subprograms, blocks, implementing dynamic scoping

Abstract Data types: The concept of abstraction, introductions to data abstraction, design issues, language examples, parameterized ADT, encapsulation constructs, naming encapsulations

UNIT-IV

Concurrency: introduction, introduction to subprogram level concurrency, semaphores, monitors, message passing, Java threads, concurrency in function languages, statement level concurrency.

Exception Handling and Event Handling: Introduction, exception handling in Ada, C++, Java, introduction to event handling, event handling with Java and C#.

UNIT-V

Functional Programming Languages: Introduction, mathematical functions, fundamentals of functional programming language, LISP, support for functional programming in primarily imperative languages, comparison of functional and imperative languages

Logic Programming Language: Introduction, an overview of logic programming, basic elements of prolog, applications of logic programming.

Scripting Language: Pragmatics, Key Concepts, Case Study : Python – Values and Types, Variables , Storage and Control, Bindings and Scope, Procedural Abstraction, Data Abstraction, Separate Compilation, Module Library. (Text Book 2)

Text Books:

1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert .W. Sebesta 10/e, Pearson Education.

2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley dreamtech, 2007.

References:

1. Programming Languages, 2nd Edition, A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, TMH.

2. Programming Languages, K. C.Louden, 2nd Edition, Thomson,2003.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II
MACHINE LEARNING AND PATTERN RECOGNITION

Prerequisites

1. Students are expected to have knowledge in linear signals and systems, Fourier Transform, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques; knowledge of Digital Signal Processing is desirable.
2. A course on “Computational Mathematics”
3. A course on “Computer Oriented Statistical Methods”

Objectives

1. This course introduces fundamental concepts, theories, and algorithms for pattern recognition and machine learning.
2. Topics include: Pattern Representation, Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier, Bayes Classifier, Hidden Markov Models, Decision Trees, Support Vector Machines, Clustering, and an application of hand-written digit recognition.

Outcomes

1. Understand the theory, benefits, inadequacies and possible applications of various machine learning and pattern recognition algorithms
2. Identify and employ suitable machine learning techniques in classification, pattern recognition, clustering and decision problems.

UNIT-I: Introduction: What is Pattern Recognition, Data Sets for Pattern Recognition, Different Paradigms for Pattern Recognition.
Representation: Data Structures for Pattern Representation, Representation of Clusters, Proximity Measures, Size of Patterns, Abstractions of the Data Set, Feature Extraction, Feature Selection, Evaluation of Classifier, Evaluation of Clustering.

UNIT-II: Nearest Neighbor Based Classifier: Nearest Neighbor Algorithm, Variants of the NN Algorithm use of the Nearest Neighbor

Algorithm for Transaction Databases, Efficient Algorithms, Data Reduction, Prototype Selection.

Bayes Classifier: Bayes Theorem, Minimum Error Rate Classifier, Estimation of Probabilities, Comparison with the NNC, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Network.

UNIT-III: Hidden Markov Models: Markov Models for Classification, Hidden Markov Models, Classification using HMMs.

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree for Pattern Classification, Construction of Decision Trees, Splitting at the Nodes, Over-fitting and Pruning, Examples of Decision Tree Induction.

UNIT-IV: Support Vector Machines: Introduction, Learning the Linear Discriminant Functions, Neural Networks, SVM for Classification.

Combination of Classifiers: Introduction, Methods for Constructing Ensembles of Classifiers, Methods for Combining Classifiers.

UNIT-V: Clustering: Why is Clustering Important, Hierarchical Algorithms, Partitional Clustering, Clustering Large Data Sets.

An Application-Hand Written Digit Recognition: Description of the Digit Data, Pre-processing of Data, Classification Algorithms, Selection of Representative Patterns, Results.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Pattern Recognition: An Algorithmic Approach: Murty, M. Narasimha, Devi, V. Susheela, Spinger Pub,1st Ed.

REFERENCES:

1. Machine Learning - Mc Graw Hill, Tom M. Mitchell.
2. Fundamentals Of Speech Recognition: Lawrence Rabiner and Biing- Hwang Juang. Prentice-Hall Pub.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II
SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Software Engineering”

Objectives

1. To provide knowledge of the concepts in software testing such as testing process, criteria, strategies, and methodologies.
2. To develop skills in software test automation and management using latest tools.

Outcomes

1. Design and develop the best test strategies in accordance to the development model.

UNIT-I:

Introduction:- Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs

Flow graphs and Path testing:- Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

UNIT-II:

Transaction Flow Testing:-transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques.

Dataflow testing:- Basics of data flow testing, strategies in data flow testing, application of dataflow testing.

Domain Testing:-domains and paths, nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces’ testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

UNIT-III:

Paths, Path products and Regular expressions:- path products & path expression, reduction procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection.

Logic Based Testing:- overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

UNIT-IV:

State, State Graphs and Transition testing:- state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

UNIT-V:

Graph Matrices and Application:-Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Win-runner).

Text Books:

1. Software Testing techniques - Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
2. Software Testing Tools – Dr.K.V.K.K.Prasad, Dreamtech.

References:

1. The craft of software testing - Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
2. Software Testing Techniques – SPD(Oreille)
3. Software Testing in the Real World – Edward Kit, Pearson.
4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
5. Art of Software Testing – Meyers, John Wiley.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE)III Year II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Web Technologies”
2. A course on “Computer Networks”
3. A course on “Data Warehousing and Data Mining”

Objectives

1. It introduces the concepts of social media
2. It provides the mechanisms for social network analysis
3. Includes the concepts that allow for better visualization and analysis of widely used services such as email, Wikis, Twitter, flickr, YouTube, etc.

Outcomes

1. Ability to construct social network maps easily
2. Gain skills in tracking the content flow through the social media

UNIT I:

Introduction: Social Media and Social Networks

Social Media: New Technologies of Collaboration

Social Network Analysis: Measuring, Mapping, and Modeling collections of Connections.

UNIT-II:

NodeXL, Layout, Visual Design, and Labeling, Calculating and Visualizing Network Metrics, Preparing Data and Filtering, Clustering and Grouping.

UNIT-III:

CASE STUDIES-I:

Email: The lifeblood of Modern Communication**.**

Thread Networks: Mapping Message Boards and Email Lists

Twitter: Conversation, Entertainment and Information

UNIT-IV:

CASE STUDIES-II:

Visualizing and Interpreting Face Book Networks, WWW Hyperlink Networks

Flickr: Linking People, Photos, Tags

UNIT-V:

CASE STUDIES-III:

You Tube: Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction, and Prominence**.**

Wiki Networks: Connections of Creativity and Collaboration

Text Books:

1. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith, Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
2. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability, Sybex, 2009.
3. Marshall Sponder, Social Media Analytics: Effective Tools for Building, Interpreting and Using Metrics, 1stEdition, MGH, 2011

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

Prerequisites

1. Students are expected to have knowledge in linear signals and systems, Fourier Transform, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques; knowledge of Digital Signal Processing is desirable.
2. A course on “Computational Mathematics”
3. A course on “Computer Oriented Statistical Methods”

Objectives

1. Provide a theoretical and mathematical foundation of fundamental Digital Image Processing concepts.
2. The topics include image acquisition; sampling and quantization; preprocessing; enhancement; restoration; segmentation; and compression.

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisition, sampling, and quantization.
2. Demonstrate the knowledge of filtering techniques.
3. Demonstrate the knowledge of 2D transformation techniques.
4. Demonstrate the knowledge of image enhancement, segmentation, restoration and compression techniques.

UNIT I: Digital Image Fundamentals: Digital Image through Scanner, Digital Camera. Concept of Gray Levels. Gray Level to Binary Image Conversion. Sampling and Quantization. Relationship between Pixels. Imaging Geometry. 2D Transformations-DFT, DCT, KLT and SVD.

UNIT II: Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Spatial Filtering, Enhancement in Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening.

UNIT III: Image Restoration Degradation Model, Algebraic Approach to Restoration, Inverse Filtering, Least Mean Square Filters, Constrained Least Squares Restoration, Interactive Restoration.

UNIT IV: Image Segmentation Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region Oriented Segmentation.

UNIT V: Image Compression Redundancies and their Removal Methods, Fidelity Criteria, Image Compression Models, Source Encoder and Decoder, Error Free Compression, Lossy Compression.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Digital Image Processing: **R.C. Gonzalez & R.E. Woods**, Addison Wesley/ Pearson Education, 2nd Ed, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: **A.K.Jain** , PHI.
2. Digital Image Processing using MAT LAB: **Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L. Eddins**: Pearson Education India, 2004.
3. Digital Image Processing: **William K. Pratt, John Wilely**, 3rd Edition, 2004.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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WEB TECHNOLOGIES LAB

Prerequisites

1. A Course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A Course on “Objected Oriented Programming through Java”

Co-requisites

1. A course on “Web Technologies”

Objectives

1. To provide hands-on experience on web technologies
2. To develop client-server application using web technologies
3. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP
4. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and AJAX

Outcomes

1. Design and develop interactive and dynamic web applications using HTML, CSS, JavaScript and XML
2. Apply client-server principles to develop scalable and enterprise web applications.

List of Experiments:

1. Develop static pages (using Only HTML) of an online book store. The pages should resemble: www.amazon.com. The website should consist the following pages.
    a) Home page
    b) Registration and user Login
    c) User Profile Page
    d) Books catalog
    e) Shopping Cart
    f) Payment By credit card
    g) Order Conformation

2. Validate the Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit card pages using JavaScript.

3. Create and save an XML document on the server, which contains 10 users information. Write a program, which takes User Id as an input and returns the user details by taking the user information from the XML document.

4. Bean Assignments
   a. Create a JavaBean which gives the exchange value of INR (Indian Rupees) into equivalent American/Canadian/Australian Dollar value.
   b. Create a simple Bean with a label - which is the *count* of number of clicks. Then create a BeanInfo class, such that only the "*count*" property is visible in the Property Window.
   c. Create two Beans- a) KeyPad. b) DisplayPad.
   After that integrate the two Beans to make it work as a Calculator.
   d. Create two Beans: Traffic Light(Implemented as a Label with only three background colors - Red, Green, Yellow) and Automobile (Implemented as a TextBox which states its state/movement). The state of the Automobile should depend on the following Light Transition Table.

Light Transition	Automobile State
Red ---> Yellow	Ready
Yellow ---> Green	Move
Green --> Red	Stopped

5. Install TOMCAT web server. Convert the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages using servlets and cookies. Hint: Users information (user id, password, credit card number) would be stored in web.xml. Each user should have a separate Shopping Cart.

6. Redo the previous task using JSP by converting the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages. Create a database with user information and books information. The books catalogue should be dynamically loaded from the database. Follow the MVC architecture while doing the website.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

TEXT BOOKS:

1. WEB TECHNOLOGIES: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson,
Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson
International, 2012, 4th Edition.
2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel, "Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India, 8th
Edition
5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Database Management Systems"

Objectives

1. The course is intended to obtain hands-on experience using data mining software.
2. Intended to provide practical exposure of the concepts in data mining algorithms

Outcomes

1. Apply preprocessing statistical methods for any given raw data.
2. Gain practical experience of constructing a data warehouse.
3. Implement various algorithms for data mining in order to discover interesting patterns from large amounts of data.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:-

Experiments using Weka & Clementine Tools

1. Data Processing Techniques:

(i) Data cleaning (ii) Data transformation - Normalization

(iii) Data integration

2. Partitioning - Horizontal, Vertical, Round Robin, Hash based
3. Data Warehouse schemas – star, snowflake, fact constellation
4. Data cube construction – OLAP operations
5. Data Extraction, Transformations & Loading operations
6. Implementation of Attribute oriented induction algorithm
7. Implementation of apriori algorithm
8. Implementation of FP – Growth algorithm
9. Implementation of Decision Tree Induction
10. Calculating Information gain measures
11. Classification of data using Bayesian approach
12. Classification of data using K – nearest neighbour approach
13. Implementation of K – means algorithm
14. Implementation of BIRCH algorithm
15. Implementation of PAM algorithm
16. Implementation of DBSCAN algorithm

Text Books:

1. Data Mining – Concepts and Techniques - JIAWEI HAN & MICHELINE KAMBER, Elsevier.
2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining &OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith- Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Tenth reprint 2007

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

III Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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ADVANCED ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (ACS) LAB

1. Introduction

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organize ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

2. Objectives:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

Learning Outcomes

- Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually.
- Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression.
- Enhanced job prospects.
- Effective Speaking Abilities

3. Syllabus:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab:

1. **Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary** - Starting a conversation – responding appropriately and relevantly – using the right body language – Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals - Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading & effective goggling.
3. **Activities on Writing Skills** – Structure and presentation of different types of writing – *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/ Technical report writing/ Portfolio writing* – planning for writing – improving one's writing.
4. **Activities on Presentation Skills** – Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/**PPTs** and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/ e-mails/assignments etc.
5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** – Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

4. Minimum Requirement:

The Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Laboratory shall have the following infra-structural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P – IV Processor, Hard Disk – 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed – 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

5. **Suggested Software**: The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8th Edition
- DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech
- TOEFL & GRE(KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
- The following software from 'train2success.com'
  - Preparing for being Interviewed
  - Positive Thinking
  - Interviewing Skills
  - Telephone Skills
  - Time Management

6. Books Recommended:

1. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
2. **English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual** Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam & Prof SA Sankaranarayanan, Anuradha Publications, Chennai 2008.
3. **Speak Well** published by Orient Black Swan Private Limited, Hyderabad.
4. **Technical Communication** by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
5. **Business and Professional Communication:** Keys for Workplace Excellence. Kelly M. Quintanilla & Shawn T. Wahl. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2011.
6. **The Basics of Communication: A Relational Perspective**. Steve Duck & David T. McMahan. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2012.
7. **English Vocabulary in Use** series, Cambridge University Press 2008.
8. **Management Shapers Series** by Universities Press(India)Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
9. **Handbook for Technical Communication** by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.
10. **Communication Skills** by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
11. **Handbook for Technical Writing** by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008.
12. **Job Hunting** by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

13. **Master Public Speaking** by Anne Nicholls, JAICO Publishing House, 2006.
14. **English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.**
15. Books on **TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS** by Barron's/DELTA/ Cambridge University Press.
16. **International English for Call Centres** by Barry Tomalin and Suhashini Thomas, Macmillan Publishers, 2009.

DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS:

***Advanced Communication Skills Lab Practical Exam**:*

1. The practical examinations for the ACS Laboratory practice shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.

2. For the English Language lab sessions, there shall be continuous evaluation during the year for 30 sessional marks and 70 End Examination marks. Of the 30 marks, 20 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The End Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned, by inviting the External Examiner from outside. In case of the non-availability of the External Examiner, other teacher of the same department can act as the External Examiner.

Mini Project: As a part of Internal Evaluation

1. Seminar/ Professional Presentation

2. A Report on the same has to be prepared and presented.

*** Teachers may use their discretion to choose topics relevant and suitable to the needs of students.**

*** Not more than two students to work on each mini project.**

*** Students may be assessed by their performance both in oral presentation and written report.**

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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NETWORK SECURITY & CRYPTOGRAPHY

Prerequisites

1. A Course on "Computer Networks

Objectives

1. To impart knowledge on network security issues, services, goals and mechanisms.
2. To analyze the security of communication systems, networks and protocols.
3. To apply algorithms used for secure transactions in real world applications

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of cryptography and network security concepts and applications.
2. Ability to apply security principles in system design.
3. Ability to identify and investigate vulnerabilities and security threats and mechanisms to counter them.

UNIT-I: Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

UNIT-II: Conventional Encryption: Principles, Conventional encryption algorithms (DES, AES, RC4, Blowfish), cipher block modes of operation, location of encryption devices, key distribution Approaches of Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions and HMAC.

UNIT-III: Number Theory: Modular Arithmetic, Euclid's Algorithm, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms, digital signatures, digital Certificates, Certificate Authority and key management Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-IV: Email privacy: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME.

IP Security: Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations and Key Management.

UNIT-V

Web Security: Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET).
Intruders, Viruses and related threats, Firewall Design principles, Trusted Systems, Intrusion Detection Systems.

Text Books:

1. "Cryptography and Network Security" by William Stallings 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
2. "Applied Cryptography" by Bruce Schneier.

References:

1. Cryptography and Network Security by Behrouz A.Forouzan.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Network Security and Cryptography”
2. A course on “Computer Networks”
3. A course on “Operating Systems”

jectives

1. This course provides a comprehensive study of Grid and cloud computing.
2. Topics include- distributed system models, design of cloud computing platforms, service oriented architectures, cloud programming and software environments, grid computing and resource management.

tcomes

1. Ability to understand various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
2. Ability to understand the ways in which the cloud can be programmed and deployed.
3. Ability to understand the security challenges and address the challenges.
4. Ability to understand how Grid computing helps in solving large scale scientific problems.

UNIT I

Distributed System Models and Enabling Technologies: scalable computing services over the Internet, technologies for network-based computing, system models for distributed and cloud computing, software environments for distributed systems and clouds, performance, security, and energy-efficiency.

UNIT II

Design of Cloud Computing Platforms: cloud computing and service models, datacenter design and interconnection networks, architecture design of compute and storage clouds, public cloud platforms, cloud resource management and exchanges, cloud security and trust management

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT III

Service Oriented Architectures: message-oriented middleware, portals and science gateways, discover, registries, metadata, and databases, workflow in service-oriented architectures

UNIT IV

Cloud Programming and Software Environments: features of cloud and grid platforms, parallel and distributed programming paradigms, programming support of Google App engine, Amazon Web Services programming, Microsoft Azure programming support, emerging cloud software environments

UNIT V

Grid Computing and Resource Management: grid architecture and service modeling, case studies of grid computing systems, grid resource management and brokering, middleware support for grid resource management, grid security infrastructure in GT4.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox and Jack J. Dongarra, “Distributed and Cloud Computing: Clusters, Grids, Clouds and the Future of Internet”, First Edition, Morgan Kaufman Publisher, an imprint of Elsevier, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Tom White, “Hadoop The Definitive Guide”, First Edition. O’Reilly, 2009.
2. Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, “The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure”, 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III
DESIGN PATTERNS

Prerequisites

1. A Course on Software Engineering"
2. A Course on "Object Oriented Programming Through Java"

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to appreciate the idea behind Design Patterns in handling common problems faced during building an application
2. This course covers all pattern types from creational to structural, behavioral to concurrency and highlights the scenarios when one pattern must be chosen over others.

Outcomes

1. Create software designs that are scalable and easily maintainable
2. Understand the best use of Object Oriented concepts for creating truly OOP programs
3. Use creational design patterns in software design for class instantiation
4. Use structural design patterns for better class and object composition
5. Use behavioral patterns for better organization and communication between the objects
6. Use refactoring to compose the methods for proper code packaging
7. Use refactoring to better organize the class responsibilities of current code

UNIT I:

Introduction: What is a design pattern? design patterns in Smalltalk MVC, Describing Design Patterns, The Catalog of Design Patterns, Organizing the Catalog, How Design Patterns Solve Design Problems, How to Select a Design Pattern, How to Use a Design Pattern.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT II:

Designing a Document Editor: Design Problems, Document Structure, Formatting, Embellishing the User Interface, Supporting Multiple Look-and-Feel Standards, Supporting Multiple Window Systems, User Operations Spelling Checking and Hyphenation, Summary

UNIT III:

Creational Patterns: Abstract Factory, Builder, Factory Method, Prototype, Singleton, Discussion of Creational Patterns.

UNIT IV:

Structural Pattern: Adapter, Bridge, Composite, Decorator, Façade, Flyweight, Proxy

UNIT V:

Behavioral Patterns: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Strategy, Template Method, Visitor.

Text Book:

1. Design Patterns, Erich Gamma, Pearson Education

Reference Books:

1. Pattern's in Java, Vol –I, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
2. Patterns in Java, Vol-II, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
3. Java Enterprise Design Patterns Vol-III, Mark Grand, Wiley DreamTech.
4. Head First Design Patterns, Eric Freeman, O'reily publications

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III
ADVANCED DATABASES

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Database Management Systems"

Objectives

1. The purpose of the course is to enrich the previous knowledge of database systems and exposing the need for distributed database technology to confront with the deficiencies of the centralized database systems.
2. Introduce basic principles and implementation techniques of distributed database systems.
3. Equip students with principles and knowledge of parallel and object oriented databases.
4. Topics include distributed DBMS architecture and design; query processing and optimization; distributed transaction management and reliability; parallel and object database management systems.

Outcomes

1. Understand theoretical and practical aspects of distributed database systems.
2. Study and identify various issues related to the development of distributed database system.
3. Understand the design aspects of object oriented database system and related development.

UNIT-I

Introduction; Distributed Data Processing, Distributed Database System, Promises of DDBSs, Problem areas.

Distributed DBMS Architecture: Architectural Models for Distributed DBMS, DDMBS Architecture.

Distributed Database Design: Alternative Design Strategies, Distribution Design issues, Fragmentation, Allocation.

UNIT-II

Query processing and decomposition: Query processing objectives, characterization of query processors, layers of query processing, query decomposition, localization of distributed data.

Distributed query Optimization: Query optimization, centralized query optimization, distributed query optimization algorithms.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-III

Transaction Management: Definition, properties of transaction, types of transactions, distributed concurrency control: serializability, concurrency control mechanisms & algorithms, time - stamped & optimistic concurrency control Algorithms, deadlock Management.

UNIT –IV

Distributed DBMS Reliability: Reliability concepts and measures, fault-tolerance in distributed systems, failures in Distributed DBMS, local & distributed reliability protocols, site failures and network partitioning.

Parallel Database Systems: Parallel database system architectures, parallel data placement, parallel query processing, load balancing, database clusters.

UNIT-V

Distributed object Database Management Systems: Fundamental object concepts and models, object distributed design, architectural issues, object management, distributed object storage, object query Processing.

Object Oriented Data Model: Inheritance, object identity, persistent programming languages, persistence of objects, comparison OODBMS and ORDBMS

Text Books:

1. M.Tamer OZSU and Patuck Valduriez: Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Pearson Edn. Asia, 2001.
2. Stefano Ceri and Giuseppe Pelagatti: Distributed Databases, McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

1. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom: "Database Systems: The Complete Book", Second Edition, Pearson International Edition

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -III
MOBILE COMPUTING

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Computer Networks"

Objectives:

1. To make the student understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.
2. To understand the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol
3. To understand the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks, namely MAC layer, Network Layer & Transport Layer
4. To understand the database issues in mobile environments & data delivery models.
5. To understand the ad hoc networks and related concepts.
6. To understand the platforms and protocols used in the mobile environment.

Outcomes:

1. Able to think and develop new mobile application.
2. Able to take any new technical issue related to this new paradigm and come up with a solution(s).
3. Able to develop new ad hoc network applications and/or algorithms/protocols.
4. Able to understand & develop any existing or new protocol related to the mobile environment

UNIT I

Introduction

Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices.

GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS, CSHSD, DECT.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT –II

(Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC)

Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11)

Mobile Network Layer

IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

UNIT –III

Mobile Transport Layer

Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

Database Issues

Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing & Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues.

UNIT IV

Data Dissemination and Synchronization

Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Broadcast Models, Selective Tuning and Indexing Methods, Data Synchronization – Introduction, Software, and Protocols

UNIT V

Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs)

Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, Mobile Agents, Service Discovery.

Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing

WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, JavaCard, PalmOS, Windows CE, SymbianOS, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

Text Books:

1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009.
2. Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 0195686772

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech (CSE) I-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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Department Elective III
BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE & BIG DATA

Prerequisites

1. Data Mining

Objectives

1. The purpose of this course is to provide the students with the knowledge of Business Intelligence principles and techniques.
2. This course is also designed to give an exposure of the frontiers of BI-intensive Big data computing

Outcomes

1. Explain the foundations, definitions, and capabilities of Big Data and Business Intelligence.
2. Apply Big Data technologies in Business Intelligence.
3. Ability to program using HADOOP

UNIT-I:

Business Intelligence, Data mining and Decision making, Business Intelligence Architecture, Distributed Computing, Cloud and Big Data, Cloud Storage , Virtualization, Cloud Models, Cloud Services

UNIT-II:

Introduction Big Data, Big Data Storage, Big Data Architecture, Big Data Computation, Relational database in Big Data, Google Big Data Services, Open Stock, Microsoft AZURE, Integrating Data source.

UNIT-III:

Information Management, Big Data Management, Geo-Spatial Intelligence, Business analytics, Data Analytics, Big data Analytics, Big Data Technology.

UNIT-IV:

Exploring the World of HADOOP, HDFS, Name Nodes, Data Nodes, Map Reduce Programming

UNIT-V:

Advanced Analytics, Operational Analytics, Monetizing Analytics, NOKIA, NASA, Consumption of Analytics, 360 Modeling

Text Books:

1. Big Data and Big Analytics by Michael Minelli and Michell Chambers
2. Big Data for DUMMIES by Alan Nugent Dr. Fern Halper

References:

1. Business Intelligence Data Miming and Optimization for decision making [Author: Carlo-Verellis] [Publication: (Wiley)]

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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Department Elective -IV

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”
2. A course on “Advanced Data Structures”
3. A basic knowledge of probability and statistics.

Objectives

1. The purpose of the course is to introduce the techniques for retrieving useful information from repositories such as the Web, documents, etc.
2. The course first introduces standard concepts in information retrieval such as documents, queries, collections, and relevance.
3. The course then covers a selection of application areas such as Web search, multimedia searching and indexing.

Outcomes

1. Gain the knowledge of solving computational search problems.
2. Understand the inadequacies of different information retrieval techniques
3. Understand how to evaluate search engines.
4. Able to comprehend and appreciate the different applications of information retrieval techniques in the Internet or Web environment.

UNIT I

Introduction: Motivation, Basic Concepts, Past-Present and Future, the Retrieval Process

Modeling: Introduction, A Taxonomy of Information retrieval Models, Retrieval: Ad hoc and Filtering, A Formal Characteristics of IR Models, Classic Information Retrieval, Alternative Set Theoretic Models, Alternative Probabilistic Models, Structured Text Retrieval Models, Models for Browsing

UNIT II

Retrieval Evaluation: Introduction, retrieval performance evaluation, Reference Collections

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Query languages: Introduction, Keyword-Based Querying, Pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Query Protocols

Query Operations: Introduction, User Relevance Feedback, Automatic Local Analysis, and Automatic global Analysis

Text Operations: Introduction, Document Preprocessing, Document Clustering, Text Compression, Comparing Text Compression Techniques

UNIT III

Indexing and Searching: Introduction, Inverted Files, Other Indices for Text, Boolean queries, Sequential Searching, pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Compression

Searching the Web: Introduction, Challenges, Characterizing the Web, Search Engines, Browsing, Met searchers, Finding the Needle in the Haystack, Searching Using Hyperlinks

UNIT IV

User Interfaces and Visualization: Introduction, human-Computer Interaction, The Information Access Process, Starting Points, Query Specification, Context, User Relevance Judgments, Interface Support for the Search Process

UNIT V:

Multimedia IR: Models and Languages: Introduction, Data Modeling, Query Languages

Multimedia IR: Indexing and |Searching: Introduction, Background-Spatial Access Methods, A Generic Multimedia Indexing Approach, One Dimensional Time Series, Two Dimensional Color Images, Automatic Feature Extraction.

Text Books

1. Modern Information Retrieval By Yates and Neto Pearson Education.

Reference:

1. Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury: Information Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kluwer Academic Press, 1997.
2. Frakes, W.B., Ricardo Baeza-Yates: Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, Prentice Hall, 1992.
3. Information Storage & Retrieval By Robert Korfhage – John Wiley & Sons.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV
AD HOC & SENSOR NETWORKS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Networks”
2. A course on “Mobile Computing”

Objectives

1. To understand the concepts of sensor networks
2. To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks
3. To understand the security of sensor networks
4. To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

Outcomes

1. Ability to understand the state of the art research in the emerging subject of Ad Hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks
2. Ability to solve the issues in real-time application development based on ASN
3. Ability to conduct further research in the domain of ASN

UNIT I

Introduction to Ad Hoc Networks - Characteristics of MANETs, Applications of MANETs and Challenges of MANETs.

Routing in MANETs - Criteria for classification, Taxonomy of MANET routing algorithms, *Topology-based* routing algorithms-**Proactive**: DSDV, WRP; **Reactive**: DSR, AODV, TORA; Hybrid: ZRP; *Position-based* routing algorithms-**Location Services**-DREAM, Quorum-based, GLS; **Forwarding Strategies:** Greedy Packet, Restricted Directional Flooding-DREAM, LAR; **Other routing algorithms**-QoS Routing, CEDAR.

UNIT II

Data Transmission - Broadcast Storm Problem, **Rebroadcasting Schemes**-Simple-flooding, Probability-based Methods, Area-based Methods, Neighbour Knowledge-based: SBA, Multipoint Relaying, AHBP. **Multicasting: Tree-based:** AMRIS, MAODV; **Mesh-based:** ODMRP, CAMP; **Hybrid:** AMRoute**,** MCEDAR and **Geocasting:** Data-transmission Oriented-LBM; Route Creation Oriented-GeoTORA, MGR**.**

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT III

TCP over Ad Hoc TCP protocol overview, TCP and MANETs, Solutions for TCP over Ad hoc

Basics of Wireless, Sensors and Applications: Applications, Classification of sensor networks, Architecture of sensor network, Physical layer, MAC layer, Link layer.

UNIT IV

Data Retrieval in Sensor Networks: Routing layer, Transport layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to the inherent dynamic nature of WSNs, Sensor Networks and mobile robots.

UNIT V

Security - Security in Ad Hoc networks, Key management, Secure routing, Cooperation in MANETs, Intrusion Detection systems.

Text Books:

1. Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks – Theory and Applications, *Carlos Corderio Dharma P.Aggarwal,* World Scientific Publications, March 2006, ISBN – 981-256-681-3
2. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Elsevier Science, ISBN – 978-1-55860-914-3 (Morgan Kauffman)

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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Department Elective -IV
EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors”
2. A course on “Computer Organization and Architecture”

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the hardware and software design aspects of embedded systems.
2. To equip the students with the knowledge and skills necessary to design and develop embedded applications by means of real-time operating systems.
3. The course includes the basics of embedded systems, interfacing, embedded programming and real-time operating systems.

Outcomes

1. Ability to design a system, component, or process that meets the requirements within realistic constraints
2. Gain the skills in programming embedded systems
3. Gain the knowledge of typical interfacing standards and be able to interface to peripherals
4. Ability to design and develop embedded applications by means of real-time operating systems

UNIT I:

INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Definition and Classification - Overview of Processors and hardware units in an embedded system - Software embedded into the system - Exemplary Embedded Systems - Embedded Systems on a Chip (SoC) and the use of VLSI designed circuits.

UNIT II:

DEVICES AND BUSES FOR DEVICES NETWORK

I/O Devices - Device I/O Types and Examples - Synchronous and Asynchronous Communications from Serial Devices - Examples of Internal Serial-Communication Devices - UART and HDLC - Parallel Port Devices - Sophisticated interfacing features in Devices/Ports-Timer and Counting Devices - '12C', 'USB',

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT III:

PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS AND EMBEDDED PROGRAMMING IN C

Programming in assembly language (ALP) vs. High Level Language - C Program Elements, Macros and functions -Use of Pointers - NULL Pointers - Use of Function Calls - Multiple function calls in a Cyclic Order in the Main Function Pointers - Function Queues and Interrupt Service Routines Queues Pointers

UNIT IV:

REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 1

Definitions of process, tasks and threads - Clear cut distinction between functions - ISRs and tasks by their characteristics - Operating System Services- Goals - Structures- Kernel - Process Management - Memory Management - Device Management - File System Organisation and Implementation - I/O Subsystems - Interrupt Routines Handling in RTOS, RTOS Task scheduling models.

INTER PROCESS COMMUNICATION AND SYNCHRONIZATION - Shared data problem - Use of Semaphore(s)- Inter Process Communications using Signals - Semaphore Flag or mutex as Resource key - Message Queues - Mailboxes – Pipes.

UNIT V:

REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 2

Study of Micro C/OS-II or Vx Works or Any other popular RTOS - RTOS System Level Functions - Task Service Functions - Time Delay Functions - Memory Allocation Related Functions - Semaphore Related Functions - Mailbox Related Functions - Queue Related Functions.

Text Books:

1. Rajkamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design, TATA McGraw-Hill, First reprint Oct. 2003

References:

1. Steve Heath, Embedded Systems Design, Second Edition-2003
2. David E.Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education Asia, First Indian Reprint 2000.
3. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing System Design - Harcourt India, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, First Indian Reprint 2001
4. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, Embedded Systems Design - A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction, John Wiley, 2002.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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DEPARTMENT ELECTIVE-IV
NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Machine Learning”
2. A course on “Formal Languages and Automata Theory”

Objectives

1. This course is intended to introduce the fundamental concepts and ideas in Natural Language Processing (NLP).
2. Provides an understanding of the algorithms available for the processing of linguistic information and the underlying computational properties of natural languages.
3. The course covers methods for parsing and semantic interpretation with applications to practical engineering tasks such as part-of-speech tagging, word sense disambiguation, information retrieval and extraction, natural language generation and machine translation.

Outcomes

1. Understand the mathematical and linguistic concepts of NLP.
2. Design and implement algorithms for NLP problems

UNIT - I:

INTRODUCTION: Knowledge in speech and language processing - Ambiguity - Models and Algorithms - Language, Thought and Understanding.

Regular Expressions and Automata: Regular expressions - Finite-State automata. **Morphology and Finite-State Transducers**: Survey of English morphology - Finite-State Morphological parsing - Combining FST lexicon and rules - Lexicon-Free FSTs: The porter stammer - Human morphological processing

UNIT - II:

Word Classes and Part-of-Speech Tagging: English word classes – Tag sets for English - Part-of-speech tagging - Rule-based part-of-speech tagging - Stochastic part-of-speech tagging - Transformation-based tagging - Other issues.

Context-Free Grammars for English: Constituency - Context-Free rules and trees - Sentence-level constructions - The noun phrase - Coordination - Agreement - The verb phase and sub categorization - Auxiliaries - Spoken language syntax - Grammars equivalence and normal form - Finite-State and Context-Free grammars - Grammars and human processing. **Parsing with Context-Free Grammars**: Parsing as search - A Basic Top-Down parser - Problems with the basic Top-Down parser - The early algorithm - Finite-State parsing methods.

UNIT - III:

Features and Unification: Feature structures - Unification of feature structures - Features structures in the grammar - Implementing unification - Parsing with unification constraints - Types and Inheritance. Lexicalized and Probabilistic Parsing: Probabilistic context-free grammar - problems with PCFGs - Probabilistic lexicalized CFGs - Dependency Grammars - Human parsing.

UNIT – IV:

Representing Meaning: Computational desiderata for representations - Meaning structure of language - First order predicate calculus - Some linguistically relevant concepts - Related representational approaches - Alternative approaches to meaning.

Semantic Analysis: Syntax-Driven semantic analysis - Attachments for a fragment of English - Integrating semantic analysis into the early parser - Idioms and compositionality - Robust semantic analysis.

Lexical semantics: relational among lexemes and their senses - WordNet: A database of lexical relations - The Internal structure of words - Creativity and the lexicon.

UNIT - V:

Word Sense Disambiguation and Information Retrieval: Selectional restriction-based disambiguation - Robust word sense disambiguation - Information retrieval - other information retrieval tasks.

Natural Language Generation: Introduction to language generation - Architecture for generation - Surface realization - Discourse planning - Other issues.

Machine Translation: Language similarities and differences - The transfer metaphor - The interlingua idea: Using meaning - Direct translation - Using statistical techniques - Usability and system development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Daniel Jurafsky & James H.Martin, “Speech and Language Processing", Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", Pearson Education, 2003.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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Professional Elective-V

ETHICAL HACKING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Operating Systems”
2. A course on “Computer Networks”
3. A course on “Network Security and Cryptography”

Objectives

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the methodologies and framework of ethical hacking for enhancing the security.
2. The course includes-Impacts of Hacking; Types of Hackers; Information Security Models; Information Security Program; Business Perspective; Planning a Controlled Attack; Framework of Steps (Reconnaissance, Enumeration, Vulnerability Analysis, Exploitation, Deliverable and Integration)

Outcomes

1. Gain the knowledge of the use and availability of tools to support an ethical hack
2. Gain the knowledge of interpreting the results of a controlled attack
3. Understand the role of politics, inherent and imposed limitations and metrics for planning of a test
4. Comprehend the dangers associated with penetration testing

UNIT I

Introduction: Hacking Impacts, The Hacker

Framework: Planning the test, Sound Operations, Reconnaissance, Enumeration, Vulnerability Analysis, Exploitation, Final Analysis, Deliverable, Integration

Information Security Models: Computer Security, Network Security, Service Security, Application Security, Security Architecture

Information Security Program: The Process of Information Security, Component Parts of Information Security Program, Risk Analysis and Ethical Hacking

UNIT II

The Business Perspective: Business Objectives, Security Policy, Previous Test Results, Business Challenges

Planning for a Controlled Attack: Inherent Limitations, Imposed Limitations, Timing is Everything, Attack Type, Source Point,

Required Knowledge, Multi-Phased Attacks, Teaming and Attack Structure, Engagement Planner, The Right Security Consultant, The Tester, Logistics, Intermediates, Law Enforcement

UNIT III

Preparing for a Hack: Technical Preparation, Managing the Engagement

Reconnaissance: Social Engineering, Physical Security, Internet Reconnaissance

UNIT IV

Enumeration: Enumeration Techniques, Soft Objective, Looking Around or Attack, Elements of Enumeration, Preparing for the Next Phase

Exploitation: Intuitive Testing, Evasion, Threads and Groups, Operating Systems, Password Crackers, RootKits, applications, Wardialing, Network, Services and Areas of Concern

UNIT V

Deliverable: The Deliverable, The Document, Overall Structure, Aligning Findings, Presentation

Integration: Integrating the Results, Integration Summary, Mitigation, Defense Planning, Incident Management, Security Policy, Conclusion

TEXT BOOK

1. James S. Tiller, "The Ethical Hack: A Framework for Business Value Penetration Testing", Auerbach Publications, CRC Press

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. EC-Council, "Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures Attack Phases", Cengage Learning
2. Michael Simpson, Kent Backman, James Corley, "Hands-On Ethical Hacking and Network Defense", Cengage Learning

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V

WEB MINING

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Web Technologies"
2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures"
3. A course on "Database Management Systems"

Objectives

1. The purpose of the course is to introduce the concepts of extracting knowledge from web data
2. The course introduces the mechanisms for effective web search and includes-WWW; fundamentals of data mining; information retrieval and web search; link analysis and web crawling; opinion mining and web usage mining;

Outcomes

1. Ability to design algorithms for generating association and classification rules from web data
2. Ability to design algorithms for clustering and managing the web documents
3. Ability to design algorithms for web searching and crawling.
4. Ability to perform sentiment analysis, opinion mining needed for recommendation systems
5. Ability to use web usage mining concepts for customization and personalization.

UNIT I:

Introduction to Web Data Mining and Data Mining Foundations

Introduction – World Wide Web(WWW), A Brief History of the Web and the Internet, Web Data Mining-Data Mining, Web Mining.

Data Mining Foundations – Association Rules and Sequential Patterns – Basic Concepts of Association Rules, Apriori Algorithm-Frequent Item set Generation, Association Rule Generation, Data Formats for Association Rule Mining, Mining with multiple minimum supports – Extended Model, Mining Algorithm, Rule Generation,

Mining Class Association Rules, Basic Concepts of Sequential Patterns, Mining Sequential Patterns on GSP, Mining Sequential Patterns on Prefix Span, Generating Rules from Sequential Patterns.

UNIT II:

Supervised and Unsupervised Learning

Supervised Learning - Basic Concepts, Decision Tree Induction – Learning Algorithm, Impurity Function, Handling of Continuous Attributes, Classifier Evaluation, Rule Induction – Sequential Covering, Rule Learning, Classification Based on Associations, Naïve Bayesian Classification , Naïve Bayesian Text Classification - Probabilistic Framework, Naïve Bayesian Model .

Unsupervised Learning – Basic Concepts , K-means Clustering – K-means Algorithm, Representation of Clusters, Hierarchical Clustering – Single link method , Complete link Method, Average link method, Strength and Weakness.

UNIT III:

Information Retrieval and Web Search

Basic Concepts of Information Retrieval, Information Retrieval Methods - Boolean Model, Vector Space Model and Statistical Language Model, Relevance Feedback, Evaluation Measures, Text and Web Page Preprocessing – Stop word Removal, Stemming, Web Page Preprocessing, Duplicate Detection, Inverted Index and Its Compression – Inverted Index, Search using Inverted Index, Index Construction, Index Compression, Latent Semantic Indexing – Singular Value Decomposition, Query and Retrieval, Web Search, Meta Search, Web Spamming.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT IV:

Link Analysis and Web Crawling

Link Analysis - Social Network Analysis, Co-Citation and Bibliographic Coupling, Page Rank Algorithm, HITS Algorithm, Community Discovery-Problem Definition, Bipartite Core Communities, Maximum Flow Communities, Email Communities.

Web Crawling – A Basic Crawler Algorithm- Breadth First Crawlers, Preferential Crawlers, Implementation Issues – Fetching, Parsing, Stop word Removal, Link Extraction, Spider Traps, Page Repository, Universal Crawlers, Focused Crawlers, Topical Crawlers, Crawler Ethics and Conflicts.

UNIT – V:

Opinion Mining and Web Usage Mining

Opinion Mining - Sentiment Classification – Classification based on Sentiment Phrases, Classification Using Text Classification Methods , Feature based Opinion Mining and Summarization – Problem Definition, Object feature extraction, Feature Extraction from Pros and Cons of Format1, Feature Extraction from Reviews of Format 2 and 3, Comparative Sentence and Relation Mining, Opinion Search and Opinion Spam.

Web Usage Mining - Data Collection and Preprocessing- Sources and Types of Data, Key Elements of Web usage Data Preprocessing, Data Modeling for Web Usage Mining, Discovery and Analysis of Web usage Patterns -Session and Visitor Analysis, Cluster Analysis and Visitor Segmentation, Association and Correlation Analysis, Analysis of Sequential and Navigation Patterns.

Text Book :

1. Web Data Mining: Exploring Hyperlinks, Contents, and Usage Data by Bing Liu (Springer Publications)

References:

1. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Second Edition Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber (Elsevier Publications)
2. Web Mining:: Applications and Techniques by Anthony Scime
3. Mining the Web: Discovering Knowledge from Hypertext Data by Soumen Chakrabarti

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech (CSE) I - Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	4	**0**	**0**	**4**

Professional Elective- V

BIO-INFORMATICS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Database Management Systems”
2. A course on “Data Warehousing and Data Mining”
3. A course on “Computer Programming and Data Structures”

Objectives

1. To impart knowledge of theoretical and practical concepts of Bioinformatics.
2. To develop skills in designing biological database and retrieving.
3. To apply appropriate sequence analysis methods for analyzing Bio-molecular Sequences.

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate knowledge on concepts of biological databases, Genomes and Proteome.
2. Analyze biological database management system.
3. Select and apply appropriate techniques and tools to manage the biological data.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION:- Definition – Overview- Major databases in Bio Informatics- Molecular biology – Central Dogma- Data retrieval tools – Data mining of Databases – Gene Analysis – Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Genomes – Sequence Assembly – Gene mapping – Physical maps – cloning – ORF – amino acids – DNA, RNA sequences – Genetic code.

UNIT II

DNA and PROTEIN SEQUENCES:-DNA: working with single DNA sequence : removing vector sequences- verifying restriction maps – PCR design – GC content – counting words – internal repeats – protein coding regions – ORFing – Genome scan, Protein: predicting properties – primary structure analysis – trans-membrane segments – PROSITE patterns –interpreting scanprosite results- finding domains – CD server results – pfscan results.

UNIT III

ALIGNMENT OF PAIR OF SEQUENCES:- Terminology – Global and Local alignment – Dot matrix – dynamic programming – using scoring matrices –PAM matrices – BLOSUM, Working with FASTA – Algorithm – output – E-values – Histogram, Working with BLAST – algorithm – output – services – gapped BLAST- PSIBLAST – comparison of FASTA and BLAST.

UNIT IV

MULTIPLE SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT:- Criteria for Multiple sequence alignment – applications – choosing the right sequences; FASTA, ClustalW, TCoffee methods – interpreting multiple sequence alignment – getting in right format – converting formats – using Jalview – preparing for publication.

UNIT V

PROTEIN CLASSIFICATION & STRUCTURE PREDICTION:- Structure of amino acids – primary structure – secondary structure – folds and motifs – alpha and beta helix –structure based protein classification – protein structure Data bases – folding problem – PROPSEARCH – primary structure analysis and prediction – secondary structure analysis and prediction – motifs – profiles –patterns and fingerprints

TEXT BOOKS

1. S.C Rostogi, Mendiratta, P.Rasogi, “Bio Informatics: methods and applications”,second edition, PHI 2006.
2. Jean Mickel Clavere & Cadrienotredom “Bio Informatics– A beginners guide” Wiley DreamTech, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. T.K. Attwood and D.J Perry Smith, “Introduction to Bio Informatics”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2001.
2. Dan E.Krane, Michael L.Raymer, “Fundamental concepts of Bio Informatics“, Pearson Education, 2004.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE -V
SIMULATION AND MODELING

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Computer Oriented Statistical Methods”

Objectives

1. The course is intended to provide an understanding of methods, techniques and tools for modeling, simulation and performance analysis of complex systems
2. The topics include system models and studies; random number generation; simulation of continuous and discrete systems; simulation of queuing systems and pert networks
3. The course also provides practical knowledge of simulation experimentation and introduces simulation languages.

Outcomes

1. Acquire proficiency in constructing a model for a given system/set of data.
2. Ability to generate and test random number variates and employ them in developing simulation models.
3. Ability to infer from the model and apply the results to resolve issues in a real world environment

Unit-I: System Models and Studies

System Models: Concepts of a System, System Environment, Stochastic Activities, Continuous and Discrete Systems, System Modeling, Types of Models, Static Physical Models, Dynamic Physical Models, Static Mathematical Models, Dynamic Mathematical Models, and Principles Used in Modeling.

System Studies: Subsystems, A Corporate Model, Environment Segment, Production Segment, Management Segment, The Full Corporate Model, Types of System Study, System Analysis, System Design, System Postulation

Unit-II: Random Numbers

Random Number Generation: Properties, Generation of Pseudo-Random Numbers, Techniques of generating random numbers, tests for random numbers

Random-Variate Generation: Inverse-Transform Technique, Acceptance-Rejection Technique, Special Properties.

Unit-III: Simulation of Continuous and Discrete Systems

Simulation of Continuous Systems: A chemical reactor, Numerical integration vs. continuous system simulation, Selection of an integration formula, Runge-Kutta integration formulas, Simulation of a servo system, Simulation of a water reservoir system, Analog vs. digital simulation.

Discrete System Simulation: Fixed time-step vs. event-to-event model, On simulating randomness, Generation of random numbers, Generation of non-uniformly distributed random numbers, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.

Unit-IV: System Simulation

Simulation of Queuing Systems: Rudiments of queuing theory, Simulation of a single-server queue, Simulation of a two-server queue, Simulation of more general queues.

Simulation of a Pert Network: Network model of a project, Analysis of activity network, Critical path computation, Uncertainties in activity durations, Simulation of activity network, Computer program for simulation, Resource allocation and cost considerations.

Unit-V: Simulation Experimentation

Design and Evaluation of Simulation Experiments: Length of simulation runs, Variance reduction techniques, Experimental layout, Validation.

Simulation Languages: Continuous and discrete simulation languages, Continuous simulation languages, Block-structured continuous simulation languages, Expression-based languages, Discrete-system simulation languages, GPSS.

Text Books

1. System Simulation, Geoffrey Gordon, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, Second Edition, 1978. (for Unit-I: Chapters 1 and 2)
2. Discrete-Event System Simulation, Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M.Nicol, Pearson, Fifth Edition, 2010. (for Unit-II: Chapters 7 and 8)
3. System Simulation with Digital Computer, Narsingh Deo, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1979. (for Unit-III to V: Chapters 2 to 5 and 7,8).

Reference Books

1. System Modeling and Simulation: An Introduction, Frank L. Severance, Wiley Publisher, 2005

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech(CSE) IV Year I-Sem	L	T	P	C
	0	0	3	2

NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY LAB

Prerequisites

1. A Course on “Computer Networks

Co-requisite

1. A course on “Network Security and Cryptography”

Objectives

1. To impart practical knowledge on network security concepts and mechanisms.
2. To practically analyze and monitor network communication in order to overcome security threats
3. To practically analyze the network protocols, and configure applications for enhancing security.

Outcomes

1. Gain practical experience of designing and implementing network security algorithms and protocols.
2. Gain practical experience of analyzing network protocols and communication network.

Lab Exercises

1. Write a program to perform encryption and decryption using the following substitution ciphers.
2. Caeser cipher
3. Play fair cipher
4. Hill Cipher
5. Write a program to implement the DES algorithm.
6. Write a program to implement the Blowfish algorithm.
7. Write a program to implement RSA algorithm.
8. Implement the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange mechanism.
9. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA-1 algorithm.
10. Calculate the message digest of a text using the MD5 algorithm.
11. Working with sniffers for monitoring network communication (Wireshark).

12. Configuring S/MIME for email communication.
13. Using Snort, perform real time traffic analysis and packet logging.

Text Books:

1. "Cryptography and Network Security" by William Stallings 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
2. "Applied Cryptography" by Bruce Schneier.

References:

1. Cryptography and Network Security by Behrouz A.Forouzan.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. ECE II-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

Prerequsite : Nil

Course Objective:

- The course introduces the basic concepts of Management Science and Operations Management and its application to business.
- The topics include human resource management, project and strategic management; the course develops problem solving and spreadsheet skills, an invaluable tool for modern business.

Course Outcomes:

- To enable students see that many managerial decisions making situations can be addressed using standard techniques and problem structuring methods
- Students will be able to gain an understanding of the core concepts of Management Science and Operations Management;
- To discuss applications in many functional areas (operations and Human resources, strategy, marketing,)
- To get familiar with Project management techniques and strategic management

Unit I Introduction to Management & Organisation: Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Systems Approach to Management - Leadership Styles. Basic concepts related to Organisation - Types and Evaluation of Organisation structures.

Unit II Operations & Marketing Management: Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of production (Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study -Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement –Statistical Quality Control: control charts, (simple Problems) and Acceptance Sampling, TQM, Six Sigma, JIT System, Supply Chain Management- Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, and Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle, Channels of distribution.

Unit III Human Resources Management (HRM): Concepts of HRM-Basic functions of HR Manager: Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Placement, Wage and Salary Administration, Promotion, Transfer, Separation, Performance Appraisal, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating.

Unit IV Project Management *(PERT/CPM)*: PERT Vs CPM- Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing (simple problems).

Unit V *Strategic Management*: Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: *Management Science*, McGraw Hill, 2015.
2. P.Vijay Kumar and N.Appa Rao *Management Science*, Cengage, 2014.

REFERENCES :

1. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Management, Pearson, 2014.
2. Koontz & Weihrich: *Essentials of Management*, McGraw Hill, 2014.
3. Thomas N.Duening & John M.Ivancevich *Management—Principles and Guidelines,* Biztantra, 2014.
4. Kanishka Bedi, *Production and Operations Management*, Oxford University Press, 2014.

Samuel C.Certo: *Modern Management*, 2014.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech (CSE) IV Year II-Sem.

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

GRID AND CLOUD COMPUTING LAB

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Grid and Cloud Computing”
2. A course on “Object Oriented Programming Through Java”

Objectives

1. This course provides hands-on experience with using Hadoop, Amazon EC2, Google Compute Engine, Windows Azure and Globus toolkit.

Outcomes

1. Ability to install and configure Hadoop
2. Ability to install and configure Globus Toolkit
3. Ability to create an instance using Amazon EC2, Google Compute Engine and Windows Azure
4. Ability to create a database instance on the cloud

Lab Exercises

1. Installation and configuration of Hadoop
2. Using Hadoop for counting word frequency using map reduce
3. Create an Amazon EC2 instance and set up a web-server on the instance and associate an IP address with the instance.
4. Repeat Exercise-3 using Google Compute Engine.
5. Repeat Exercise-3 using Windows Azure Virtual Machine.
6. Create a database instance in the cloud using Amazon RDS.
7. Create a database instance in the cloud using Google Cloud SQL
8. Installation and Configuration of Globus Toolkit
9. Build and deploy a grid server, then build the client and execute the application

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Text Books:

1. Arshadeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, “Cloud Computing: A Hands-on Approach”, University press

References:

1. B. Sotomayor. The Globus Toolkit 3 Programmers’s Tutorial, http://www.casasotomayor.net/gt3-tutorial/.
2. Berstis, Viktors, et al. *Introduction to grid computing with globus*. IBM Corporation, International Technical Support Organization, 2003.

OPEN ELECTIVE- I

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Civil Engg

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Pre Requisites: NIL

Course Objectives:
The subject provide different disasters, tools and methods for disaster management

Course Outcomes:
Estimate, perform quantity survey & valuate various engineering works

UNIT 1 : Understanding Disaster
Concept of Disaster
Different approaches
Concept of Risk
Levels of Disasters
Disaster Phenomena and Events (Global, national and regional)

Hazards and Vulnerability
Natural and man-made hazards; response time, frequency and forewarning levels of different hazards
Characteristics and damage potential or natural hazards; hazard assessment
Dimensions of vulnerability factors; vulnerability assessment
Vulnerability and disaster risk
Vulnerabilities to flood and earthquake hazards

UNIT 2 : Disaster Management Mechanism
Concepts of risk management and crisis managements
Disaster Management Cycle
Response and Recovery
Development, Prevention, Mitigation and Preparedness
Planning for Relief

UNIT 3: Capacity Building
Capacity Building: Concept
Structural and Nonstructural Measures
Capacity Assessment; Strengthening Capacity for Reducing Risk
Counter-Disaster Resources and their utility in Disaster Management
Legislative Support at the state and national levels

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT 4: Coping with Disaster
Coping Strategies; alternative adjustment processes
Changing Concepts of disaster management
Industrial Safety Plan; Safety norms and survival kits
Mass media and disaster management

UNIT 5: Planning for disaster management
Strategies for disaster management planning
Steps for formulating a disaster risk reduction plan
Disaster management Act and Policy in India
Organizational structure for disaster management in India
Preparation of state and district disaster management plans

Text Books
1. Alexander, D. Natural Disasters, ULC press Ltd, London, 1993.
2. Carter, W.N. Disaster Management: A Disaster Management Handbook, Asian Development Bank, Bangkok, 1991.
3. Manual on Natural Disaster Management in India, NCDM, New Delhi, 2001.

References
1. Abarquez I. & Murshed Z. Community Based Disaster Risk Management: Field Practitioner's Handbook, ADPC, Bangkok, 2004.
2. Goudie, A. Geomorphological Techniques, Unwin Hyman, London 1990.
3. Goswami, S.C Remote Sensing Application in North East India, Purbanchal Prakesh, Guwahati, 1997.
4. Chakrabarty, U.K. Industrial Disaster Management and Emergency Response, Asian Book Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2007.
5. Disaster Management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2011.
6. National Policy on Disaster Management, NDMA, New Delhi, 2009
7. Disaster Management Act. (2005), Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.
8. District Disaster Management Plan-Model Template, NIDM, New Delhi, 2005.
9. Disaster Management, Future challenge and opportunities, Edited by Jagbir singh, I.K. International publishing home Pvt, Ltd.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
NON CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION

Pre-requisite: Nil.

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce various types of renewable technologies available.
- The technologies of energy conversion from these resources and their quantitative analysis.

UNIT - I

Fundamentals of Solar Energy-Solar spectrum- Solar Radiation on Earth's surface-Solar radiation geometry-Solar radiation measurements- Solar radiation data- Solar radiation on horizontal and tilted surfaces. Solar Thermal conversion- Flat plate collectors-concentrated collectors- construction and thermal analysis- Solar applications- Solar ponds- Heliostat systems-water heater-air heater-solar still.

UNIT - II

Solar-Electric Power generation- Photovoltaic cells- Equivalent circuit- V-I Characteristics- Photovoltaic modules – constructional details- design considerations- Tracking- Maximum power point tracking - Solar Thermo electric conversion.

UNIT - III

Wind Energy- Fundamentals of wind energy-power available in wind- Betz Limit-Aerodynamics of wind turbine- Wind turbines-Horizontal and vertical axis turbines –their configurations- Wind Energy conversion systems.

UNIT - IV

Energy from Bio Mass- Various fuels- Sources-Conversion technologies-Wet Processes – Dry Processes- Bio Gas generation – Aerobic and anaerobic digestion - Factors affecting generation of bio gas - Classification of bio gas plants-Different Indian digesters-Digester design considerations - Gasification process - Gasifiers – Applications. Geothermal Energy - sources- Hydrothermal convective - Geo-pressure resources - Petro-thermal systems (HDR) - Magma Resources-Prime Movers.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT - V

OTEC Systems- Principle of operation - Open and closed cycles, Energy from Tides - Principle of Tidal Power - Components of tidal Power plants - Operation Methods - Estimation of Energy in Single and double basin systems - Energy and Power from Waves-Wave energy conversion devices - Fuel Cells - Design and Principle of operation - Types of Fuel Cells - Advantages and disadvantages - Types of Electrodes – Applications - Basics of Batteries - Constructional details of Lead acid batteries - Ni-Cd Batteries.

OUTCOMES:

- The student will be able analyse solar thermal and photovoltaic systems and related technologies for energy conversion.
- Wind energy conversion and devices available for it.
- Biomass conversion technologies.
- Geo thermal resources and energy conversion principles and technologies.
- Power from oceans (thermal, wave, tidal) and conversion and devices.
- Fundamentals of fuel cells and commercial batteries.

TEXT BOOKS

1. John Twidell & Wier, Renewable Energy Resouces, CRC Press, 2009.
2. G.D.Rai – Non Conventional Energy sources, Khanna publishers.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. D.P .Kothari, Singal,Rakesh, Ranjan, Renewable Energy sources and Emerging Technologies, PHI, 2009.
2. F.C.Treble, Generating Electricity from Sun.
3. C.S.Solanki, Solar Photo volatics- Fundamentals- Principles and Applications, PHI 2009
4. S.P.Sukhatme, Solar Energy Principles and Application - TMH

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Pre-requisites: Nil

Objectives: To understand the importance of various materials used in electrical engineering and obtain a qualitative analysis of their behavior and applications.

UNIT- I

DIELECTRIC MATERIALS: Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, flashover, liquid dielectrics, electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, spontaneous, polarization, curie point, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials, pyroelectric materials.

UNIT – II

MAGNETIC MATERIALS: Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic Anisotropy, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. factors effecting permeability and hysteresis

UNIT – III

SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS: Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very large scale integration techniques (VLSI)

UNIT – IV

MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS: Materials used for Resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, Liquid and Gaseous insulating materials, Effect of moisture on insulation.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT – V

SPECIAL PURPOSE MATERIALS: Refractory Materials, Structural Materials, Radioactive Materials, Galvanization and Impregnation of materials, Processing of electronic materials, Insulating varnishes and coolants, Properties and applications of mineral oils, Testing of Transformer oil as per ISI

OUTCOMES: Will be able to

- Understand various types of dielectric materials, their properties in various conditions.
- Evaluate magnetic materials and their behavior.
- Evaluate semiconductor materials and technologies.
- Materials used in electrical engineering and applications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. R K Rajput: A course in Electrical Engineering Materials, Laxmi Publications. 2009
2. T K BasaK: A course in Electrical Engineering Materials:, New Age Science Publications 2009
3. TTTI Madras: Electrical Engineering Materials
4. Adrianus J.Dekker: Electrical Engineering Materials, THM Publication.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
NANO-TECHNOLOGY

Pre-requisites: Nil

OBJECTIVES: To enable the student to understand fundamentals of nano materials and technologies for these materials and their manufacturing, applications in various fields.

UNIT - I

Background of Nanotechnology: Scientific Revolutions, Nanotechnology and Nanomachines - The Periodic Table, Atomic Structure, Molecules and Phases, Energy, Molecular and Atomic size, Surfaces and Dimensional Space, Top down and Bottom up approach.

UNIT - II

Molecular Nanotechnology: Atoms by inference, Electron Microscopes, Scanning electron microscope, Modern transmission electron microscope, Scanning probe microscope-atomic force microscope, scanning, tunneling microscope, Self Assembly.

UNIT - III

Nanopowders and Nanomaterials: Preparation, Plasma arcing, chemical vapor deposition, Sol-gels, Electrodeposition, Ball milling, using natural nanoparticles, Applications of nanomaterials.

UNIT - IV

Nanoelectronics: Approaches to nanoelectronics, Fabrication of integrated circuits, MEMS, NEMS, Nano circuits, Quantum wire, Quantum well, DNA-directed assembly and application in electronics.

UNIT - V

Applications: MEMS, NEMS, Coatings, Optoelectronic Devices, Environmental Applications, Nanomedicine.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

OUTCOMES:

- To evaluate electronic structural studies of nano materials and different synthesis methods to obtain nano structures.
- Understand characterization techniques through various measurements to study electrical, mechanical,thermal properties of nano materials.
- Applications of nano materials for specific purposes like MEMS, NEMS, nano electronics, energy storage.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Gabor L. Hornyak, **NanoThread, Inc., Golden, Colorado, USA**; H.F. Tibbals, **University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, USA**; Joydeep Dutta, **Asian Institute of Technology, Pathumthani, Thailand**; John J. Moore, **Colorado School of Mines, Golden, USA**
2. Introduction to Nanotechnology by Charles P. Poole Jr and Frank J.Owens Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Chatopadhyaya.K.K, and Banerjee A.N,
4. Introduction to nano tech by phani kumar
5. Introduction to Nano Technology by Charles P. Poole Jr and Frank J. Owens. Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
6. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Chatopadhyaya.K.K, and Banerjee A.N,

NANOTECHNOLOGY Basic Science and EmergingTsechnologies by Michael Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard Raguse**-** CHAPMAN & HALL/CRC PRESS 2002.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPERATIONS RESEARCH
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Prerequisites: None

Objectives:
Understanding the mathematical importance of development of model in a particular optimization model for the issue and solving it.

Outcomes:
Understanding the problem, identifying variables & constants, formulas of optimization model and applying appropriate optimization Techniques

UNIT – I
Development – Definition– Characteristics and Phases – Types of models – Operations Research models – applications.
ALLOCATION: Linear Programming Problem - Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Artificial variables techniques: Two–phase method, Big-M method; Duality Principle.

UNIT – II
TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM – Formulation – Optimal solution, unbalanced transportation problem – Degeneracy.
Assignment problem – Formulation – Optimal solution - Variants of Assignment Problem; Traveling Salesman problem.

UNIT – III
SEQUENCING – Introduction – Flow **–**Shop sequencing – n jobs through two machines – n jobs through three machines – Job shop sequencing – two jobs through 'm' machines-graphical model
REPLACEMENT: Introduction – Replacement of items that deteriorate with time – when money value is not counted and counted – Replacement of items that fail completely- Group Replacement.

UNIT – IV
THEORY OF GAMES: Introduction –Terminology– Solution of games with saddle points and without saddle points- 2 x 2 games –m x 2 & 2 x n games - graphical method – m x n games - dominance principle.
INVENTORY: Introduction – Single item, Deterministic models – Types - Purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks –Stochastic models – demand discrete variable or continuous variable – Single Period model with no setup cost.

UNIT – V
WAITING LINES: Introduction – Terminology-Single Channel – Poisson arrivals and Exponential Service times – with infinite population and finite population models– Multichannel – Poisson arrivals and exponential service times with infinite population.
DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING:
Introduction – Terminology- Bellman's Principle of Optimality – Applications of dynamic programming- shortest path problem – linear programming problem.

TEXT BOOK :
1. Operation Research /J.K.Sharma/ MacMilan.
2. Operations Research/A.C.S.Kumar/Yesdee

REFERENCE BOOKS :
1. Operations Research: Methods and Problems / Maurice Saseini, Arhur Yaspan and Lawrence Friedman
2. Operations Research /A.M.Natarajan, P.Balasubramaniam, A. Tamilarasi/Pearson Education.
3. Operations Research / Wagner/ PHI Publications.
4. Introduction to O.R/Hillier & Libermann (TMH).
5. Introduction to O.R /Taha/PHI

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

BASICS OF THERMODYNAMICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Pre-requisite: Engineering Chemistry and Physics

Course Objective: To understand the treatment of classical Thermodynamics and to apply the First and Second laws of Thermodynamics to engineering applications

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Understand and differentiate between different thermodynamic systems and processes
- Understand and apply the laws of Thermodynamics to different types of systems undergoing various processes
- Understand and analyze the Thermodynamic cycles

UNIT – I
Introduction: Basic Concepts:
System, Control Volume, Surrounding, Boundaries, Universe, Types of Systems, Macroscopic and Microscopic viewpoints, Concept of Continuum, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, State, Property, Process, Exact & Inexact Differentials, Cycle, Reversibility – Quasi – static Process, Irreversible Process, Causes of Irreversibility

UNIT II
Types, Displacement & Other forms of Work, Heat, Point and Path functions, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics – Concept of Temperature – Principles of Thermometry – Reference Points – Const. Volume gas Thermometer – Scales of Temperature, Ideal Gas Scale

UNIT – III
First and Second Laws of Thermodynamics: First Law: Cycle and Process, Specific Heats (cp and cv), Heat interactions in a Closed System for various processes, Limitations of First Law, Concept of Heat Engine (H.E.) and Reversed H.E. (Heat Pump and Refrigerator), Efficiency/COP, Second Law: Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements, Carnot Cycle, Carnot Efficiency, Statement of Clausius Inequality, Property of Entropy, T-S and P-V Diagrams

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT IV
Mixtures of perfect Gases – Mole Fraction, Mass friction Gravimetric and volumetric Analysis – Dalton's Law of partial pressure, Avogadro's Laws of additive volumes – Mole fraction , Volume fraction and partial pressure, Equivalent Gas const.
Atmospheric air - Psychrometric Properties – Dry bulb Temperature, Wet Bulb Temperature, Dew point Temperature, , Specific Humidity, Relative Humidity, saturated Air, Vapour pressure, Degree of saturation – Adiabatic Saturation ,Psychrometric chart.

UNIT - V
Power Cycles : Otto, Diesel cycles - Description and representation on P–V and T-S diagram, Thermal Efficiency, Mean Effective Pressures on Air standard basis
Refrigeration Cycles:
Bell-Coleman cycle, Vapour compression cycle-performance Evaluation.

TEXT BOOKS :
1. Engineering Thermodynamics / PK Nag /TMH, III Edition
2. Thermodynamics / C.P.Arora.

REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Thermodynamics – An Engineering Approach – Yunus Cengel & Boles /TMH
2. Fundamentals of Classical Thermodynamics – G. Van Wylan & R.E. Sonntag – John Wiley Pub.
3. Thermodynamics – J.P.Holman / McGrawHill
4. Engineering Thermodynamics – Jones & Dugan
5. Thermodynamics & Heat Engines – Yadav – Central Book Depot, Allahabad.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

FABRICATION PROCESSES
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Prerequisites: Nil

Objectives:
Understand the philosphipies of various Manufacturing process.

Outcomes:
For given product, one should be able identify the manufacturing process.

UNIT – I
Casting : Steps involved in making a casting – Advantage of casting and its applications; Patterns - Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances and their construction; Properties of moulding sands.
Methods of Melting - Crucible melting and cupola operation – Defects in castings;
Casting processes – Types – Sand moulding, Centrifugal casting, die-casting, Investment casting, shell moulding; Principles of Gating – Requirements – Types of gates, Design of gating systems – Riser – Function, types of Riser and Riser design.

UNIT – II
Welding: Classification – Types of welds and welded joints; Gas welding - Types, oxy-fuel gas cutting. Arc welding, forge welding, submerged arc welding, Resistance welding, Thermit welding.
Inert Gas Welding _ TIG Welding, MIG welding, explosive welding, Laser Welding; Soldering and Brazing; Heat affected zone in welding. Welding defects – causes and remedies; destructive and non- destructive testing of welds.

UNIT – III
Hot working, cold working, strain hardening, recovery, recrystallisation and grain growth.
Stamping, forming and other cold working processes. Blanking and piercing – Bending and forming – Drawing and its types – wire drawing and Tube drawing – coining – Hot and cold spinning.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Types of presses and press tools. Forces and power requirement in the above operations.

UNIT – IV
Extrusion of Metals : Basic extrusion process and its characteristics. Hot extrusion and cold extrusion - Forward extrusion and backward extrusion – Impact extrusion – Extruding equipment – Tube extrusion and pipe making, Hydrostatic extrusion. Forces in extrusion

UNIT – V
Forging Processes : Forging operations and principles – Tools – Forging methods – Smith forging, Drop Forging – Roll forging – Forging hammers : Rotary forging – forging defects – cold forging, swaging, Forces in forging operations.

TEXT BOOKS :
1. Manufacturing Technology / P.N. Rao/TMH

REFERENCE BOOKS :
1. Production Technology / R.K. Jain
2. Metal Casting / T.V Ramana Rao / New Age
3. Principles of Metal Castings / Rosenthal.
4. Welding Process / Parmar /
5. Production Technology /Sarma P C /
6. Manufacturing Engineering and Technology/Kalpakjin S/ Pearson Edu.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. ECE.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

ELECTRONIC MEASURING INSTRUMENTS
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Note: No detailed mathematical treatment is required.
Prerequisite : Nil
Course Objectives:

- It provides an understanding of various measuring systems functioning and metrics for performance analysis.
- Provides understanding of principle of operation, working of different electronic instruments viz. signal generators, signal analyzers, recorders and measuring equipment.
- Provides understanding of use of various measuring techniques for measurement of different physical parameters using different classes of transducers.

Course Outcomes:
On completion of this course student can be able to

- Identify the various electronic instruments based on their specifications for carrying out a particular task of measurement.
- Measure various physical parameters by appropriately selecting the transducers.
- Use various types of signal generators, signal analyzers for generating and analyzing various real-time signals.

Unit-I:
Block Schematics of Measuring Systems and Performance Metrics: Performance Characteristics, Static Characteristics, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution, Types of Errors, Gaussian Error, Root Sum Squares formula, Dynamic Characteristics, Repeatability, Reproducibility, Fidelity, Lag.

Unit-II:
Signal Generators: AF, RF Signal Generators, Sweep Frequency Generators, Pulse and Square wave Generators, Function Generators, Arbitrary Waveform Generator, and Specifications.

Unit-III:
Measuring Instruments: DC Voltmeters, D' Arsonval Movement, DC Current Meters, AC Voltmeters and Current Meters, Ohmmeters, Multimeters, Meter Protection, Extension of Range, True RMS Responding Voltmeters, Specifications of Instruments. CRT, Block Schematic of CRO, Time Base Circuits, Lissajous Figures, CRO Probes.

Unit-IV:
Recorders: X-Y Plotter, Curve tracer, Galvanometric Recorders, Servo transducers, pen driving mechanisms, Magnetic Recording, Magnetic recording techniques.

Unit-V:
Transducers: Classification, Strain Gauges, Bounded, unbounded; Force and Displacement Transducers, Resistance Thermometers, Hotwire Anemometers, LVDT, Thermocouples, Synchros, Special Resistance Thermometers, Digital Temperature sensing system, Piezoelectric Transducers, Variable Capacitance Transducers, Magneto Strictive Transducers.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation: B.M. Oliver, J.M. Cage TMH Reprint 2009.
2. Electronic Instrumentation: H.S.Kalsi – TMH, 2nd Edition 2004.

REFERENCES:
1. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements – David A. Bell, Oxford Univ. Press, 1997.
2. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques: A.D. Helbincs, W.D. Cooper: PHI 5th Edition 2003.
3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation – K. Lal Kishore, Pearson Education 2010.
4. Industrial Instrumentation: T.R. Padmanabham Springer 2009.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. CSE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Computer Programming & Data Structures"

Objectives

1. Introduces object oriented programming concepts using the Java language.
2. Introduces the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and demonstrates how they relate to the design of abstract classes
3. Introduces the implementation of packages and interfaces
4. Introduces exception handling, event handling and multithreading
5. Introduces the design of Graphical User Interface using applets and swings

Outcomes

1. Develop applications for a range of problems using object-oriented programming techniques
2. Design simple Graphical User Interface applications

UNIT I:

Object oriented thinking and Java Basics- Need for OOP paradigm, summary of OOP concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

UNIT II:

Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance- specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces, Exploring java.io.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT III:

Exception handling and Multithreading-- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.

String handling,Exploring java.util.Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter-thread communication, thread groups, daemon threads, Enumerations, auto boxing, annotations, generics.

UNIT IV:

Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scroll pane, dialogs, menu bar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

UNIT V:

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Java the complete reference, 7th editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
3. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development,
   R.A. Johnson- Thomson.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. CSE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Prerequisites

1. Familiarity with the theory and use of coordinate geometry and of linear algebra such as matrix multiplication.
2. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. The aim of this course is to provide an introduction of fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
2. Topics covered include graphics systems and input devices; geometric representations and 2D/3D transformations; viewing and projections; illumination and color models; animation; rendering and implementation; visible surface detection;

Outcomes

1. Acquire familiarity with the relevant mathematics of computer graphics.
2. Be able to design basic graphics application programs, including animation
3. Be able to design applications that display graphic images to given specifications

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms (Bresenham's and DDA Algorithm), mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms

Filled area primitives: Scan-line polygon fills algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

UNIT-II:

2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems

2-D viewing: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions,

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland – Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm, Polygon Filling

UNIT-III:

3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

UNIT-IV:

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.

3-D viewing: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

UNIT-V:

Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scan-line, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area sub-division and octree methods

Text Books:

1. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, Van Dam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.
3. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

References:

1. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2nd edition.
2. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
3. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Met. Engg.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

ENGINEERING MATERIALS
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Pre requisites: Nil

Course Objectives:
1. To gain an knowledge about the uses and application of various ferrous metals and alloys.
2. To gain an knowledge about the uses and application of various non ferrous alloys.
3. To gain an knowledge about the uses and application of various ceramics, polymers and composites for different engineering applications.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student would be able to recommend
1. Ferrous metals and alloys for a given engineering applications and service condition.
2. Non ferrous alloys for a given engineering applications and service condition.
3. Ceramics, Polymers and composites for a given engineering applications and service condition.

UNIT-I
FERROUS ALLOYS: Introduction, Designations and classifications for steels, Simple Heat Treatments, Effect of Alloying Elements.

UNIT-II
NONFERROUS ALLOYS: Introduction, properties and applications, Aluminum Alloys, Magnesium Alloys, Copper Alloys and Titanium Alloys.

UNIT-III
CERAMIC MATERIALS: Introduction, Properties and Applications of Ceramics, Glasses and Refractories.

UNIT-IV
POLYMERS: Introduction, Classification of Polymers, Polymerization, Degree of Polymerization,
Typical Thermoplastics and Thermosets.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-V
COMPOSITES: Introduction, Classification, Properties and Applications of Polymer matrix, Metal Matrix Ceramic Matrix and Laminar composites.

TEXT / REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Donald R. Askland, Pradeep P. Phule, The Science and Engineering of Materials (4th Edition), Thomson Publishers, 2003.
2. William D. Callister Introduction to Material Science and Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, 2007.
3. W.F.Smith, Principles of Materials Science and Engineering, Mc Graw Hill, New York, 1994.

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B.Tech. Met. Engg.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

METALLURGY FOR NON METALLURGIST
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Pre requisites: Nil

Course Objectives:
1. To describe the basic principles of metallurgy and the importance of metallurgy in various discipline of engineering.
2. Gain a thorough knowledge about heat treatment of steels.
3. Gain a knowledge about properties and uses of cast irons and non ferrous metals.
4. Gain a working knowledge of basic testing methods for metals.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course Student would be able
1. To use and apply metallurgy in his own branch of engineering.
2. The student will be able to justify the various testing methods adopted for metals.

UNIT-I
Introduction: Crystal structure and defects, Crystal structure of metals, Classification of steels, Carbon steels

UNIT-II
Heat Treatment of Steels: The Iron carbon systems, Common phases in steels, Annealing, Normalizing, Hardening and tempering

UNIT-III
Cast irons: Properties and applications of Ductile irons, Malleable irons, Compacted graphite iron.

UNIT-IV
Non Ferrous Metals: Properties and applications of Light Metals (Al , Be, Mg, Ti), Super alloys

UNIT-V
Testing of Metals: Hardness testing, Tensile Testing, Impact Testing, Fatigue Testing.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

TEXT BOOKS
1. Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction. WD Callister, Jr., Adapted by R. Balasubramaniam, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007
2. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy – SH Avner, TATA Mc GRAW HILL ,1997
3. Metallurgy for Engineers- Clark and Varney
4. Mechanical Metallurgy – G. E. Dieter

REFERENCE BOOKS
1. Engineering Physical Metallurgy and Heat treatment – Y Lakhtin
2. C. Suryanarayana, Experimental Techniques in Mechanics and Materials, John Wiley, John Wiley, NJ, USA,2006

Foundations of Materials Science and Engineering – WF Smith

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Chemical**. Engg.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-I
INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION CONTROL ENGINEERING

Objective:

To expose the students to various types of industrial pollutions and controlling techniques.

UNIT-I

Introduction to industrial pollution and types of pollution from chemical industries, Effects of pollution as environment and ecosystems-global warming-green house effect; Environmental legislatures-standards and guidelines.

UNIT –II

Air pollution- Meteorological aspects of pollution dispersion-adiabatic lapse rate-Environmental lapse rate-Turbulence and stability of atmosphere, Richardson number-Plume raise-plume behavior and characteristics, effective stack height. Major air pollutants and their sources, measurement of air pollutants

UNIT -III

General methods of control air pollutants removal of sulphur dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and organic vapors from gaseous effluents; Removal of particulate matter – principle and working of setting chambers, cyclone separators, fabric and fibre filters – electro static precipitators, Treatment of gaseous effluents.

UNIT -IV

Introduction to water pollution – water pollutants classification – characteristics of liquid effluents from fertilizer, pulp & paper and petroleum industries, estimation of oxygen demands – DO, BOD, COD, TOC – BOD curves, oxygen sag curve – modeling of BOD curves

Biological treatment of waste waters – aerobic and anaerobic methods – suspended and attached growth processes – bacteria – Reproduction in bacterial – Bacterial growth crushes, conventional activated sludge process – Trickling filters, Aerated lagoons – stabilization ponds – fluidized bed contractors.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT -V

Physical Treatment methods : Principle and working of screening – sedimentation – flotation – filtration – flocculation, Tertiary Treatment methods – carbon adsorption – Ion exchange – Reverse Osmosis, Boralin Chlorinating – Ultra filtration, Sludge treatment and disposal , removal of chromium and phenol from liquid effluents.

.

Text books:

1. Pollution control in process industries by S.P. Mahajan TMH.,1985
2. Waste water treatment by M.Narayana Rao and A.K.Datta,Oxford and IHB publ. New Delhi

References:

1. Environmental pollution and control engineering by Rao C. S. – Wiley Eastern Limited, India, 1993.
2. Air pollution control by P.Prathap mouli and N.Venkata subbayya. Divya Jyothi Prakashan, Jodhpur.

OUTCOME: The student will be able learn the sources of air, water pollution and also their treatment methods

OPEN ELECTIVE- II

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Civil Engg.

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

OPEN ELECTIVE -II
ESTIMATION, QUANTITY SURVEY & VALUATION

Pre Requisites:
Concrete Technology, RC Design, Desgin of Steel Structure

Course Objectives:
The subject provide process of estimations required for various work in construction. To have knowledge of using SOR & SSR for analysis of rates on various works .

Course Outcomes:
Able to provide control steps for disaster mitigation steps

UNIT – I
General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates – Approximate method of Estimating.

UNIT – II
Detailed Estimates of Buildings - Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules

UNIT – III
Earthwork for roads and canals.

UNIT – IV
Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contigent charges.

UNIT-V
Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation -Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

NOTE : NUMBER OF EXERCISES PROPOSED :
1. Three in flat Roof & one in Sloped Roof
2. Exercises on Data – three Nos.

Text Books:

1. Estimating and Costing by B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
2. Estimating and Costing by G.S. Birdie

Reference books:

1. Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book by public works department.
2. I. S. 1200 (Parts I to XXV – 1974/ method of measurement of building and Civil Engineering works – B.I.S.)
3. Estimation, Costing and Specifications by M. Chakraborthi; Laxmi publications.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-II

DESIGN ESTIMATION AND COSTING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Pre-requisite: Power systems-I and Power Systems-II

Objectives: Objectives of this course are

- To emphasize the estimating and costing aspects of all electrical equipment, installation and designs to analyze the cost viability.
- To design and estimation of wiring,
- To design overhead and underground distribution lines, substations and illumination design.

UNIT - I

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS OF ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS: Electric Supply System, Three phase four wire distribution system, Protection of Electric Installation against over load, short circuit and Earth fault, Earthing, General requirements of electrical installations, testing of installations, Indian Electricity rules, Neutral and Earth wire, Types of loads, Systems of wiring, Service connections , Service Mains, Sub-Circuits, Location of Outlets, Location of Control Switches, Location of Main Board and Distribution board, Guide lines for Installation of Fittings, Load Assessment, Permissible voltage drops and sizes of wires, estimating and costing of Electric installations.

UNIT - II

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION FOR DIFFERENT TYPES OF BUILDINGS AND SMALL INDUSTRIES: Electrical installations for residential buildings – estimating and costing of material, Electrical installations for commercial buildings, Electrical installations for small industries.

UNIT - III

OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION LINES: Introduction, Supports for transmission lines, Distribution lines – Materials used, Underground cables, Mechanical Design of overhead lines, Design of underground cables.

UNIT - IV

SUBSTATIONS: Introduction, Types of substations, Outdoor substation – Pole mounted type, Indoor substations – Floor mounted type.

UNIT – V

DESIGN OF ILLUMINATION SCHEMES: Introduction, Terminology in illumination, laws of illumination, various types of light sources, Practical lighting schemes LED, CFL and OCFL differences.

OUTCOMES: Students are in a position to Understand the design considerations of electrical installations.

- To design electrical installation for buildings and small industries.
- To identify and design the various types of light sources for different applications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Electrical Design Estimating and Costing, K. B. Raina, S. K. BhattAcharya, New Age International Publisher.
2. Design of Electrical Installations, Er. V. K. Jain, Er. Amitabh Bajaj, University Science Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Code of practice for Electrical wiring installations,(System voltage not exceeding 650 volts), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 732-1983.
2. Guide for Electrical layout in residential buildings, Indian Standard Institution, IS: 4648-1968.
3. Electrical Installation buildings Indian Standard Institution, IS: 2032.
4. Code of Practice for selection, Installation of Maintenance of fuse (voltage not exceeding 650V), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 3106-1966.
5. Code of Practice for earthling, Indian Standard Institution, IS:3043-1966.
6. Code of Practice for Installation and Maintenance of induction motors, Indian Standard Institution, IS: 900-1965.
7. Code of Practice for electrical wiring, Installations (system voltage not exceeding 650 Volts), Indian Standard Institution, IS: 2274-1963.
8. Electrical Installation, estimating and costing, Gupta J. B., Katson, Ludhiana.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE-II
ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS

Pre-requisite: None

Objectives: Objectives of this course are

- To enable the student to understand the need for energy storage, devices and technologies available and their applications,

UNIT - I

Electrical Energy Storage Technologies: Characteristics of electricity, Electricity and the roles of EES, High generation cost during peak-demand periods, Need for continuous and flexible supply, Long distance between generation and consumption, Congestion in power grids, Transmission by cable.

UNIT - II

Needs for Electrical Energy Storage: Emerging needs for EES, More renewable energy, less fossil fuel, Smart Grid uses, The roles of electrical energy storage technologies, The roles from the viewpoint of a utility, The roles from the viewpoint of consumers, The roles from the viewpoint of generators of renewable energy.

UNIT - III

Features of Energy Storage Systems: Classification of EES systems , Mechanical storage systems, Pumped hydro storage (PHS), Compressed air energy storage (CAES), Flywheel energy storage (FES), Electrochemical storage systems, Secondary batteries, Flow batteries, Chemical energy storage, Hydrogen (H2), Synthetic natural gas (SNG).

UNIT - IV

Types of Electrical Energy Storage systems: Electrical storage systems, Double-layer capacitors (DLC) ,Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES),Thermal storage systems ,Standards for EES, Technical comparison of EES technologies.

UNIT - V

Applications: Present status of applications, Utility use (conventional power generation, grid operation & service) , Consumer use (uninterruptable power supply for large consumers), New trends in applications ,Renewable energy generation, Smart

Grid, Smart Micro grid, Smart House, Electric vehicles, Management and control hierarchy of storage systems, Internal configuration of battery storage systems, External connection of EES systems , Aggregating EES systems and distributed generation (Virtual Power Plant), Battery SCADA– aggregation of many dispersed batteries.

OUTCOMES: After this course, the student

- Can analyze the characteristics of energy from various sources and need for storage
- Can classify various types of energy storage and various devices used for the purpose
- Can apply the same concepts to real time problems.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Energy Storage Benefits and Market Analysis' by James M. Eyer, Joseph J. Iannucci and Garth P. Corey.
2. The Electrical Energy Storage by IEC Market Strategy Board.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Jim Eyer, Garth Corey: Energy Storage for the Electricity Grid: Benefits and Market Potential Assessment Guide, Report, Sandia National Laboratories, Feb 2010.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
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OPEN ELECTIVE-II
MECHATRONICS

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Definition – Trends - Control Methods: Standalone , PC Based (Real Time Operating Systems, Graphical User Interface , Simulation) - Applications: identification of sensors and actuators in Washing machine, Automatic Camera, Engine Management, SPM, Robot, CNC, FMS, CIM.

SIGNAL CONDITIONING : Introduction – Hardware - Digital I/O , Analog input – ADC , resolution, Filtering Noise using passive components – Registors, capacitors - Amplifying signals using OP amps –Software - Digital Signal Processing – Low pass , high pass , notch filtering

UNIT – II

PRECISION MECHANICAL SYSTEMS: Modern CNC Machines – Design aspects in machine structures, guideways, feed drives, spindle and spindle bearings, measuring systems, control software and operator interface, gauging and tool monitoring.

ELECTRONIC INTERFACE SUBSYSTEMS: TTL, CMOS interfacing - Sensor interfacing – Actuator interfacing – solenoids , motors Isolation schemes- opto coupling, buffer IC's - Protection schemes – circuit breakers, over current sensing, resetable fuses, thermal dissipation - Power Supply - Bipolar transistors / MOSFETs

UNIT – III

ELECTROMECHANICAL DRIVES: Relays and Solenoids - Stepper Motors - DC brushed motors – DC brushless motors - DC servo motors - 4-quadrant servo drives , PWM's - Pulse Width Modulation – Variable Frequency Drives, Vector Drives - Drive System load calculation.

MICROCONTROLLERS OVERVIEW: 8051 Microcontroller , micro processor structure – Digital Interfacing - Analog Interfacing - Digital to Analog Convertors - Analog to Digital Convertors - Applications. Programming – Assembly, C (LED Blinking , Voltage measurement using ADC).

UNIT – IV

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS: Basic Structure - Programming : Ladder diagram -Timers, Internal Relays and Counters - Shift Registers - Master and Jump Controls - Data Handling -Analog input/output - PLC Selection - Application.

UNIT – V

PROGRAMMABLE MOTION CONTROLLERS: Introduction - System Transfer Function – Laplace transform and its application in analyzing differential equation of a control system - Feedback Devices: Position , Velocity Sensors - Optical Incremental encoders - Proximity Sensors : Inductive , Capacitive, Infrared - Continuous and discrete processes - Control System Performance & tuning - Digital Controllers - P , PI , PID Control - Control modes – Position , Velocity and Torque - Velocity Profiles – Trapezoidal- S. Curve - Electronic Gearing - Controlled Velocity Profile - Multi axis Interpolation , PTP , Linear , Circular - Core functionalities – Home , Record position , GOTO Position - Applications : SPM, Robotics.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering by W Bolton, Pearson Education Press, 3rd edition, 2005.
2. Mechatronics by M.D.Singh, J.G.Joshi PHI.
3. Mechatronics HMT

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. “Designing Intelligent Machines”. open University, London.
2. Michel B. Histand and David G. Alciatore,”
3. Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems, “Tata MC Graw Hill
4. I. C.W. Desi ha, “Control sensors and actuators,” Prentice Hall.
5. Mechatronics Source Book by Newton C Braga, Thomson Publications, Chennai.
6. Mechatronics – N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publisers.
7. Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty /Richard / Thomson.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

JET PROPULSION & ROCKET ENGINEERING
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Prerequites: None

Course outcomes:

After doing this course, student should be in position to

1. Understand Turbo Jet Propulsion System
2. Analyze the flight performance
3. Understand Principles of Jet Propulsion and Rocketry & Nozzle Theory and Characteristics
4. Learn the Aero thermo chemistry of the combustion products
5. Understand the physics of Solid propellant rocket engine, Liquid Rocket Propulsion System & Ramjet and Integral Rocket Ramjet Propulsion System**:**

Unit - I:

Turbo Jet Propulsion System:

Gas turbine cycle analysis – layout of turbo jet engine. Turbo machinery-compressors and turbines, combustor, blade aerodynamics, engine off design performance analysis.

Flight Performance:

Forces acting on vehicle – Basic relations of motion – multi stage vehicles.

Unit - II:

Principles of Jet Propulsion and Rocketry:

Fundamentals of jet propulsion, Rockets and air breathing jet engines – Classification – turbo jet , turbo fan, turbo prop, rocket (Solid and Liquid propellant rockets) and Ramjet engines.

Nozzle Theory and Characteristics Parameters:

Theory of one dimensional convergent – divergent nozzles – aerodynamic choking of nozzles and mass flow through a nozzle – nozzle exhaust velocity – thrust, thrust coefficient, A_c / A_t of a nozzle, Supersonic nozzle shape, non-adapted nozzles, summer field criteria, departure from simple analysis – characteristic parameters – 1) characteristic velocity, 2) specific impulse 3) total impulse 4) relationship between the characteristic parameters 5) nozzle efficiency, combustion efficiency and overall efficiency.

Unit - III: Aero Thermo Chemistry of The Combustion Products:
Review of properties of mixture of gases – Gibbs – Dalton laws – Equivalent ratio, enthalpy changes in reactions, heat of reaction and heat of formation – calculation of adiabatic flame temperature and specific impulse – frozen and equilibrium flows.

Solid Propulsion System:
Solid propellants – classification, homogeneous and heterogeneous propellants, double base propellant compositions and manufacturing methods. Composite propellant oxidizers and binders. Effect of binder on propellant properties. Burning rate and burning rate laws, factors influencing the burning rate, methods of determining burning rates.

Unit - IV:
Solid propellant rocket engine – internal ballistics, equilibrium motor operation and equilibrium pressure to various parameters. Transient and pseudo equilibrium operation, end burning and burning grains, grain design. Rocket motor hard ware design. Heat transfer considerations in solid rocket motor design. Ignition system, simple pyro devices.

Liquid Rocket Propulsion System:
Liquid propellants – classification, Mono and Bi propellants, Cryogenic and storage propellants, ignition delay of hypergolic propellants, physical and chemical characteristics of liquid propellant. Liquid propellant rocket engine – system layout, pump and pressure feed systems, feed system components. Design of combustion chamber, characteristic length, constructional features, and chamber wall stresses. Heat transfer and cooling aspects. Uncooled engines, injectors – various types, injection patterns, injector characteristics, and atomization and drop size distribution, propellant tank design.

Unit - V: Ramjet and Integral Rocket Ramjet Propulsion System:
Fuel rich solid propellants, gross thrust, gross thrust coefficient, combustion efficiency of ramjet engine, air intakes and their classification – critical, super critical and sub-critical operation of air intakes, engine intake matching, classification and comparison of IIRR propulsion systems.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Gas Turbines and propulsive systems-P.Khajuria& S.P.Dubey/Dhanpatrai pub.
2. Gas Dynamics & Space Propulsion M.C.Ramaswamy / Jaico Publishing House.

REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Rocket propulsion –Sutton
2. Gas Turbines /Cohen, Rogers & Sarvana Muttoo/Addision Wesley & Longman.
3. Gas Turbines-V.Ganesan /TMH.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.

L	T	P	C
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ERGONOMICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Prerequists: None

Objectives:
Provide a broad based introduction to ergonomic principles and their application in the design of work, equipment and the workplace. Consideration is given to musculo-skeletal disorders, manual handling, ergonomic aspects of the environment as well as to the social and legal aspects.

Course Outcomes:
On completing this course successfully the student will be able to:
- understand and apply ergonomic principles to the creation of safer, healthier and more efficient and effective activities in the workplace;
- understand ergonomic risk assessments and appropriate control measures;
- understand the causes of upper limb disorders and how to reduce them;
- appreciate workplace layout and equipment design;
- appreciate environmental aspects of good ergonomic design.

UNIT I
Introduction to Ergonomics, Human, Machine Systems, Basic Work Systems, Human Relations and Occupational Psychology, Hawthrone Experiments, Participation, Occupational Medicine, Human Performance Psychology, FMJ versus FJM, Human Factors and Ergonomics. Modern Work Systems and Neo, Taylorism, Attempts to Humanize Work, Generic Tools in Ergonomics, Effectiveness and Cost Effectiveness of Ergonomics in General.

UNIT II
Design and Evaluation of Manual Handing Tasks, Anatomy and Biomechanics of Manual Handling, Prevention of Manual Handling Injuries in the Workplace, Design of Manual Handling Tasks.
Body Mechanics at Work: Risk Assessment and Design, Low Back Pain, Biomechanics of Spinal Loading, Ergonomics and Musculoskeletal System in General, Effectiveness and Cost Effectiveness.

UNIT III

Physically Demanding Work: Stress and Fatigue, Physically and Psychologically Demanding Work, Muscles, Structure and Function, and Capacity, Physical work capacity.

User, Cantered Workspace Design Anthropometric Data, Statistical Essentials, Types of Anthropometric Data, Applications Of Anthropometry in Design, Multiple Workspace Configurations, Status of Anthropometry in Ergonomics.

UNIT IV

Human Error, Accidents, and Safety, Micro ergonomics, Human Error, and Accidents, Prevention of Error in Human, Machine Interaction, Macroergonomices: Performance Shaping Factors.

UNIT V

Visual Environment: Measurements and Design, Vision and the Eye, Measurement of Light, Lighting Design Considerations, Visual figure, Eyestrain, and Near Work, Status of Methods in Risk Assessment and Task design.

Hearing, Sound, Noise and Vibration, Measurement of Sound, Hearing Protection, Design of Acoustic Environment.

Text books

1. Introduction to Ergonomics(Third Edition)/ R.S.Bridger/CRC Press , Taylor & Francis Group

References

1. Human factors in Engineering and Design/E.J.McCormick/ TMH Edison
2. Motion and Time Design and Measurement of work/ Barnes Ralph., / John Wiley & sons Newyork, 2002

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.

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MECHATRONICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Pre-requisites: None.

Course objectives:

- They should be able to link up mechanical and electronics.

Outcomes:

- Develop a relationship between mechanical elements and electronics elements for proper functioning of mechanical systems.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Definition – Trends - Control Methods: Standalone , PC Based (Real Time Operating Systems, Graphical User Interface , Simulation) - Applications: identification of sensors and actuators in Washing machine, Automatic Camera, Engine Management, SPM, Robot, CNC, FMS, CIM.

SIGNAL CONDITIONING : Introduction – Hardware - Digital I/O , Analog input – ADC , resolution, Filtering Noise using passive components – Registors, capacitors - Amplifying signals using OP amps –Software - Digital Signal Processing – Low pass , high pass , notch filtering

UNIT – II

PRECISION MECHANICAL SYSTEMS :

Modern CNC Machines – Design aspects in machine structures, guideways, feed drives, spindle and spindle bearings, measuring systems, control software and operator interface, gauging and tool monitoring.

Note: (text book: Mechatronics HMT – chapter 5)

ELECTRONIC INTERFACE SUBSYSTEMS : TTL, CMOS interfacing - Sensor interfacing – Actuator interfacing – solenoids , motors Isolation schemes- opto coupling, buffer IC's - Protection schemes – circuit breakers , over current sensing , resetable fuses , thermal dissipation - Power Supply - Bipolar transistors / mosfets

UNIT – III

ELECTROMECHANICAL DRIVES : Relays and Solenoids - Stepper Motors - DC brushed motors – DC brushless motors - DC servo motors -

4-quadrant servo drives , PWM's - Pulse Width Modulation – Variable Frequency Drives, Vector Drives - Drive System load calculation.
MICROCONTROLLERS OVERVIEW : 8051 Microcontroller , micro processor structure – Digital Interfacing - Analog Interfacing - Digital to Analog Convertors - Analog to Digital Convertors - Applications. Programming –Assembly, C (LED Blinking , Voltage measurement using ADC).

UNIT – IV
PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS : Basic Structure - Programming : Ladder diagram -Timers, Internal Relays and Counters - Shift Registers - Master and Jump Controls - Data Handling -Analog input / output - PLC Selection - Application.

UNIT – V
PROGRAMMABLE MOTION CONTROLLERS : Introduction - System Transfer Function – Laplace transform and its application in analysing differential equation of a control system - Feedback Devices : Position , Velocity Sensors - Optical Incremental encoders - Proximity Sensors : Inductive , Capacitive , Infrared - Continuous and discrete processes - Control System Performance & tuning - Digital Controllers - P , PI , PID Control - Control modes – Position , Velocity and Torque - Velocity Profiles – Trapezoidal- S. Curve - Electronic Gearing - Controlled Velocity Profile - Multi axis Interpolation , PTP , Linear , Circular - Core functionalities – Home , Record position , GOTO Position - Applications : SPM, Robotics.

TEXT BOOKS :
1. Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering by W Bolton, Pearson Education Press, 3rd edition, 2005.
2. Mechatronics/M.D.Singh/J.G.Joshi/PHI.

REFERENCE:
1 "Designing Intelligent Machines". open University, London.
2 Michel B. Histand and David G. Alciatore,"
3 Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems, "Tata MC Graw hill
4 I. C.W. Desi ha, "Control sensors and actuators," Prentice Hall.
5 Mechatronics Source Book by Newton C Braga, Thomson Publications, Chennai.
6 Mechatronics – N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publisers.
Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty/Richard/Thomson.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. ECE. **L T P C**
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PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Prerequsite : Nil

Course Objectives:
The objective of this subject is to:
- Introduce the students to modulation and various analog and digital modulation schemes.
- They can have a broad understanding of satellite, optical, cellular, mobile, wireless and telecom concepts.

Course Outcomes:
By completing this subject, the student can
- Work on various types of modulations.
- Should be able to use these communication modules in implementation.
- Will have a basic understanding of various wireless and cellular, mobile and telephone communication systems.

Unit 1:
Introduction: Need for Modulation, Frequency translation, Electromagnetic spectrum, Gain, Attenuation and decibels.

Unit 2:
Simple description on Modulation: Analog Modulation-AM, FM, Pulse Modulation-PAM, PWM, PCM, Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, FSK, PSK, QPSK modulation and demodulation schemes.

Unit 3:
Telecommunication Systems: Telephones Telephone system, Paging systems, Internet Telephony.
Networking and Local Area Networks: Network fundamentals, LAN hardware, Ethernet LANs, Token Ring LAN.

Unit 4:
Satellite Communication: Satellite Orbits, satellite communication systems, satellite subsystems, Ground Stations Satellite Applications, Global Positioning systems.

Optical Communication: Optical Principles, Optical Communication Systems, Fiber –Optic Cables, Optical Transmitters & Receivers, Wavelength Division Multiplexing.

Unit 5:

Cellular and Mobile Communications: Cellular telephone systems, AMPS, GSM, CDMA, WCDMA.

Wireless Technologies: Wireless LAN, PANs and Bluetooth, ZigBee and Mesh Wireless networks, Wimax and MANs, Infrared wireless, RFID communication, UWB.

Text Books:

1. Principles of Electronic Communication Systems, Louis E. Frenzel, 3e, McGraw Hill publications, 2008.
2. Kennady, Davis, Electronic Communications systems, 4e, TMH, 1999

Reference Books:

1. Tarmo Anttalainen, Introduction to Telecommunications Network Engineering, Artech House Telecommunications Library.
2. Theodore Rappaport, Wireless Communications-Principles and practice, Printice Hall, 2002.
3. Roger L. Freeman, Fundamentals of Telecommunications, 2e, Wiley publications.
4. Wayne Tomasi, Introduction to data communications and networking, Pearson Education, 2005.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. CSE

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II
DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Prerequisites

1. A course on “Advanced Data Structures”

Objectives

1. To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
2. To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
3. Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

Outcomes

1. Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
2. Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
3. Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
4. Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

UNIT I:

Database System Applications: database system Vs. file system, view of data, data abstraction, instances and schemas, data models, the ER model, relational model, other models, database languages, DDL, DML, database access for application programs, database users and administrator, transaction management, database system structure, storage manager, the query processor, history of data base systems, data base design and ER diagrams, beyond ER design entities, attributes and entity sets, relationships and relationship sets, additional features of ER model, concept design with the ER Model, conceptual design for large enterprises.

UNIT II:

Introduction to the Relational Model: integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering

tables and views, form of basic SQL query, examples of basic SQL queries, introduction to nested queries, correlated nested queries, set comparison operators, aggregation operators, NULL values, comparison using null values, logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, impact on SQL constructs, outer joins, disallowing NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases, Oracle, SQL Server, DB2.

UNIT III:

Relational Algebra: Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

Schema refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, dependency preserving decomposition, schema refinement in database design, multi valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

UNIT IV:

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity. Recovery and Atomicity, Log–Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

UNIT V:

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

Text Books:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Mc Graw hill, V edition.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

References:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J. Date Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. C.S.E.

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OPEN ELECTIVE -II
CYBER SECURITY

Prerequisites

1. A Course on "Network Security and Cryptography"

Objectives

1. The purpose of the course is to educate on cyber security and the legal perspectives of cyber crimes and cyber offenses.
2. Introduce tools and methods for enhancing cyber security.
3. Topics include- cyber crimes, cyber offenses, cyber crimes on mobile and wireless devices, tools and methods to prevent cyber crimes, legal perspectives of cyber crimes and cyber security, computer forensics, Intellectual Property Rights and cyber terrorism

Outcomes

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of cyber security and understand the Indian and Global Act concerning cyber crimes
2. Employ security and privacy methods in the development of modern applications such that personal data is protected; and provide safe Internet usage.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Cybercrime:

Introduction, Cybercrime and Information security, who are cyber criminals, Classification of Cyber crimes, Cybercrime: The legal Perspectives and Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A Global Perspective on Cyber crimes.

Cyber offenses: How criminals Plan Them

Introduction, How Criminals plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Computing.

UNIT-II

Cybercrime: Mobile and Wireless Devices

Introduction, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Tools and Methods Used in Cyber Crime:

Introduction, Proxy services and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow, Attacks on Wireless Networks.

UNIT III

Cyber crimes and Cyber Security: the Legal Perspectives Introduction

Cyber Crime and Legal Landscape around the world, Why Do We Need Cyber laws: The Indian Context, The Indian IT Act, Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario In India, Digital signatures and the Indian IT Act, Amendments to the Indian IT Act, Cybercrime and Punishment Cyber law, Technology and Students: Indian Scenario.

Understanding Computer Forensics

Introduction, Historical background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics Science, The Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital evidence, Forensics Analysis of Email, Digital Forensics Lifecycle, Chain of Custody concept, Network Forensics, Approaching a computer, Forensics Investigation, Challenges in Computer Forensics, Special Tools and Techniques Forensics Auditing

UNIT IV

Cyber Security: Organizational Implications

Introduction, cost of cyber crimes and IPR issues, web threats for organizations, security and privacy implications, social media marketing: security risks and perils for organizations, social computing and the associated challenges for organizations.

Cybercrime and Cyber terrorism: Introduction, intellectual property in the cyberspace, the ethical dimension of cyber crimes the psychology, mindset and skills of hackers and other cyber criminals

UNIT V

Cybercrime: Illustrations, Examples and Mini-Cases

Examples:

Official Website of Maharashtra Government Hacked, Indian Banks Lose Millions of Rupees, Parliament Attack, Pune City Police Bust Nigerian Racket, e-mail spoofing instances.

Mini-Cases:

The Indian Case of online Gambling, An Indian Case of Intellectual Property Crime, Illustrations of Financial Frauds in Cyber Domain, Digital Signature-Related Crime Scenarios.

Text book:

1. **Cyber Security**: *Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives*, Nina Godbole and Sunil Belapure, Wiley INDIA.

Reference book:

1. **Cyber Security Essentials**, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Met. Engg.

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CORROSION ENGINEERING
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Pre-requisites: NIL

Course Objectives:

1. To demonstrate electrometallurgy principles in deposition winning and the efficiency of the bath.
2. To determine corrosion rate/ resistance of metals and alloys.
3. To explain corrosion protection methods and tests.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able:

1. To gain knowledge in various types of electrolytic cells and the processes taking place in them.
2. To obtain knowledge about the importance of controlling corrosion and its prevention measures.
3. The course is useful for higher studies, R&D, and also for getting into jobs in industries.

UNIT - I

Introduction, Electro Chemistry principles, electrochemical reactions, Polarization, passivity, environmental effects (oxygen, oxidizers, velocity, temperature, corrosive concentration, Galvanic coupling).

UNIT - II

Corrosion, Introduction, Definition, classification, Forms of corrosion, uniform corrosion,
Two metal corrosion: Sacrificial anode, EMF and Galvanic Series, Environmental effects,
Pitting corrosion: Pit shape and growth, Autocatalytic Nature of pitting, Crevice corrosion.

UNIT - III

Intergranular corrosion: Sensitization, weld decay, Knife-Line attack, Stress corrosion cracking: crack morphology, stress effects, environmental factors, metallurgical factors, Erosion corrosion: cavitation damage, fretting corrosion, Corrosion fatigue.

UNIT - IV

Corrosion prevention methods: Alteration of Environment (Inhibitors), Design, Coatings, cathodic and anodic protection. Material selection, Metallurgical aspects, Hydrogen damage (hydrogen blistering, Hydrogen embrittlement, Prevention).

UNIT - V

Modern theory and applications of corrosion: Introduction, free energy, cell potentials, emf series, applications of thermodynamics to corrosion, Corrosion rate expressions and measurements, corrosion testing.

Text / Reference Books:

1. Theory of Corrosion and Protection of Metals, N. D. Tomashov, Macmillan, 1967.
2. Corrosion Engineering, M. G. Fontana, 3rd edition, McGraw-Hill, 1985.
3. Corrosion and Corrosion Control, H. H. Uhlig, Wiley, 1985.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Met. Engg.

L	T	P	C
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TESTING OF MATERIALS
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Pre-requisites: NIL

Course Objectives:

1. To gain and understanding of the response of various metals under the application of stress and/or temperature.
2. To build necessary theoretical back ground of the role of lattice defects in governing bot;h elastic and plastic properties of metals will be discussed.
3. Obtain a working knowledge of various hardness testing machines BHN, VHN, RHN
4. Obtain a working knowledge of creep and fatigue and analysis of data.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Classify mechanical testing of ferrous and non-ferrous metals and alloys.
2. Recognize the importance of crystal defects including dislocations in plastic deformation.
3. Identify the testing methods for obtaining strength and hardness.
4. Examine the mechanisms of materials failure through fatigue and creep

UNIT – I

Introduction, Importance of testing
Hardness Test: Methods of hardness testing – Brinell, Vickers, Rockwell hardness tests.
The Impact Test: Notched bar impact test and its significance, Charpy and Izod Tests, fracture toughness testing - COD and CTOD tests, significance of transition temperature curve.

UNIT - II

The Tension Test: Engineering stress-strain and True stress-strain curves. Tensile properties, conditions for necking. Stress-Strain diagrams for steel, Aluminum and cast iron.

UNIT - III

Fatigue Test: Introduction, Stress cycles, S-N Curve, Effect of mean stress, Mechanism of fatigue failure, Effect of stress concentration, size, surface condition and environments on fatigue.

UNIT – IV

Creep and Stress Rupture: Introduction, The creep curve, Stress-rupture test, Structural changes during creep, Mechanism of creep deformation, theories of creep. Fracture at elevated temperature.

UNIT – V

NDT: Principle, Operation, Advantages and Limitations of Liquid Penetrant, Magnetic Particle, Radio graphy and Ultrasonic tests.

TEXT / REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Mechanical Metallurgy – G. E. Dieter
2. Mechanical behavior - Ed. Wulf.
3. Mechanical Metallurgy – White & Lemay.

Testing of Materials - A.V.K. Suryanarayana

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Chemical**. Engg.**

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- To know the Classification of solid waste and characterization of the same
- Understand the sense of onsite handling storage and collection systems including transportation
- Understand the different processing technologies of solid waste

Unit I

Introduction: Definition, characteristics and perspectives of solid waste. Types of solid waste. Physical and chemical characteristics. Variation of composition and characteristics. Municipal, industrial, special and hazardous wastes.

General aspects: Overview of material flow in society. Reduction in raw material usage. Reduction in solid waste generation. Reuse and material recovery. General effects on health and environment. Legislations.

Unit II

Engineered systems: Typical generation rates.Estimation and factors effecting generation rates. On site handling.Storage and processing. Collection systems and devices. Transfer and transport.

Unit III

Processing Techniques: Mechanical volume reduction. Thermal volume reduction. Component separation. Land filling and land forming. Deep well injection.

Unit IV

Material recovery: Mechanical size alteration. Electromagnetic separation. Drying and dewatering. Other material recovery systems. Recovery of biological conversion products. Recovery of thermal conversion products.

Energy recovery: Energy recovery systems and efficiency factors. Determination of output and efficiency. Details of energy recovery systems. Combustion incineration and heat recovery. Gasification and pyrolysis. Refuse derived fuels (RDF).

Unit V

Case studies: Major industries and management methods used in typical industries – Coal fired power stations, textile industry, oil refinery, distillery, sugar industry, and radioactive waste generation units.

Text Books:

1. Howard S. Peavy, Environmental Engineering, McGraw Hill International Edition, 1986.
2. Dutta, Industrial Solid Water Management and Land Filling Practice, Narose Publishing House, 1999.

Reference Books:

1. Sastry C.A., Waste Treatment Plants, Narose Publishing House, 1995.
2. Lagrega, Hazardous Waste Management, McGraw Hill, 1994.

Outcomes:

The student will be able to

- Apply the knowledge of characterization of waste and develop a suitable management plan
- Assess the cost of transportation and laboratory processing of solid waste
- Identify hazardous nature of waste if any and can suggest suitable dumping methods.
- Suggest processing waste for material for energy recovery.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

OPEN ELECTIVE- III

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Civil Engg.

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OPEN ELECTIVE -III
ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Pre Requisites: Environmental Engineering

Course Objectives:

This subject will cover various aspects of Environment Impact Assessment methodologies, impact of development activities. Impact on surface water, Air and Biological Environment, Environment legislation Environment.

Course Outcomes: Environmental Science

UNIT – I

Basic concept of EIA : Initial environmental Examination, Elements of EIA, - factors affecting E-I-A Impact evaluation and analysis, preparation of Environmental Base map, Classification of environmental parameters.

E I A Methodologies: introduction, Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods, cost/benefit Analysis.

UNIT-II

Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, environmental Impact of Deforestation – Causes and effects of deforestation.

UNIT-III

Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures.

UNIT – IV

Environmental Audit & Environmental legislation objectives of Environmental Audit, Types of environmental Audit, Audit protocel, stages of Environmental Audit, onsite activities, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report, Post Audit activities.

UNIT - V

The Environmental Protection Act, The water Act, The Air (Prevention & Control of pollution Act.), Motor Act, Wild life Act. Case studies and preparation of Environmental Impact assessment statement for various Industries.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Text Books:

1. Larry Canter – Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw-Hill Publications
2. Barthwal, R. R. B. – Environmental Impact Assessment, New Age International Publications

References:

1. Glynn, J. and Gary, W. H. K. - Environmental Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall Publishers
2. Suresh K. Dhaneja - Environmental Science and Engineering, S.K.,Katania & Sons Publication., New Delhi.
3. Bhatia, H. S. - Environmental Pollution and Control, Galgotia Publication(P) Ltd, Delhi.
   Wathern, P. – Environmental Impact Assessment: Theory & Practice, Publishers- Routledge, London, 1992.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

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OPEN ELECTIVE-III
ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING

(Students must read text book. Faculty are free to choose any other cases)

Course Aim:

It enables the student to understand the foundations of Enterprise planning and ERP System Options.

Learning Outcome: The student understands the challenges in implementation of ERP system, ERP System Implementation options, and functional modules of ERP.

1. Introduciton to ERP- Foundation for Understanding ERP systems-Buisiness benefits of ERP-The challenges of impelmenting ERP system-ERP modules and Historical Developement.
   Case: Response top RFP for ban ERP system (Mary Sumner).
2. ERP system options & Selection methods-Measurement of project Inpact- information Technology Selection-ERP proposal evaluvation-Project Evaluvation Technique.(David L.olson).
   Case: Atlantic Manufacturing (Mary Sumner).
3 ERP system Installation Options- IS/IT Management results-Risk Identificatioon analysis-System Projects- Demonstation of the system-Failure method-system Architecture & ERP (David L.Olson)
   Case: DataSolutiions & Technology Knowledge (Mary Sumner).
4 ERP - sales and Marketing- Managment control process in sales and markring-ERP custoemr relatonship managment-ERP systems-Accounting & Fiance control processes. Fiancial modules in ERP systems.
   Case: atalantic manufacturing (Mary Sumner).
5 ERP – Produciton and Material Managment-Control process on produciton and manuifacturing-Produciton module in ERP- supply chain Managmeent & e-market place-e-businesss & ERP-e supply chian & ERP- Future directions for ERP.
   Case: HR in atalntic manufacturing. (Mary Sumner).

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Text Book:

1. **Mary Sumner " Enterprice Resource Planning" Pearson, 2012**.

Referencs:

1. David L.Olson " Managerial Issues in ERP systems" TMH 2012.
2. Ellen Monk "Enterprice Resource Planning" Cengage, 2012.
3. Alexis Leon "Enterprice Resource Planning" 2e, TMH ,2012
4. Goyal "Enterprice Resource Planning" TMH, 2012
5. Jagan Nathan Vaman "ERP Srategies for Steering Orgnizationsal competence and competetive Advantage" TMH, 2012.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

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OPEN ELECTIVE-III

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (MIS)

The objective of the course is to provide the basic concepts of Enterprise Resource Planning and Management of Information System.

Unit – 1: Introduction to IS Models and Types of Information systems – Nolan Stage Hypothesis, IS Strategic Grid, Wards Model, Earl's Multiple Methodology, Critical Success Factors, Soft Systems Methodology, Socio-Technical Systems Approach (Mumford), System Develop Life Cycle, Prototype and End User Computing, Application Packages, Outsourcing, Deciding Combination of Methods. Types of Information Systems

Unit – 2: IS Security, Control and Audit– System Vulnerability and Abuse, business value of security and control, Need for Security, Methods of minimizing risks IS Audit, ensuring system quality.

Unit – 3: Induction to ERP: Overview of ERP, MRP, MRPII and Evolution of ERP, Integrated Management Systems, Reasons for the growth of ERP, Business Modeling, Integrated Data Model, Foundations of IS in Business, Obstacles of applying IT, ERP Market- ERP Modules: Finance, Accounting Systems, Manufacturing and Production Systems, Sales and Distribution Systems, , Human Resource Systems, Plant Maintenance System, Materials Management System, Quality Management System, ERP System Options and Selection, ERP proposal Evaluation.

Unit – 4: Benefits of ERP: Reduction of Lead Time, On-Time Shipment, Reduction in Cycle Time, Improved Resource Utilisation, Better Customer Satisfaction, Improved Supplier Performance, Increased Flexibility, Reduced Quality Costs, Improved Information Accuracy and Design Making Capabilities.

Unit – 5: ERP Implementation and Maintenance: Implementation Strategy Options, Features of Successful ERP Implementation, Strategies to Attain Success, User Training, Maintaining ERP & IS**.** Case Studies.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

References

- Gordon B. Davis & Margrethe H.Olson: Management Information Systems, TMH, 2009.
- C Laudon and Jane P.Laudon, et al: Management Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2009.
- Alexis Leon: ERP (Demystified), 5/E, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- C.S.V.Murthy: Management Information System, Himalaya,2009
- James A. Obrein: Management Information Systems, TMH, 2009
- David L Olson: Managerial Issues of Enterprise Resource Planning Systems, McGraw Hill, International Edition-2009.
- Rainer, Turban, Potter: Introduction to Information Systems, WILEY-India, 2009.
- Vaman, ERP in Practice, TMH, 2009
- Dharminder and Sangeetha: Management Information Systems, Excel, 2009
- Gerald V.Post, David L Anderson: Management Information Systems, Irvin McGraw Hill, 2009.
- Monk: Concepts in ERP, Cengage, 2009
- Olson: Managerial Issues of ERO, TMH, 2009
- Motiwala:Enterprise Resource Planning, Pearson 2009
- Miller:MIS—Cases, Pearson, 2009

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. EEE

L	T	P	C
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OPEN ELECTIVE-III
ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

The objective of the course is to provide the students with the conceptual framework and the theories underlying Organisational Behaviour.

Unit-1: Introduction to OB - Definition, Nature and Scope – Environmental and organizational context – Impact of IT, globalization, Diversity, Ethics, culture, reward systems and organizational design on Organisational Behaviour. Cognitive Processes-I : Perception and Attribution: Nature and importance of Perception – Perceptual selectivity and organization - Social perception – Attribution Theories – Locus of control –Attribution Errors –Impression Management.

Unit-2: Cognitive Processes-II: Personality and Attitudes - Personality as a continuum – Meaning of personality - Johari Window and Transactional Analysis - Nature and Dimension of Attitudes – Job satisfaction and organisational commitment-Motivational needs and processes- Work-Motivation Approaches Theories of Motivation-Motivation across cultures - Positive organizational behaviour: Optimism – Emotional intelligence – Self-Efficacy.

Unit-3: Dynamics of OB-I: Communication – types - interactive communication in organizations – barriers to communication and strategies to improve the follow of communication - Decision Making: Participative decision making techniques – creativity and group decision making . Dynamics of OB –II Stress and Conflict: Meaning and types of stress –Meaning and types of conflict - Effect of stress and intra-individual conflict - strategies to cope with stress and conflict.

Unit-4: Dynamics of OB –III Power and Politics: Meaning and types of power – empowerment - Groups Vs. Teams – Nature of groups – dynamics of informal groups – dysfunctions of groups and teams – teams in modern work place.

Unit-5: Leading High performance: Job design and Goal setting for High performance- Quality of Work Life- Socio technical Design and High performance work practices - Behavioural performance management: reinforcement and punishment as principles of Learning –Process of Behavioural modification - Leadership theories - Styles, Activities and skills of Great leaders.

References

- Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behaviour 10/e, McGraw-Hill, 2009
- McShane: Organizational Behaviour, 3e, TMH, 2008
- Nelson: Organizational Behaviour, 3/e, Thomson, 2008.
- Newstrom W.John & Davis Keith, Organisational Behaviour--Human Behaviour at Work, 12/e, TMH, New Delhi, 2009.
- Pierce and Gardner: Management and Organisational Behaviour: An Integrated perspective, Thomson, 2009.
- Robbins, P.Stephen, Timothy A. Judge: Organisational Behaviour, 12/e, PHI/Pearson , New Delhi, 2009.
- Pareek Udai: Behavioural Process at Work:,Oxford &IBH, New Delhi, 2009.
- Schermerhorn: Organizational Behaviour 9/e, Wiley, 2008.
- Hitt: Organizational Behaviour,Wiley, 2008
- Aswathappa: Orgganisational Behaviour,7/e,Himalaya, 2009
- Mullins: Management and Organisational Behaviour, Pearson, 2008.
- McShane,Glinow: Organisational Behaviour--Essentials, TMH, 2009.
- Ivancevich: Organisational Behaviour and Management, 7/e, TMH, 2008.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTICS
OPENELECTIVE -III

Pre-Requiests: None

Course outcomes:
After this completion of this course, the student should be able to understand thre basic components of robots, differentiate types of robots and robot grippers, model forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators, analyse forces in links and joints of a robot, programme a robot to perform tasks in industrial applications, design intelligent robots using sensors.

Unit 1
Robotics-Introduction-classification with repect to geometrical configuration (Anatomy) , Controled system & chain type:. Serial manipulator & Parallel Manipulator. Components of Industrail robotics-Precesion of movement-resolution, accuracy & repeatability-Dynamic characteristics- speed of motion, load carrying capacity & speed of response-Sensors-Internal sensors: Position sensors,& Velocity sensors,External sensors: Proximity sensors, Tactile Sensors, & Force or Torque sensors.

Unit 2
Grippers - Mechanical Gripper-Grasping force-Engelberger-g-factors-mechanisms for actuation, Magnetic gripper , vaccume cup gripper-considerations in gripper selection & design . Industrial robots spefications.Selection based on the Application.

Unit 3
Kinematics-Manipulators Kinematics, Rotation Matrix, Homogenous Transformation Matrix, D-H transformation matrix, D-H method of assignment of frames. Direct and Inverse Kinematics for industrial robots. Differential Kinematicsfor planar serial robots

Unit 4
Trajectory planning: Joint space scheme- Cubic polynomial fit-Obstacle avoidance in operation space-cubic polynomial fit with via point, bleding scheme. Introduction Cartesian space scheme.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

ontrol- Interaction control, Rigid Body mechanics, Control architecture-position, path velocity and force control systems, computed torque control, adaptive control, and Servo system for robot control.

Unit 5
Programming of Robots and Vision System-Lead through programming methods- Teach pendent- overview of various textual programming languages like VAL etc.
Machine (robot) vision:

Textbooks:
1. Fu, K.S., Gonzalez, R.C., and Lee, C.S.G., *Robotics control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence*, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Industrail Robotics/Grover/ McGraw hill
3. Robotics/ Mittal and Nagarath/ TMH

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1 Robot Dynamics and Controls / Spony and Vidyasagar / John Wiley
2 Robot Analysis and control Asada and Slotine / Wiley Inter-Science
3 Introduction to Robotics / John J Craig / Pearson Education

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

NON-CONVENTIONAL SOURCES OF ENERGY
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Pre-requisites: None

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to identify renewable energy sources and their utilization. Understand the basic concepts of solar radiation and analyze the working of solar and thermal systems. Understand principles of energy conversion from alternate sources including wind, geothermal, ocean, biomass, biogas and hydrogen. Understand the concepts and applications of fuel cells, thermoelectric convertor and MHD generator. Identify methods of energy storage for specific applications

UNIT – I
PRINCIPLES OF SOLAR RADIATION: Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power - Physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation, Solar radiation on titled surface, Instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTION: Flat plate and concentrating collectors, classification of concentrating collectors, orientation and thermal analysis, advanced collectors.

UNIT - II
SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS: Different methods, sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar applications - solar heating/cooling techniques, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

WIND ENERGY: Sources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics, Betz criteria

UNIT - III
BIO-MASS: Principles of Bio-Conversion, Anaerobic /aerobic digestion, types of Bio-gas digesters, gas yield, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C. Engine operation, and economic aspects.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT – IV
GEOTHERMAL ENERGY: Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India.
OCEAN ENERGY – OTEC, Principles, utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and Wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, their economics.

UNIT –V
DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION: Need for DEC, Carnot cycle, limitations, Principles of DEC. Thermo-electric generators, Seebeck, Peltier and Joule Thompson effects, figure of merit, materials, applications, MHD generators, principles, dissociation and ionization, hall effect, magnetic flux, MHD accelerator, MHD engine, power generation systems, electron gas dynamic conversion, economic aspects. Fuel cells, principle, faraday's laws, thermodynamic aspects, selection of fuels and operating conditions.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Renewable Energy Resources / Tiwari and Ghosal / Narosa
2. Non- conventional Energy Sources / G.D. Rai
3. Biological Energy Resources/ Malcolm Fleischer & Chris Lawis.

REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Renewable Energy Sources / Twidell & Weir
2. Solar Energy / Sukhame
3. Solar Power Engineering / B.S. Magal Frank Kreith & J.F. Kreith
4. Principles of Solar Energy / Frank Krieth & John F Kreider
5. Non-Conventional Energy / Ashok V Desai / Wiley Eastern
6. Non-Conventional Energy Systems / K Mittal / Wheeler
7. Renewable Energy Technologies / Ramesh & Kumar / Narosa

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Mech. Engg.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

ASPECTS OF HEAT TRANSFER IN ELECTRONICALLY CONTROLLED UNITS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Pre-requisites: None

Outcomes:
After the course student should be able to analyse conduction, convection and radiation heat transfer modes, heat generation, conduction and dissipation in electronically controlled units.

UNIT-I
Conduction Heat transfer: Modes of heat transfer, Fourier's law of steady state heat conduction (one dimensional conduction), thermal conductivity and its unit, conduction through slab or plane wall, hollow cylinders and spheres conduction through composite walls and hollow cylinders and spheres with multi-layers, Convective heat transfer, Newton's law of cooling, electrical analogy and overall heat transfer coefficient, numerical problems

UNIT-II
Convective and radiation Heat transfer:
Dimensional analysis as a tool for experimental investigation, Buckingham pi theorem and method, radiation and radiation properties of surfaces, black body, emissive power, Stefan Boltzmann's law, emissivity, monochromatic emissive power and monochromatic emissivity, grey body, Kirchoff's law, Wien's displacement law, numerical problems.

UNIT - III
Cooling of Electronic equipment:
Introduction and history, manufacturing of electronic equipment, cooling load of electronic equipment, thermal environment, electronics cooling in different applications, conduction cooling, air cooling: natural convection and radiation, air cooling: forced convection, liquid cooling, immersion cooling, heat pipes, cooling of chips, PCBs, computers, logic chips etc.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT - IV
Refrigeration and Air conditioning: Introduction to refrigeration, necessity and applications, unit of refrigeration and cop, Principle of vapour compression and absorption system – Layout of typical domestic refrigerator – Window and Split type room Air conditioner.

UNIT-V
Heat pipes: structure – operation - construction - thermal resistance-performance characteristics - effects of working fluid and operating temperature, wick - selection of material - pore size, applications.

Text books:
1. Heat Transfer- A practical approach by Yunus A. Cengel,Tata Mc Graw-Hill Edition
2. Heat Transfer – A conceptual approach – P.K.Sarma & K.Rama Krishna/New age
3. A course in Refrigeration and Air conditioning – SC Arora and & Domkundwar / Dhanpatrai

Reference books:
1. Fundamentals of Engineering, Heat and mass transfer – R.C. Sachdeva/New Age
2. Heat & mass Transfer – D.S.Kumar/S.K.Kataria & sons

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. ECE.	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
	3	**0**	**0**	**3**

PRINCIPLES OF COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Prerequisite : Nil

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concept of computer communication.
- To learn about the networking concept, layered protocols.
- To understand various communications concepts.
- To get the knowledge of various networking equipment.

Course Outcomes:

- The student can get the knowledge of networking of computers, data transmission between computers.
- Will have the exposure about the various communication concepts.
- Will get awareness about the structure and equipment of computer network structures.

UNIT-I

Overview of Computer Communications and Networking :

Introduction to Computer Communications and Networking , Introduction to Computer Network , Types of Computer Networks, Network Addressing, Routing , Reliability, Interoperability and Security, Network Standards, The Telephone System and Data Communications.

UNIT-II

Essential Terms and Concepts :

Computer Applications and application protocols, Computer Communications and Networking models, Communication Service Methods and data transmission modes, analog and Digital Communications , Speed and capacity of a Communication Channel, Multiplexing and switching, Network architecture and the OSI reference model.

UNIT-III

Analog and Digital Communication Concepts :

Representing data as analog signals, representing data as digital signals, data rate and bandwidth reduction , Digital Carrier Systems.

UNIT-IV

Physical and data link layer Concepts:

The Physical and Electrical Characteristics of wire, Copper media, fiber optic media, wireless Communications. Introduction to data link Layer , the logical link control and medium access control sub-layers.

UNIT-V

Network Hardware Components:

Introduction to Connectors, Transreceivers and media convertors, repeaters, network interference cards and PC cards, bridges, switches, switches Vs Routers.

Text Books:

2. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Michel A. Gallo and William H. Hancock, Thomson Brooks / Cole.

Reference Books:

1. Principles of Computer Networks and Communications, M. Barry Dumas, Morris Schwartz, Pearson.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. C.S.E

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE -III
WEB TECHNOLOGIES

Prerequisites

1. A Course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures"

Objectives

1. To learn the basic web concepts and Internet protocols
2. To introduce XML and processing of XML data
3. To introduce client side scripting with Javascript and DHTML
4. To introduce server side programming with Java servlets and JSP

Outcomes

1. Ability to create dynamic and interactive web sites
2. Gain knowledge of client side scripting using java sript and DHTML.
3. Demonstrate understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML data
4. Able to do server side programming with Java Servelets and JSP

UNIT I: Introduction

Web Essentials - Clients, Servers and Communication: The Internet, Basic Internet Protocols: TCP/IP, UDP, DNS, The World Wide Web: Hypertext Transport Protocol, HTTP Request Message, HTTP Response Message, Web Clients, Web Servers.

Markup Languages – **HTML**: Basic Tags, Forms, Style sheets

UNIT II: Client-Side Programming

Introduction to JavaScript, JavaScript in Perspective, Basic Syntax, Variables and Data Types, Statements, Operators, Literals, Functions, Objects, Arrays, Built-in Objects, JavaScript Debuggers.

Host Objects - Browsers and the DOM: Introduction to the Document Object Model, Intrinsic Event Handling, Modifying Element Style, The Document Tree, DOM Event Handling.

UNIT III: Server-Side Programming

Java Servlets: Servlet Architecture, Servlets Generating Dynamic Content, Servlet Life Cycle, Parameter Data, Sessions, Cookies, URL Rewriting, Case Study.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT IV: Representing Web Data

XML: XML Documents and Vocabularies, XML Versions and the XML Declaration, XML Namespaces, DOM-Based XML Processing, Event-oriented Parsing: SAX, Transforming XML Documents, Selecting XML Data: XPath, Template-based Transformation: XSLT, Displaying XML Documents in Browsers, Case Study.

UNIT V: Separating Programming and Presentation

JSP Technology: Introduction to JavaServer Pages, Running JSP Applications, Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes and JSP, Tag Libraries and Files, Support for the Model-View-Controller Paradigm, Case Study.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Web Technologies: A Computer Science Perspective, Jeffrey C. Jackson, Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson International, 2012, 4th Edition.
2. J2EE: The complete Reference By James Keogh, McGraw-Hill
3. Bai and Ekedhi, The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming, Thomson
4. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel, "Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India, 8th Edition
5. Web technologies, Black Book, Dreamtech press.
6. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. C.S.E

L	T	P	C
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OPEN ELECTIVE -III
SIMULATION AND MODELING

Prerequisites

1.A course on “Computer Oriented Statistical Methods”

Objectives

1. The overall aim of the course is to provide an understanding of methods, techniques and tools for modeling, simulation and performance analysis of complex systems
2. The topics include system models and studies; random number generation; simulation of continuous and discrete systems; simulation of queuing systems and pert networks
3. The course also provides practical knowledge of simulation experimentation and introduces simulation languages.

Outcomes

1. Ability to construct a model for a given system/set of data.
2. Ability to generate and test random number variates and apply them to develop simulation models.
3. Ability to interpret the model and apply the results to resolve issues in a real world environment

Unit-I: System Models and Studies

System Models: Concepts of a System, System Environment, Stochastic Activities, Continuous and Discrete Systems, System Modeling, Types of Models, Static Physical Models, Dynamic Physical Models, Static Mathematical Models, Dynamic Mathematical Models, Principles Used in Modeling.

System Studies: Subsystems, A Corporate Model, Environment Segment, Production Segment, Management Segment, The Full Corporate Model, Types of System Study, System Analysis, System Design, System Postulation

Unit-II: Random Numbers

Random Number Generation: Properties, Generation of Pseudo-Random Numbers, Techniques of generating random numbers, tests for random numbers

Random-Variate Generation: Inverse-Transform Technique, Acceptance-Rejection Technique, Special Properties.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Unit-III: Simulation of Continuous and Discrete Systems

Simulation of Continuous Systems: A chemical reactor, Numerical integration vs. continuous system simulation, Selection of an integration formula, Runge-Kutta integration formulas, Simulation of a servo system, Simulation of a water reservoir system, Analog vs. digital simulation.

Discrete System Simulation: Fixed time-step vs. event-to-event model, On simulating randomness, Generation of random numbers, Generation of non-uniformly distributed random numbers, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.

Unit-IV: System Simulation

Simulation of Queuing Systems: Rudiments of queuing theory, Simulation of a single-server queue, Simulation of a two-server queue, Simulation of more general queues.

Simulation of a Pert Network: Network model of a project, Analysis of activity network, Critical path computation, Uncertainties in activity durations, Simulation of activity network, Computer program for simulation, Resource allocation and cost considerations.

Unit-V: Simulation Experimentation

Design and Evaluation of Simulation Experiments: Length of simulation runs, Variance reduction techniques, Experimental layout, Validation.

Simulation Languages: Continuous and discrete simulation languages, Continuous simulation languages, Block-structured continuous simulation languages, Expression-based languages, Discrete-system simulation languages, GPSS.

Text Books

1. System Simulation, Geoffrey Gordon, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, Second Edition, 1978. (for Unit-I: Chapters 1 and 2)
2. Discrete-Event System Simulation, Jerry Banks, John S. Carson II, Barry L. Nelson, David M.Nicol, Pearson, Fifth Edition, 2010. (for Unit-II: Chapters 7 and 8)
3. System Simulation with Digital Computer, Narsingh Deo, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1979. (for Unit-III to V: Chapters 2 to 5 and 7,8).

Reference Books

1. System Modeling and Simulation: An Introduction, Frank L. Severance, Wiley Publisher, 2005

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Met. Engg.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

SURFACE ENGINEERING
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Pre-requisites: Thermodynamics, Physical Metallurgy.

Course Objectives:

1. To provide a state- of- the art knowledge to the students and various surface engineering techniques.

Unit- I

Introduction to surface modification, need for surface modification, surface properties, surface property modification, history of surface modification

Unit-II

Plating and coating process: concept of coating, types of coatings, properties of coatings, hard facing, anodizing, PVD, CVD, Electro deposition Electro less deposition, hot deposition, hot dipping.

Unit-III

Thermo-chemical Processes: carburizing, nitriding, carbonitriding, nitro carburizing, Boronising, Plasma nitriding, thermal spraying, Plasma spraying.

Unit-IV

Thermal Processes: hardening, tempering, laser hardening, laser surface alloying, laser cladding, electro beam hardening.

Unit-V

General design principles related to surface engineering, design guidelines for surface preparation, surface engineering solution to specific problems.

Course Outcomes:

1. This course provides an opportunity to the students to engineer the microstructure for an enhanced performance based on the need in actual practice.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

Text books/ References:

1. Advanced thermal assisted surface engineering processes, Ramnarayan, Chattopadhyay,Kluwer Academy Publishers.
2. Surface engineering of metals: principles, Equipment and techniques, Tadeusz Burokowski, Tadeusz Wierzchon, CRCProcess.
3. Advanced techniques for surface engineering, W.Gissler, Herman A.Jehn, Kluwar Academy Publishers
4. Laser material processing, W.Steen, Springer

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

B.Tech. Met. Engg.

L	T	P	C
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NANOMATERIALS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Pre-requisites: Physics, chemistry

Course Objective:

1. This course is primarily intended to expose the students to a highly interdisciplinary subject.
2. This would emphasize on the classification, synthesis and applications of Nano materials.

Course Outcomes:

The student will be able to design a component/material that would provide us a 'better tomorrow' via nanotechnology.

Unit -I

Introduction

What is Nano —Why Nano - Properties at Nano Scales, Advantages and Disadvantages, top down and bottom up approaches, General applications of Nano materials.

Unit-II

Materials of Nano Technology

Introduction- Si based materials –Ge- based materials- Ferro electric materials –Polymer Materials GaAs and InP (III-V) Group materials.

UNIT-III

Nano Particles: Introduction Synthesis procedures -- wet chemical approach & physical vapor synthesis approach, size effect and shape change and their properties —examples of systems involved characterization techniques properties & their applications

UNIT- IV

Nano Wires: Introduction --- Various synthesis procedures (template assisted method and VLS methods) Principles, characterization procedures, properties and applications of Nano wires

Carbon Nano Tubes: Synthesis procedures properties and applications of carbon Nano tubes.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

UNIT-V

Thin films deposition and Doping. Applications of Thin films.

TEXT / REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Nano Materials: A. K. Bandyopadyay, New age Publications
2. Nano Essentials: T. Pradeep, TMH
3. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology
4. The Guest for new materials Auther S. T. Lakshmi Kumar, Published by Vigyan Prasar.
5. Nano – The Essentials: C – Pradeep (IIcue Professor), McGraw Hill
6. Nano Materials Synthesis, Properties and applications, 1996, Edlstein and Cammarate

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B.Tech. Chemical**. Engg.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

INDUSTRIAL SAFETY & HAZARD MANAGMENT

OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Objective: The student will be exposed to various industrial hazards and prevention and control methods

UNIT I

Introduction: Safety program, Engineering ethics, Accident and loss statistics, Acceptable risk, Public perception.

UNIT II

Toxicology: How toxicants enter biological organisms, How toxicants are eliminated from biological organisms.

Industrial Hygiene: Government regulations, Identification, Evaluation, Control.

UNIT III

Fires and Explosions: The fire triangle, Distinction between fire and explosions; Definitions, Flammability characteristics of liquids and vapors, MOC and inerting, ignition energy, Auto ignition, Auto oxidation, Adiabatic compression, Explosions.

UNIT IV

Designs to prevent fires and explosions: Inerting, Explosion proof equipment and instruments, Ventilations, Sprinkler systems.

Introduction to Reliefs: Relief concepts, Definitions, Location of reliefs, Relief types, Data for sizing reliefs, Relief systems.

UNIT V

Relief Sizing: Conventional spring operated reliefs in liquids, Conventional spring operated relief's in vapor or gas service, Rupture disc relief's in liquid, vapour or gas service.

Hazards Identification: Process hazards checklists, Hazard surveys, Hazop safety reviews.

w.e.f. 2017-2018 academic year

TEXT BOOK:

1 Chemical Process Safety (Fundamentals with applications), D.A.Crowl & J.F.Louvar, Prentice Hall, New Jersey,(1990).

REFERENCES:

1. Safety and Accident Prevention in Chemical Operations, 2nd ed., H. H. Fawcett and W.S. Wood, John Wiley and Sons, New York 1982
2. Coulson and Richardson's – Chemical Engineering, Vol.6, R.K.Sinnot, , Butterworth-Heinmann Limited 1996.

OUTCOME: The student will be equipped with the knowledge by which thorough safety is ensured in the organization.

Prerequisite: Nil