

**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS
COURSE STRUCTURE
AND
DETAILED SYLLABUS**

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

For

B.TECH. FOUR YEAR DEGREE COURSE
(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2013-2014)



JNTU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(Autonomous)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad – 500085
Andhra Pradesh, India

**JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
(AUTONOMOUS)**

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

(applicable from the batch admitted during 2013-14 and onwards)

I YEAR I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics- I	4	1	0	4
2	EAS	Computer Programming & Data Structures	4	1	0	4
3	HSS	English	4	0	0	4
4	EAS	Engineering Graphics	3	0	3	4
5	EAS	Engineering Mechanics	4	1	0	4
6	EAS	Computer Programming & Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	2
7	HSS	English Language Communication Skills Lab	0	0	3	2
8	EAS	Engineering Workshop	0	0	3	2
		NSS / NCC				
		Total Credits				26

I YEAR II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Mathematics – II	4	1	0	4
2	EAS	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	4	1	0	4
3	BS	Engineering Chemistry	4	0	0	4
4	BS	Applied Physics	4	0	0	4
5	EAS	Environmental Science	4	0	0	4
6	BS	Computational Mathematics	2	0	0	2
7	EAS	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
8	BS	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	2

9	BS	Computational Mathematics Lab	0	0	3	2
		NSS/NCC				
		Total Credits				28

**JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD
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**COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
COURSE STRUCTURE**

II YEAR			I SEMESTER			
S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	DC	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	4	1	0	4
2	DC	Digital Logic Design & Micro Processors	4	0	0	4
3	DC	Advanced Data Structures	4	1	0	4
4	DC	Object Oriented Programming Through C++	4	1	0	4
5	DC	Computer Organization & Architecture	4	1	0	4
6	DC	Digital Logic Design & Micro Processor Lab	0	0	3	2
7	DC	Advanced Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	2
8	DC	Object Oriented Programming Lab	0	0	3	2
		TOTAL				26

II YEAR			II SEMESTER			
S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	4	0	0	4
2	DC	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4	1	0	4
3	DC	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	4	1	0	4
4	DC	Operating Systems	4	1	0	4
5	DC	Software Engineering	4	1	0	4
6	DC	File Structures Lab	0	0	3	2
7	DC	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	2
8	DC	Case Tools & Object Oriented Analysis and	0	0	3	2

		Design Lab				
9	HSS	Human Values and Professional Ethics	2	0	0	2
TOTAL						28

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COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

III YEAR

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	DC	Computer Networks	4	1	0	4
2	DC	Compiler Design	4	1	0	4
3	DC	Database Management Systems	4	1	0	4
4	OE-I	Open Elective – I	4	0	0	4
5	HSS	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4	0	0	4
6	DC	Computer Networks and Compiler Design Lab	0	0	3	2
7	DC	Data Base Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	2
8	DC	JAVA Programming Lab	0	0	3	2
TOTAL						26

III YEAR

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	DC	Data Warehousing and Data Mining	4	1	0	4
2	DC	Web Technologies	4	1	0	4
3	OE-II	Open Elective – II	4	0	0	4
4	DE-I	Department Elective – I	4	0	0	4
5	DE-II	Department Elective – II	4	0	0	4
6	HSS	Advanced English Language Communications Skills Lab	0	0	3	2
7	DC	Data Warehousing and Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	2
8	DC	Web Technologies Lab	0	0	3	2
9		Disaster Management	2	0	0	2
TOTAL						28

Summer Between III & IV Year : Industry Oriented Mini Project

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COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE

IV YEAR

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	DC	Network Security & Cryptography	4	1	0	4
2	DC	Distributed Computing	4	1	0	4
3	DC	Soft Computing	4	1	0	4
4	DC	Principles of Programming Languages	4	1	0	4
5	DE-III	Department Elective – III	4	0	0	4
6	DC	Network Security & Cryptography Lab	0	0	3	2
7	DC	Distributed Computing Lab	0	0	3	2
8	EAS	Seminar	0	0	3	2
9	EAS	Industry Oriented Mini project (summer program)				2
TOTAL						28

IV YEAR

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Group	Subject	L	T	P	Credits
1	DE-IV	Department Elective – IV	4	0	0	4
2	HSS	Management Science	4	0	0	4
3	EAS	Comprehensive Viva				2
4	DC	Major Project				12
TOTAL						22

Open Elective-I

S.No.	Subject	Offering Department
1.	GIS & Remote Sensing	Civil Engineering
2.	Non Conventional Power Generation	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
3.	Operations Research	Mechanical Engineering
4.	Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation	Electronics & Communication Engineering
5.	OOPS through JAVA	Computer Science & Engineering
6.	Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms	Computer Science & Engineering
7.	Operating Systems	Computer Science & Engineering
8.	Material Science	Metallurgical Engineering
9.	Nano Technology	Physics
10	Engineering Management	Humanities & Social Sciences

Open Elective-II

S.No.	Subject	Offering Department
1.	Estimation, Quantity survey & Valuation	Civil Engineering
2.	Energy Storage Systems	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
3.	Mechatronics	Mechanical Engineering
4.	Principles of Communication Systems	Electronics & Communication Engineering
5.	E-Commerce	Computer Science & Engineering
6.	Computer Graphics	Computer Science & Engineering
7.	Database Management Systems	Computer Science & Engineering
8.	Nano Materials	Metallurgical Engineering
9.	Intellectual Property Rights	Humanities & Social Sciences
10.	Entrepreneurship	Humanities & Social Sciences

Department Elective-I

1. Artificial Intelligence
2. Computer Graphics
3. Software Project Management

Department Elective-II

1. Pattern Recognition
2. Multimedia Application Development
3. Software Testing Methodologies

Department Elective-III:

1. Advanced Data Bases
2. Mobile Computing
3. Business Intelligence & Big Data

Department Elective-IV:

1. Information Retrieval Systems
2. Adhoc & Sensor Networks
3. Embedded Systems

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

MATHEMATICS-I (Common for all Branches)

UNIT – I: Differential calculus

Rolle's Mean value Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem – Cauchy's mean value Theorem – (all theorems without proof but with geometrical interpretations), verification of the Theorems and testing the applicability of these theorem to the given function. Radius, Center and circle of curvature – Evaluates and Envelopes, Curve tracing – Cartesian, polar and parametric curves.

Functions of several variables – Functional dependence- Jacobian- Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables with constraints and without constraints-Method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT – II: Improper Integrals, Multiple Integration

Gamma and Beta Functions –Relation between them, their properties – evaluation of improper integrals using Gamma / Beta functions
Multiple integrals – double and triple integrals – change of order of integration- change of variables (polar, cylindrical and spherical) Finding the area of a region using Double integration and volume of a region in space using triple integration.

UNIT – III: Vector Calculus

Vector Calculus: Scalar point function and vector point function, Gradient-Divergence- Curl and their related properties, - Laplacian operator, Line integral – Work done – Surface integrals –Volume integral. Green's Theorem, Stoke's theorem and Gauss's Divergence Theorems (Statement & their Verification). Solenoidal and irrotational vectors, Finding potential function.

UNIT – IV: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations

Overview of differential equations- exact, linear and Bernoulli.

Applications of first order differential equations – Newton's Law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories.

UNIT V: Higher Order Ordinary Differential Equations

Linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients, Non-homogeneous term of the type $f(x) = e^{ax}$, $\sin ax$, \cos

ax , and x^n , $e^{ax} V(x)$, $x^n V(x)$, method of variation of parameters. Applications on bending of beams, Electrical circuits and simple harmonic motion.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. HIGHER ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY B S GREWAL.
2. ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY PETER V O'NEIL, CENGAGE LEARNING
3. ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ERWIN KREYSZIG, 10TH EDITION WILEY PUBLICATIONS

REFERENCES:

1. MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS BY K.B.DATTA AND M.A S.SRINIVAS, CENGAGE PUBLICATIONS
2. MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS BY PROF. A R K PRASAD., WILEY INDIA.
3. ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS -1 AND 2 BY T.K.V.IYENGAR & B.KRISHNA GANDHI etel

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES

Objectives:

- To understand the various steps in Program development.
- To understand the basic concepts in C Programming Language.
- To learn how to write modular and readable C Programs
- To understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types, Linear and Non Linear Data structures.
- To understand the notations used to analyze the Performance of algorithms.
- To understand the behavior of data structures such as stacks, queues,
- To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.
- To write programs in C to solve problems using data structures such as arrays, linked lists,

UNIT - I

Introduction to Computers – Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer Languages, Creating and running programs, Software Development Method, Algorithms, Pseudo code, flow charts, applying the software development method.

Introduction to C Language – Background, Simple C programs, Identifiers, Basic data types, Variables, Constants, Input / Output, Operators. Expressions, Precedence and Associativity, Expression Evaluation, Type conversions, Bit wise operators, Statements, Simple C Programming examples.

Selection Statements – if and switch statements, Repetition statements – while, for, do-while statements, Loop examples, other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, Simple C Programming examples.

UNIT - II

Designing Structured Programs- Functions, basics, user defined functions, inter function communication,

Standard functions-Scope, Storage classes-auto, register, static, extern, scope rules, type qualifiers, recursion- recursive functions, Preprocessor commands, example C programs

Arrays – Concepts, using arrays in C, inter function communication, array applications, two – dimensional arrays, multidimensional arrays, C program examples.

UNIT - III

Pointers – Introduction (Basic Concepts), Pointers for inter function communication, pointers to pointers, compatibility, memory allocation functions, array of pointers, programming applications, pointers to void, pointers to functions, command –line arguments.

Strings – Concepts, C Strings, String Input / Output functions, arrays of strings, string manipulation functions, string / data conversion, C program examples.

UNIT - IV

Derived types – Structures – Declaration, definition and initialization of structures, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, pointers to structures, self referential structures, unions, typedef, bit fields, enumerated types, C programming examples.

Input and Output – Concept of a file, streams, standard input / output functions, formatted input / output functions, text files and binary files, file input / output operations, file status functions (error handling), C program examples.

UNIT – V

Sorting- selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort,
Searching-linear and binary search methods.

Data Structures – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. Problem Solving and Program Design in C, J.R. Hanly and E.B. Koffman, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.
3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M.Ritchie, PHI/Pearson Education

REFERENCES:

1. C& Data structures – P. Padmanabham, Third Edition, B.S. Publications.

2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, dreamtech Press
3. Programming in C – Stephen G. Kochan, III Edition, Pearson Educaion.
4. C for Engineers and Scientists, H.Cheng, Mc.Graw-Hill International Edition
5. Data Structures using C – A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson
6. Education / PHI
7. C Programming & Data Structures,E.Balagurusamy,TMH.
8. C Programming & Data Structures, P. Dey, M Ghosh R Thereja, Oxford University Press
9. C& Data structures – E V Prasad and N B Venkateswarlu, S.Chand&Co.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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ENGLISH

1. INTRODUCTION:

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire communicative competence, the syllabus has been designed to develop linguistic and communicative competencies of Engineering students. The prescribed books and the exercises are meant to serve broadly as students' handbooks.

In the English classes, the focus should be on the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking and for this the teachers should use the text prescribed for detailed study. For example, the students should be encouraged to read the texts/selected paragraphs silently. The teachers can ask comprehension questions to stimulate discussion and based on the discussions students can be made to write short paragraphs/essays etc.

The text for non-detailed study is for extensive reading/reading for pleasure. Hence, it is suggested that they read it on their own the topics selected for discussion in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each section, as also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind for example, from newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc.. *However, the stress in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills.*

2. OBJECTIVES:

- ☛ To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with emphasis on LSRW skills.
- ☛ To equip the students to study academic subjects more effectively using the theoretical and practical components of the English syllabus.
- ☛ To develop the study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

Learning Outcomes

- ☐ Usage of correct English Language, written and spoken
- ☐ Enrichment of comprehension and fluency
- ☐ Gaining Confidence in using language in varied situations

SYLLABUS:

Listening Skills:

Objectives

1. To enable students to develop their listening skill so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language to be able to recognise them, to distinguish between them to mark stress and recognise and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

Speaking Skills:

Objectives

1. To make students aware of the role of speaking in English and its contribution to their success.
2. To enable students to express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts.
 - Oral practice
 - Describing objects/situations/people
 - Role play – Individual/Group activities (Using exercises from all the **six** units of the prescribed text: **Skills Annexe: Functional English for Success.**)
 - Just A Minute(JAM) Sessions.

Reading Skills:

Objectives

To develop an awareness in the students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.

1. To develop the ability of students to guess the meanings of words from context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences etc.
 - Skimming the text
 - Understanding the gist of an argument

- Identifying the topic sentence
- Inferring lexical and contextual meaning
- Understanding discourse features
- Scanning
- Recognizing coherence/sequencing of sentences

NOTE : *The students will be trained in reading skills using the prescribed text for detailed study.*

They will be examined in reading and answering questions using 'unseen' passages which may be taken from authentic texts, such as magazines/newspaper articles.

Writing Skills:

Objectives

1. To develop an awareness in the students about writing as an exact and formal skill
2. To equip them with the components of different forms of writing, beginning with the lower order ones.

Writing sentences

- Use of appropriate vocabulary
- Paragraph writing
- Coherence and cohesiveness
- Narration / description
- Note Making
- Formal and informal letter writing
- Describing graphs using expressions of comparison

4. TEXTBOOKS PRESCRIBED:

In order to improve the proficiency of the student in the acquisition of the four skills mentioned above, the following texts are prescribed:

For Detailed study

1. First Text book entitled "**Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success**", Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad
2. The Second Textbook entitled "**Epitome of Wisdom**", published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

The course content and study material is divided into **Five Units.**

Unit –I:

1. Chapter entitled '**Wit and Humour**' from 'Skills Annexe' -Functional English to Success Published by Orient Black

Swan, Hyderabad

- Chapter entitled '**Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya**' from "**Epitome of Wisdom**", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

and

L-Listening For Sounds, Stress and Intonation

S-Greeting and Taking Leave, Introducing Oneself and Others (Formal and Informal Situations)

R- Reading for Subject/ Theme

W- Writing Paragraphs

G-Types of Nouns and Pronouns

V- Homonyms, homophones synonyms, antonyms

Unit –II

- Chapter entitled "**Advances in Science and Technology**" from "**Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success**" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad.

- Chapter entitled '**Three days To See**' from "**Epitome of Wisdom**", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad.

and

L – Listening for themes and facts

S – Apologizing, interrupting, requesting and making polite conversation

R- for theme and gist

W- Describing people, places, objects, events

G- Verb forms

V- Noun, verb, adjective and adverb

Unit –III

- Chapter entitled '**Risk Management**' from "**Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success**" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

- Chapter entitled '**Leela's Friend**' by R.K. Narayan from "**Epitome of Wisdom**", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad

And

L – for main points and sub-points for note taking

S – Giving instructions and directions; Speaking of hypothetical situations

R – Reading for details

W – Note-making, information transfer, punctuation

G – Present tense

V – Synonyms and Antonyms

Unit –IV

- Chapter entitled '**Human Values and Professional Ethics**' from "**Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success**" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

- Chapter entitled '**The Last Leaf**' from "**Epitome of Wisdom**", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad

and

L -Listening for specific details and information

S- Narrating, expressing opinions and telephone interactions

R -Reading for specific details and information

W- Writing formal letters and CVs

G- Past and future tenses

V- Vocabulary - idioms and Phrasal verbs

Unit –V

- Chapter entitled '**Sports and Health**' from "**Skills Annexe -Functional English for Success**" Published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad

- Chapter entitled '**The Convocation Speech**' by N.R. Narayanmurthy' from "**Epitome of Wisdom**", Published by Maruthi Publications, Hyderabad

and

L- Critical Listening and Listening for speaker's tone/ attitude

S- Group discussion and Making presentations

R- Critical reading, reading for reference

W-Project proposals; Technical reports, Project Reports and Research Papers

G- Adjectives, prepositions and concord

V- Collocations and Technical vocabulary and using words appropriately

* Exercises from the texts not prescribed shall also be used for classroom tasks.

SUGGESTED READING:

- Contemporary English Grammar Structures and Composition** by David Green, MacMillan Publishers, New Delhi. 2010.
- Innovate with English: A Course in English for Engineering Students**, edited by T Samson, Foundation Books.
- English Grammar Practice, **Raj N Bakshi, Orient Longman.**
- Technical Communication** by Daniel Riordan. 2011. **Cengage Publications. New Delhi.**

5. **Effective English**, edited by E Suresh Kumar, A RamaKrishna Rao, P Sreehari, Published by **Pearson**
6. Handbook of English Grammar & Usage, **Mark Lester and Larry Beason, Tata Mc Graw –Hill.**
7. Spoken English, **R.K. Bansal & JB Harrison, Orient Longman.**
8. Technical Communication, **Meenakshi Raman, Oxford University Press**
9. Objective English **Edgar Thorpe & Showick Thorpe, Pearson Education**
10. Grammar Games, **Renuvolcuri Mario, Cambridge University Press.**
11. Murphy's English Grammar with CD, **Murphy, Cambridge University Press.**
12. Everyday Dialogues in English, **Robert J. Dixson, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.,**
13. ABC of Common Errors **Nigel D Turton, Mac Millan Publishers.**
14. Basic Vocabulary **Edgar Thorpe & Showick Thorpe, Pearson Education**
15. Effective Technical Communication, **M Ashraf Rizvi, Tata Mc Graw –Hill.**
16. An Interactive Grammar of Modern English, **Shivendra K. Verma and Hemlatha Nagarajan , Frank Bros & CO**
17. A Communicative Grammar of English, **Geoffrey Leech, Jan Svartvik, Pearson Education**
18. Enrich your English, **Thakur K B P Sinha, Vijay Nicole Imprints Pvt Ltd.,**
19. A Grammar Book for You And I, **C. Edward Good, MacMillan Publishers.**

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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3	0	3	4

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Pre-requisite: Nil

Objective: The objective of this subject is to provide the basic concepts about Engineering Drawing. Detailed concepts are given in projections, technical drawing, dimensioning and specifications.

Codes / Tables: Nil

Question Paper Pattern:

5 Questions to be answered out of 8 questions.
Each question should not have more than 3 bits.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING :

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Involute. Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.

UNIT- II

ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS:

Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines
Projections of Plane regular geometric figures.—Auxiliary Planes.

UNIT – III

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views.

UNIT – IV

Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere.

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone

UNIT – V

ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS :

Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts.

Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
2. Engineering Drawing and Graphics Rane and Shah/ Pearson Edu.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Text Book of Engineering Drawing / Dhawan R K / S. Chand
2. Engineering Graphics With Auto CAD / James D Bethune / Pearson Edu.
3. Engineering Graphics / K R Mohan / Dhanpat Rai.
4. Text book on Engineering Drawing / KL Narayana/ P Kannaih / Scitech

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

1. **Introduction to Mechanics** : Basic Concepts, system of Forces Coplanar Concurrent Forces -Components in Space -Resultant -Moment of Forces and its Application - Couples and Resultant of Force Systems. Equilibrium of system of Forces: Free body diagrams, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems.
2. **Friction**: Types of friction -Limiting friction -Laws of Friction -static and Dynamic Frictions -Motion of Bodies -Wedge Screw, Screw-jack and differential screw –jack
3. **Centroid and Center of Gravity**: Introduction – Centroids of lines – Centroids of area - Centroids of Composite figures - Theorem of Pappus -Centre of Gravity of Bodies – Centroids of Volumes – Center of gravity of composite bodies.
4. **Area moments of Inertia**: Introduction – Definition of Moment of Inertia -Polar Moment of Inertia – Radius of gyration - Transfer Theorem for moment of inertia – Moments of inertia by integration - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures, Product of Inertia, Transfer Formula for Product of Inertia.
5. **Mass Moment of Inertia**: Introduction - Moment of Inertia of Masses – Radius of gyration - Transfer Formula for Mass Moments

of Inertia – Mass moments of inertia by integration - Mass moment of inertia of composite bodies.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics , K. Vijaya Kumar Reddy, J. Suresh Kumar, BS Publications, 3rd Edition(SI Units)Fifth impression 2013
2. Engg. Mechanics / Timoshenko & Young

REFERENCES :

1. Engg. Mechanics/ Irving Shames, G. Krishna Mohan Rao, Prentice Hall
2. Engg. Mechanics Umesh Regl / Tayal.
3. A text of Engineering Mechanics /YVD Rao/ K. Govinda Rajulu/ M. Manzoor Hussain, Academic Publishing Company
4. Text Book in Applied Mechanics / Malhotra, Subramanian, Gahlot and Rathore / New Age.
5. Engg. Mechanics / KL Kumar / Tata McGraw Hill.
6. Engg. Mechanics / M.V. Seshagiri Rao & D Rama Durgaiah.
7. Engg. Mechanics / S.S. Bhavikati & K.G. Rajasekharappa

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

I Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Objectives:

- To understand the various steps in Program development.
 - To understand the basic concepts in C Programming Language.
 - To learn how to write modular and readable C Programs
 - To understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types, Linear and Non Linear Data structures.
 - To understand the notations used to analyze the Performance of algorithms.
 - To understand the behavior of data structures such as stacks, queues,
 - To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.
 - To write programs in C to solve problems using data structures such as arrays, linked lists,
1. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
 2. Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1.

Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

3. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
4. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
6. Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer.
7. Write a C program to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
8. Write a C program to solve Towers of Hanoi problem.
9. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use Switch Statement)
10. Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
11. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
 - i) Addition of Two Matrices
 - ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices
12. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
 - ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
13. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not
14. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or – 1 if S doesn't contain T.
15. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.
16. Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
17. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
18. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i) Reading a complex number
 - ii) Writing a complex number
 - iii) Addition of two complex numbers
 - iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)
19.
 - i) Write a C program which copies one file to another.
 - ii) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file. (Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)
20.
 - i) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
 - ii) Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)
21. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
 - i) Creation
 - ii) Insertion
 - iii) Deletion
 - iv) Traversal
22. Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
23. Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
24. Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
 - i) Bubble sort
 - ii) Selection sort
25. Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
 - i) Linear search
 - ii) Binary search

- Speaking with clarity and confidence thereby enhancing employability skills of the students

Syllabus:

English Language Communication Skills Lab shall have two parts:

- Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab**
- Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab**

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language Communication Skills Lab**

Exercise – I

CALL Lab: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants

ICS Lab: Ice-Breaking activity and JAM session

Articles, Prepositions, Word Formation- Prefixes & Suffixes, Synonyms & Antonyms

Exercise – II

CALL Lab: Structure of Syllables - Past Tense Marker and Plural Marker – Weak Forms and Strong Forms - Consonant Clusters.

ICS Lab: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Self-introduction and Introducing Others – Greetings – Apologies – Requests – Social and Professional Etiquette - Telephone Etiquette.

Concord (Subject in agreement with verb) and Words often misspelt-confused/misused

Exercise - III

CALL Lab: Minimal Pairs- Word Accent and Stress Shifts- Listening Comprehension.

ICS Lab: Descriptions- Narrations- Giving Directions and Guidelines. Sequence of Tenses, Question Tags and One Word Substitutes.

Exercise – IV

CALL Lab: Intonation and Common errors in Pronunciation.

ICS Lab: Extempore- Public Speaking

Active and Passive Voice, –Common Errors in English, Idioms and Phrases

Exercise – V

CALL Lab: Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence and Conversation Practice

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ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarises the students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

Objectives

- ☞ To facilitate computer-aided multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- ☞ To sensitise the students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- ☞ To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in their pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- ☞ To improve the fluency in spoken English and neutralize mother tongue influence
- ☞ To train students to use language appropriately for interviews, group discussion and public speaking

Learning Outcomes

- Better Understanding of nuances of language through audio-visual experience and group activities
- Neutralization of accent for intelligibility

ICS Lab: Information Transfer- Oral Presentation Skills
Reading Comprehension and Job Application with Resume preparation.

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:

The Computer Aided Language Lab for 40 students with 40 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self-study by learners.

System Requirement (Hardware component):


Computer network with Lan with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

- i) P – IV Processor
 - a) Speed – 2.8 GHZ
 - b) RAM – 512 MB Minimum
 - c) Hard Disk – 80 GB
- ii) Headphones of High quality

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab :

The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V., a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

Prescribed Lab Manual: A Manual entitled “**English Language Communication Skills (ELCS) Lab Manual- cum- Work Book**”, published by Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. 2013.

 *In addition to the prescribed lab manual, all the listening and speaking activities mentioned in Text-1 and Text-2 can be conducted in the English Language Communication Skills Lab.*

Suggested Software:

- ❖ **Cambridge Advanced Learners’ English Dictionary with CD.**
- ❖ **Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley**
- ❖ **Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley**
- ❖ **Clarity Pronunciation Power – Part I**
- ❖ **Clarity Pronunciation Power – part II**
- ❖ **Oxford Advanced Learner’s Compass, 8th Edition**

- ❖ **DELTA’s key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.**
- ❖ **Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider**, by Dreamtech
- ❖ **TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)**
- ❖ **English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge**
- ❖ **English Pronunciation in Use** (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press
- ❖ **Raman, M & Sharma, S. 2011. Technical Communication, OUP**
- ❖ **Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata. 2011. Communication Skills, OUP**

SUGGESTED READING:

1. Rama Krishna Rao, A. *et al. English Language Communication Skills – A Reader cum Lab Manual Course Content and Practice.* Chennai: Anuradha Publishers
2. Suresh Kumar, E. & Sreehari, P. 2009. *A Handbook for English Language Laboratories.* New Delhi: Foundation
3. *Speaking English Effectively* 2nd Edition by Krishna Mohan and N. P. Singh, 2011. Macmillan Publishers India Ltd. Delhi.
4. Sasi Kumar, V & Dhamija, P.V. *How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interviews.* Tata McGraw Hill
5. Hancock, M. 2009. *English Pronunciation in Use. Intermediate.* Cambridge: CUP
6. *Spoken English: A Manual of Speech and Phonetics* by R. K. Bansal & J. B. Harrison. 2013. Orient Blackswan. Hyderabad.
7. Hewings, M. 2009. *English Pronunciation in Use. Advanced.* Cambridge: CUP
8. Marks, J. 2009. *English Pronunciation in Use. Elementary.* Cambridge: CUP
9. Nambiar, K.C. 2011. *Speaking Accurately. A Course in International Communication.* New Delhi : Foundation
10. Soundararaj, Francis. 2012. *Basics of Communication in English. New Delhi: Macmillan*
11. *Spoken English (CIEFL)* in 3 volumes with 6 cassettes, OUP.
12. *English Pronouncing Dictionary* Daniel Jones Current Edition with CD.
13. *A Textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students* by T.Balasubramanian (Macmillan)

DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

English Language Laboratory Practical Examination:

- 1) The practical examinations for the English Language Laboratory shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.
- 2) For the Language lab sessions, there shall be a continuous evaluation during the year for 25 sessional marks and 50 year-end Examination marks. Of the 25 marks, 15 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The year- end Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned with the help of another member of the staff of the same department of the same institution.

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ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

- I. TRADES FOR EXERCISES :
(Any **six** trades from the following with minimum of **two** exercises in each trade)
 1. Carpentry
 2. Fitting
 3. Tin-Smithy
 4. Black Smithy
 5. House-wiring
 6. Foundry
 7. Plumbing
- II. Trades for Demonstration & Exposure
 1. Demonstration of power tools & wiring
 2. Welding
 3. Machine Shop

- III. **IT Workshop I:** Computer hardware, identification of parts, Disassembly, Assembly of computer to working condition, simple diagnostic exercises.
IT Workshop II: Installation of operating system windows and linux simple diagnostic exercises.

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MATHEMATICS-II

UNIT – I: Linear ODE with variable coefficients and series solutions (second order only)

Equations reducible to constant coefficients-Cauchy's and Lagrange's differential equations Motivation for series solutions, Ordinary point and Regular singular point of a differential equation , Transformation of non-zero singular point to zero singular point. Series solutions to differential equations around zero, Frobenius Method about zero.

UNIT-II: Special Functions

Legendre's Differential equation, General solution of Legendre's equation, Legendre polynomials Properties: Rodrigue's formula – Recurrence relations, Generating function of Legendre's polynomials – Orthogonality.

Bessel's Differential equation, Bessel functions properties: – Recurrence relations, Orthogonality, Generating function, Trigonometric expansions involving Bessel functions.

UNIT-III: Partial Differential Equations

Introduction and Formation of partial differential equation by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and non-linear equations (Charpit's method), Method of separation of variables for second order equations – Applications of Partial differential equations-Two dimensional wave equation., Heat equation.

UNIT –IV: Laplace Transform

Definition of Integral transform. Domain of the function and Kernel for the Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of standard functions, first shifting Theorem, Laplace transform of functions when they are multiplied or divided by “t”. Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions. – Unit step function – second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function, Periodic function – Inverse Laplace transform by Partial fractions(Heaviside method) Inverse Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied or divided by “s”, Inverse Laplace Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions, Convolution theorem-solving differential equations by Laplace transforms

UNIT – V: Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms

Definition of periodic function. Fourier expansion of periodic functions in a given interval of length, 2π , Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series of even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions. Fourier integral theorem – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transforms – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – properties – inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) HIGHER ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY B S GREWAL.
- 2) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY PETER V O'NEIL, CENGAGE LEARNING
- 3) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ERWIN KREYSZIG, 10TH EDITION WILEY PUBLICATIONS

REFERENCES:

- 1) MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS SERIES- ADVANCED MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS BY K.B.DATTA AND M.A S.SRINIVAS, CENGAGE PUBLICATIONS

- 2) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS BY PROF.A R K PRASAD., WILEY INDIA
- 3) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY SAHANAZ BATHUL, PHI PUBLICATION
- 4) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-3 BY T.K.V.IYENGAR &B.KRISHNA GANDHI ETC
- 5) COMPLEX VARIABLES PRINCIPLES AND PROBLEM SESSIONS BY A.K.KAPOOR, WORLD SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHERS
- 6) A TEXT BOOK OF ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY N P BALI, MANESH GOYAL

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BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

UNIT- I ELECTRICAL and SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS

Electrical Circuits - R-L-C Parameters, Voltage and Current Independent and Dependent Sources, Source Transformation – V–I relationship for Passive elements, Kirchoff's Laws, Network reduction techniques – series, parallel, series parallel, star-to-delta, delta-to-star transformation, Nodal Analysis,

Single Phase AC Circuits - R.M.S. and Average values, Form Factor, steady state analysis of series, Parallel and Series parallel Combinations of R, L and C with Sinusoidal excitation, concept of reactance, Impedance, Susceptance and Admittance – phase and phase difference, Concept of Power Factor, j-notation, complex and Polar forms of representation.

UNIT- II RESONANCE and NETWORK THEOREMS

Resonance – Series resonance and Parallel resonance circuits, concept of bandwidth and Q factor, Locus Diagrams for RL, RC and RLC Combinations for Various Parameters.

Network Theorems - Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer, Superposition, Reciprocity, Tellegen's, Millman's and Compensation theorems for DC and AC excitations.

UNIT- III P-N JUNCTION DIODE & DIODE CIRCUITS

P-N Junction Diode - Diode equation, Energy Band diagram, Volt-Ampere characteristic, Temperature dependence, Ideal versus practical, Static and dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Load line analysis, Diffusion and Transition Capacitances.

Rectifiers and Filters - The P-N junction as a rectifier - A Half Wave Rectifier, Ripple Factor, Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in Rectifier Circuits, Filters – Inductor Filters, Capacitor Filters, L- section Filters, π - section Filters.

UNIT- IV BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR

Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) - Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Amplifying Action, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector configurations.

Transistor Biasing And Stabilization - Operating point, DC & AC load lines, Biasing - Fixed Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector to Emitter feedback bias, Voltage divider bias, Bias stability, Stabilization against variations in V_{BE} and β , Bias Compensation using Diodes and Transistors.

Transistor Configurations - BJT modeling, Hybrid model, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-parameters, Comparison of CE, CB and CC configurations.

UNIT- V JUNCTION FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR & SPECIAL PURPOSE DEVICES:

Junction Field Effect Transistor - Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol, Pinch-Off Voltage, Volt-Ampere Characteristic, Comparison of BJT and FET, Small Signal Model, Biasing FET.

Special Purpose Devices - Breakdown Mechanisms in Semi Conductor Diodes, Zener diode characteristics, Use of Zener diode as simple regulator Principle of operation and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (With help of Energy band diagram) and Varactor Diode, Principle of Operation of SCR.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, PEI/PHI, 9th Ed, 2006.
2. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits – J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, Satyabratajit, TMH, 2/e, 1998.
3. Engineering circuit analysis- by William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, Mc Graw Hill Company, 6th edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to Electronic Devices and Circuits-Rober T. Paynter, Pearson Education.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits - K. Lal Kishore, B.S. Publications, 2nd Edition, 2005.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agarwal – Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 1/e 2009.
4. Linear circuit analysis (time domain phasor and Laplace transform approaches)- 2nd edition by Raymond A. DeCarlo and Pen-Min-Lin, Oxford University Press-2004.
5. Network Theory by N.C.Jagan & C.Lakshminarayana, B.S. Publications.
6. Network Theory by Sudhakar, Shyam Mohan Palli, TMH.

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ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Unit-I: Water and its treatment : Introduction – hardness of water – causes of hardness – types of hardness : temporary and permanent – expression and units of hardness – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications. Steps involved in treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and Ozonation. Boiler feed water and its treatment – Calgon conditioning – Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning – External treatment of water – Lime soda and ion-exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems – Sewage water - COD, BOD and their determination. Treatment of sewage.

Unit-II: Electrochemistry and corrosion :

Electrochemistry: Conductance - Specific, equivalent and molar conductance . Ionic mobilities – Relationship between ionic conductance and ionic mobilities. Electro Chemical cells - electrode potential and its

determination, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes – Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel and glass electrode. Nernst equation - electrochemical series and its applications.– Concept of concentration cell –Numerical problems.

Corrosion- Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion - mechanism of electrochemical corrosion. Types of corrosion : Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion. Corrosion control methods – Cathodic protection - sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings – methods of application of metallic coatings – Hot dipping , cementation, electroplating of copper - Organic coatings: Paints – their constituents and functions.

Unit-III: High Polymers: Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerisation – Chain growth (free radical addition mechanism), step growth polymerization, coordination polymerization. Plastics, fibres and elastomers - definition and characteristics. Plastics – thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, constituents of plastics . Fibre reinforced plastics. Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon 6:6 and terylene (Dacron); Rubber – Natural rubber , its processing and vulcanization. Elastomers: Preparation, properties and applications of Styrene butadiene, butyl and thiokol rubbers. Conducting polymers – Classification with examples; mechanism of conduction in trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers. Biodegradable polymers – concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and polyvinyl alcohol and their applications.

Unit-IV: Chemistry of Energy sources

Fuels :Classification of fuels - characteristics of a good fuel . Solid fuels: Coal – Analysis of coal by proximate and ultimate methods. Liquid fuels- Petroleum and its refining. Characteristics and uses of petrol, diesel and kerosene. Synthetic petrol- Fischer-Tropsch's process. Cracking – thermal cracking and catalytic cracking. Fluid bed catalytic cracking, Knocking - octane and cetane numbers. Gaseous fuels – Composition, properties and uses of Natural gas, LPG and CNG . Flue gas and its analysis by Orsat's apparatus.

Combustion – Definition, calorific value, HCV and LCV. Calculation of air quantity required for combustion of a fuel - Numerical problems.

Alternate Energy sources :Biodiesel - trans-esterification - advantages of biodiesel, fuel cells (H₂-O₂ and Methanol –O₂ fuel cell) – Photovoltaic cells.

Unit-V : Batteries and Materials :

Batteries : Cell and battery - Primary battery (dry cell, alkaline cell and Lithium cell). Secondary battery (lead acid, Ni-Cd and lithium ion cell)

Liquid crystal polymers : classification, characteristics and applications.

Insulators- Characteristics and applications of thermal and electrical insulators.

Nanomaterials : Introduction. Preparation of nanomaterials by top down and bottom up approaches. Carbon nano fibres, nano gold particles and fullerenes - Applications of nanomaterials.

Text Books:

- 1) Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain & M.Jain ; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, (15th Edition , 2005).
- 2) Engineering Chemistry by B.Rama Devi & Ch.Venkata Ramana Reddy ; Cengage Learning, 2012.

Reference Books :

- 1) A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpat Rai & Co., New Delhi.(3rd Edition, 2003).
- 2) Engineering Chemistry by Y. Bharathi Kumari and C. Jyotsna, VGS Booklinks, 2012.
- 3) Text book of Engineering Chemistry by C P Murthy, C V Agarwal and A. Naidu; B.S. Publications, 2006.
- 4) Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary and E. Lakshminarayana, Sci tech. Publications Pvt. Ltd., Chennai 2012.
- 5) Engineering Chemistry by B.Sivasankar, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi 2008.
- 6) A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand Publications, (10th Edition ,2007).

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APPLIED PHYSICS

UNIT-I

1.Principles of Quantum & Statistical Mechanics: Waves and Particles, De Broglie Hypothesis, Matter Waves, Davisson and Germer's Experiment, G.P. Thomson Experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, Schrodinger's Time -Independent Wave Equation, Physical Significance of the Wave Function, Particle in One Dimensional Potential Box.

Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics (Qualitative).

2.Electron theory of Metals: Introduction, Classical Free Electron Theory of metals, Root Mean Square (RMS)velocity, Mean Free Path, Mean collision Time, Drift Velocity, Relaxation Time, Electrical Resistivity,

Draw backs of Classical Free Electron Theory, Density of States, Calculation of Fermi energy, Quantum Free Electron Theory, Electron in a periodic Potential, Kronig-Penny Model (Qualitative Treatment), Origin of Energy Band Formation in Solids, Classification of Materials into Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators, Concept of Effective Mass of an Electron.

UNIT-II

3. Semiconductor Physics: Position of Fermi Level, Estimation of Carrier concentration in Intrinsic and Extrinsic (p-type & n-type) Semiconductors, Equation of Continuity, Direct and Indirect Band gap Semiconductors, Hall Effect.

4. Physics of Semiconductor Devices: Formation of PN Junction, Energy band Diagram and I-V Characteristics of PN Junction Diode, Diode Equation, LED, LCD and Photo Diodes, Solar Cells.

UNIT-III

5. Dielectric Properties: Basic definitions, Electronic, Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) and Calculation of Polarizabilities - Internal Fields in Solids, Clausius - Mossotti Equation, Piezo-electricity, Pyro- electricity and Ferro - electricity.

6. Magnetic Properties: Basic definitions, Origin of Magnetic Moment, Bohr Magneton, Classification of Dia, Para and Ferro Magnetic Materials on the basis of Magnetic Moment, Domain Theory of Ferro magnetism on the basis of Hysteresis Curve, Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials, Properties of Anti - Ferro and Ferri Magnetic Materials.

7. Superconductivity: Introduction to Superconductivity, Properties of Superconductors, Meissner Effect, BCS theory, Type-I and Type -II Superconductors, Magnetic Levitation and Applications of Superconductors.

UNIT-IV

8. Lasers: Characteristics of Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated Emission of Radiation, Meta- Stable state, Population Inversion, Lasing Action, Einstein's Coefficients and Relation between them, Ruby Laser, Helium- Neon Laser, Semiconductor Diode Laser and Applications of Lasers.

9. Fiber Optics: Principle & construction (structure) of an Optical Fiber, Acceptance Angle, Numerical Aperture, Types of Optical Fibers, Losses in Optical Fibers and Applications of Optical Fibers in communication.

UNIT-V

10. Nanotechnology: Origin of Nanotechnology, Nano Scale, Surface to Volume Ratio, Quantum Confinement, Bottom-up Fabrication: Sol-Gel, Precipitation, Combustion Methods; Top-Down Fabrication: Chemical

Vapor Deposition, Physical Vapor Deposition, Characterization Techniques (XRD, SEM & TEM) and Applications of Nanotechnology.

Text books:

1. Principles of Physics by Halliday, Resnick, Walker, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 9th Edition.
2. Introduction to Solid State Physics by Charles Kittel, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 7th Edition
3. Engineering Physics by R.K.GAUR & S.L.GUPTA, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
4. Solid State Physics by A J Dekker, MACMILLAN INDIA LTD.

References:

1. Modern Engineering Physics by Dr.K.Vijaya Kumar, Dr. S. Chandralingam, S.CHAND & COMPANY LTD
2. Applied Physics by P.K.Mittal, I K International Publishers
3. Applied Physics by P.K. Palanisamy :Scitech publishers
4. Introduction to Nanotechnology by Charles P.Poole, Jr.Frank J ownes, John Wiley & sons
5. Applied Physics for Engineers by P. Madusudana Rao, Academic Publishing Company
6. Engineering Physics by Sanjay D Jain, Girish G Sahasrbudha: University Press.

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ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

UNIT - I

MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES: Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

NATURAL RESOURCES : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems - Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing,

effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. - Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

UNIT - II

ECOSYSTEMS : Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

UNIT - III

BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION : Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. - Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-spots of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT - IV

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. - Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case

studies. - Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT - V

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT : From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management -Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case Studies -Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. -Wasteland reclamation. –Consumerism and waste products. -Environment Protection Act. -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. -Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act -Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme. -Environment and human health. -Human Rights. -Value Education. -HIV/AIDS. -Women and Child Welfare. -Role of information Technology in Environment and human health. –Case Studies.

FIELD WORK : Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River /forest grassland/hill/mountain -Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/industrial/ Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds. -Study of simple ecosystemspond, river, hill slopes, etc.

TEXT BOOK:

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.,UniversitiesPress
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE:

1. Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M. Anji Reddy, BS Publication.

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COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS

UNIT-I: Matrices and Linear Transformations:

Real matrices – Symmetric, skew – symmetric, orthogonal. Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary Matrices. Idempotent matrix,

Finding rank of a matrix by reducing to Echelon and Normal forms . Consistency of system of linear equations (homogeneous and non-homogeneous) using the rank of a matrix – Solving Linear System of equations, (number of equations and unknowns need not be same).Check the uniqueness of solutions.

Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without Proof) – Verification. Finding inverse of a matrix and powers of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Linear dependence and Independence of Vectors. Linear Transformation – Orthogonal Transformation. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a matrix. Finding linearly independent Eigen vectors of a matrix when the Eigen values of the matrix are repeated. Properties of Eigen values and Eigen vectors of matrices.

Diagonalization of matrix – Quadratic forms upto three variables-Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form, Rank – Positive definite, negative definite – semi definite – index – signature of quadratic form.

UNIT – II: Interpolation and Curve fitting :

Interpolation: Introduction- Errors in Polynomial Interpolation – Finite differences- Forward Differences- Backward differences –Central differences – Symbolic relations and separation of symbols- Difference Equations – Differences of a polynomial-Newton’s formulae for interpolation – Central difference interpolation Formulae – Gauss Central Difference Formulae –Interpolation with unevenly spaced points-Lagrange’s Interpolation formula.

Curve fitting: Fitting a straight line –Second degree curve-exponential curve-power curve by method of least squares.

UNIT – III : Numerical techniques :

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations and Linear system of equations.

Introduction – Graphical interpretation of solution of equations .The Bisection Method – The Method of False Position – The Iteration Method – Newton-Raphson Method .

Solving system of non-homogeneous equations by L-U Decomposition method(Crout’s Method)Jacobi’s and Gauss-Seidel Iteration method

UNIT- IV: Numerical Differentiation, Integration, and Numerical solutions of First order differential equations:

Numerical differentiation, Numerical integration – Trapezoidal rule, Simpson’s 1/3rd and 3/8 Rule , Generalized Quadrature.

UNIT – V:

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor’s series method –Picard’s Method of successive Approximation- single step methods-Euler’s Method-Euler’s modified method, Runge-Kutta Methods.

Text Books:

- 1) INTRODUCTORY METHODS OF NUMERICAL ANALYSIS BY SS SASTRY
- 2) NUMERICAL AND STATISTICAL METHODS WITH PROGRAMMING IN C BY SUJATHA SINHA AND SUBHABRADA DINDA, SCITEC PUBLISHERS

References:

- 1) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ALAN JEFFERY
- 2) APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS USING MATLAB BY RAO.V.DUKKIPATI, NEW AGE PUBLISHERS
- 3) NUMERICAL METHODS IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING – A PRACTICAL APPROACH BY S.RAJASEKHARAN, S.CHAND PUBLICATIONS

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PART B: (For Laboratory examination – Minimum of 12 experiments)

1. PN Junction diode characteristics A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage Regulator
3. Input & Output characteristics of Transistor in CB / CE configuration
4. Full Wave Rectifier with & without filters
5. Input and Output characteristics of FET in CS configuration
6. Measurement of h-parameters of transistor in CB, CE, CC configurations
7. SCR Characteristics.
8. Verification of KVL and KCL.
9. Serial and Parallel Resonance – Timing, Resonant frequency, Bandwidth and Q-factor determination for RLC network.
10. Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity theorems.
11. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem. Verification on DC, verification on AC with Resistive and Reactive loads.
12. Experimental determination of Thevenin's and Norton's equivalent circuits and verification by direct test.

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BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

PART A: ELECTRONIC WORKSHOP PRACTICE (in 3 lab sessions):

1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
3. Study and operation of
 - Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
 - Function Generator
 - Regulated Power Supplies

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APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Study of characteristics of LED and LASER sources.
2. Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method.
3. Study of characteristics of p-i-n diode detectors.
4. Determination of frequency of A.C Mains-Sonometer.
5. Torsional pendulum.
6. Energy gap of material of PN- junction.

7. Bending Losses of Fibers & Evaluation of numerical aperture of given fiber.
8. L-C-R circuit.
9. Time constant of an R-C Circuit.
10. Characteristics of solar cell

Programming Tasks:

2. A) Write a C program to find a line of best fit from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- B) Write a C program to find a curve of the form $y = Ae^{Bx}$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- C) Write a C program to find a curve of the form $y = Ax^B$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.
- D) Write a C program to find a curve of the form $y = Ax^2 + Bx + C$ from the given two arrays of x and y of same size.

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations

Programming Tasks:

3. A) Write a C program to find the root of a given equation using bisection method.
(Write this program such that the initial values given to the system are not usable, then the system should ask us to give new set of initial values)
- B) Write a C program to find the root of a given equation using method of false position (regula false position)
- C) Write a C program to find the root of a given equation using iteration method
- D) Write a C program to find the root of a given equation using Newton Raphson method

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COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS LAB

Interpolation:

Programming Tasks:

1. A) Write a C program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given. (using Newton's interpolation both forward and backward)
- B) Write a C program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given. (using Lagrange's interpolation)
- C) Write a C program to determine y for a given x, if two arrays of x and y of same size are given. (using Gauss interpolation)
(Selection criteria of the interpolation formula are important.)

Curve fitting:

Linear system of equations

Programming Tasks:

4. A) Write a C program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using L- U decomposition method
- B) Write a C program to find the solution of given system of linear equations using Jacobi's method
- C) Write a C program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss Seidel iteration method
- D) Write a C program to find the solution of given system of equations using Gauss Jordan elimination method

Numerical Differentiation, Integration, and Numerical solutions of First order differential equations:

Programming Tasks:

5. A) Write a C program to evaluate definite integral using trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3rd rule and 3/8th rule.
- B) Write a C program to solve a given differential equation using Taylor's series

- C) Write a C program to solve a given differential equation Euler's and modified Eulers method
- D) Write a C program to solve a given differential equation using Ruge-Kutta method.

Text Books:

- 1) INTRODUCTORY METHODS OF NUMERICAL ANALYSIS BY SS SASTRY
- 2) NUMERICAL AND STATISTICAL METHODS WITH PROGRAMMING IN C BY SUJATHA SINHA AND SUBHABRADA DINDA, SCITEC PUBLISHERS

References:

- 1) ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS BY ALAN JEFFERY
- 2) APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS USING MATLAB BY RAO.V.DUKKIPATI,NEW AGE PUBLISHERS
- 3) NUMERICAL METHODS IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING – APRACTICAL APPROACH BY S.RAJASEKHARAN, S.CHAND PUBLICATIONS

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MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Objectives:

- To explain with examples the basic terminology of functions, relations, and sets.
- To perform the operations associated with sets, functions, and relations.
- To relate practical examples to the appropriate set, function, or relation model, and interpret the associated operations and terminology in context.
- To describe the importance and limitations of predicate logic.
- To relate the ideas of mathematical induction to recursion and recursively defined structures.
- To use Graph Theory for solving problems

Outcomes:

- Ability to Illustrate by examples the basic terminology of functions, relations, and sets and demonstrate knowledge of their associated operations.
- Ability to Demonstrate in practical applications the use of basic counting principles of permutations, combinations, inclusion / exclusion principle and the pigeonhole methodology.
- Ability to represent and Apply Graph theory in solving computer science problems

UNIT-I

Fundamentals:

Sets, Relations and Functions, Methods of Proof, Fundamentals of logic, Logical inferences Methods of Proof of an Implication, First Order Logic, Rules of Inference for Quantified Propositions, Mathematical Induction.

UNIT-II

Elementary Combinatorics:

Basics of Counting, Combinations and permutations, Enumeration - with repetitions, with constrained repetitions, Principle of Inclusion-Exclusion.

UNIT-III

Recurrence Relations:

Generating functions of Sequences, Coefficients of generating functions, Recurrence Relations, Methods of Solving Recurrence Relations, In homogeneous Recurrence Relations.

UNIT-IV

Relations and Digraphs:

Relations and Digraphs, Binary Relations, Equivalence Relations, Ordering Relations, Lattices, Paths and Closures, Directed Graphs and Adjacency Matrices.

UNIT-V

Graphs:

Graphs, Isomorphism, Trees, Spanning Trees, Binary Trees, Planar Graphs, Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, Four-Colour Problem.

Text Books:

1. J. L. Mott, A. Kandel and T. P. Baker : Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists, Second Edition, Reston.

References:

1. Discrete and Combinational Mathematics- An Applied Introduction- 5th Edition – Ralph. P. Grimaldi - Pearson Education.
2. Discrete Mathematical Structures – Thomas Koshy - Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.
3. Tremblay JP & Manohar P - Discrete Mathematical Structures with applications to computer science - Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.

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DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN & MICRO PROCESSORS

UNIT 1

Introduction to number systems: Binary codes, code conversion, Basic of Boolean algebra, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean algebra Canonical and standard form of Boolean function, all digital logic gates-map method of minimization of 4 and 5 variable functions, Don't-care map entries

UNIT II

NAND and nor implementation: Design of Binary adders Subtractors, comparator, decoder, encoder, multiplexers and Demultiplexers using gats/CS Introduction to sequential circuits, latches, Flip flops-SR,JK,JK master slave ,D and T type flip flops, Truth tables and excitation tables conversion of flip flops form

UNIT III

Concept of shift register, operation of shift register ,its configuration, operation of asynchronous connotes, Design of Synchronous modulo N-connotes, Design and operation of Ring and twisted Ring connotes

UNIT IV

8086 Architecture: functional diagram, Register organization, memory segmentation, programming model, memory addressing, Physical memory organization ,signal descriptions of 8086,Interrupts of 8086

UNIT V

Instruction set and Assembly language programming of 8086: instruction formats ,addressing models ,Instruction set ,simple programs involving logical, Branch all instructions ,Solving, String manipulations

Text Books:

1. Switching theory and logic design –A.Anand kumar PHI,2013
2. Advanced microprocessor & Pieperar-A.K.Ray and K.M.Bherchandavi ,TMH,2 ND EDITION.

References:

1. Switching and Finite Automatic theory-Zvi Kohavi ,Niraj K.Jha Cambridge ,3rd edition
2. Digital Design –Morris Mano,PHI, 3rd edition
3. Microprocessor and Interfacing –Douglas V.Hall,TMGH 2nd edition.

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ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES

Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types, Linear and Non Linear Data structures.
- To understand the notations used to analyze the Performance of algorithms.
- To understand the behavior of data structures such as stacks, queues, trees, hash tables, search trees, Graphs and their representations.
- To choose the appropriate data structure for a specified application.
- To understand and analyze various searching and sorting algorithms.
- To write programs in C to solve problems using data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, graphs, hash tables, search trees.

Unit I:

Review of basic data structures- The list ADT, Stack ADT, Queue ADT, Implementation using template classes in C++.

Dictionaries: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations insertion, deletion and searching.

Unit II:

Hash table representation- hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing, comparison of hashing and skip lists.

Priority Queues – Definition, ADT, Realizing a Priority Queue using Heaps, Definition, insertion, Deletion.

Unit III:

Search Trees-Binary Search Trees, Definition, ADT, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Introduction to Red –Black and Splay Trees, B-Tree of order m, height of a B-Tree, insertion, deletion and searching, Comparison of Search Trees.

UNIT-IV:

Graphs- Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

Sortings-Quick sort, Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort, Multiway merge, Polyphase merge.

Unit V:

Pattern matching and Tries- Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

Text Books:

1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++, S.Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt.Ltd, 2nd edition, Universities Press Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd.
2. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, Michael T.Goodrich, R.Tamassia and .Mount, Wiley student edition, John Wiley and Sons.

References:

1. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd., Second Edition.
2. Data structures and algorithms in C++, 3rd Edition, Adam Drozdek, Thomson
3. Data structures using C and C++, Langsam, Augenstein and Tanenbaum, PHI.
4. Problem solving with C++, The OOP, Fourth edition, W.Savitch, Pearson education.

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OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH C++

UNIT I

C++ Basics: Structure of a C++ program, Data types, Declaration of variables, Expressions, Operators, Operator Precedence, Evaluation of expressions, Type conversions, Pointers, Arrays, Pointers and Arrays, Strings, Structures, References.

Flow control statement- if, switch, while, for, do, break, continue, goto statements.

Functions- Scope of variables, Parameter passing, Default arguments, inline functions, Recursive functions, Pointers to functions.

Dynamic memory allocation and deallocation operators-new and delete, Preprocessor directives.

UNIT-II

Different paradigms for problem solving, need for OOP, differences between OOP and Procedure oriented programming, Abstraction, Overview of OOP principles, Encapsulation, Inheritance and Polymorphism.

C++ Classes And Data Abstraction: Class definition, Class structure, Class objects, Class scope, this pointer, Friends to a class, Static class members, Constant member functions, Constructors and Destructors, Dynamic creation and destruction of objects, Data abstraction, ADT and information hiding.

UNIT-III

Inheritance: Defining a class hierarchy, Different forms of inheritance, Defining the Base and Derived classes, Access to the base class members, Base and Derived class construction, Destructors, Virtual base class.

Virtual Functions And Polymorphism: Static and Dynamic bindings, Base and Derived class virtual functions, Dynamic binding through virtual functions, Virtual function call mechanism, Pure virtual functions, Abstract classes, Implications of polymorphic use of classes, Virtual destructors.

UNIT-IV

C++ I/O: I/O using C functions, Stream classes hierarchy, Stream I/O, File streams and String streams, Overloading << and >> operators, Error handling during file operations, Formatted I/O.

UNIT-V

Exception Handling: Benefits of exception handling, Throwing an exception, The try block, Catching an exception, Exception objects, Exception specifications, Stack unwinding, Rethrowing an exception, Catching all exceptions, Design issues in exception handling.

Text Books:

1. Problem solving with C++: The Object of Programming, 4th Edition, Walter Savitch, Pearson Education.
2. C++, the Complete Reference, 4th Edition, Herbert Schildt, TMH.

References:

1. C++ Primer, 3rd Edition, S.B.Lippman and J.Lajoie, Pearson Education.
2. The C++ Programming Language, 3rd Edition, B.Stroutstrup, Pearson Education.
3. OOP in C++, 3rd Edition, T.Gaddis, J.Walters and G.Muganda, Wiley DreamTech Press.
4. Object Oriented Programming in C++, 3rd Edition, R.Lafore, Galigotia Publications pvt ltd.
5. Computer Science, a Structured Programming Approach Using C++, B.A.Forouzan and R.F.Gilberg, Thomson.

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COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

Objectives:

- Is to acquaint budding engineers with the basic principles of organization, operation and performance of modern-day computer systems.
- It covers all aspects of computer technology, from the underlying integrated circuit technology used to construct computer components, to the use of parallel organization concepts in combining those components.

UNIT-I:

Basic Structure of Computers: Computer Types, Functional unit, Basic OPERATIONAL concepts, Bus structures, Software, Performance, multiprocessors and multi computers. Data Representation. Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.((IEEE 754)Error Detection codes.

Register Transfer Language And Micro operations: Register Transfer language. Register Transfer Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, and Arithmetic logic shift unit.

UNIT-II

Basic Computer Organization and Design:

Instruction codes. Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle. Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description.

Micro Programmed Control: Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit, micro Programmed sequencer, Hard wired control. Vs Micro programmed control

UNIT-III:

Computer Processing Unit Organization: General Register Organization ,STACK organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation ,Program Control. Reduced Instruction set computer.

Computer Arithmetic: Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. BCD Adder

UNIT-IV:

Input-Output Organization: Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP)

Pipeline And Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, Dependencies, Vector Processing.

UNIT-V:

Memory Organization: Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory –RAM And ROM Chips, Memory Address map, Auxiliary memory-magnetic Disks, Magnetic tapes, Associate Memory,-Hardware Organization, Match Logic, Cache Memory –Associative Mapping , Direct Mapping, Set associative mapping ,Writing in to cache and cache Initialization , Cache Coherence ,Virtual memory-Address Space and memory Space ,Address mapping using pages, Associative memory page table ,page Replacement .

Multi Processors: Characteristics or Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures and Synchronization Cache Coherence. Shared Memory Multiprocessors.

Text Books:

1. Computer Systems Architecture – M.Moris Mano, IIIrd Edition, Pearson/PHI
2. Computer Organization – Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky, Vth Edition, McGraw Hill.

Reference:

1. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI
2. Structured Computer Organization – Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson
3. Fundamentals or Computer Organization and Design, - Sivaraama Dandamudi Springer Int. Edition.
4. Computer Organization, Anjaneyulu, Himalaya Pub house.

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DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN AND MICROPROCESSOR LAB

Digital Logic Design Lab:

1. Implement of Logic gates using NAND and NOR gates
2. Design Full adder using gates
3. Design and implement of 4:1 MUX,8:1 MUX using gates /lcs.
4. Design and Implement of 3 to 8 decoder using gates
5. Design of 4 bit comparator using gates/IC
6. Design of Implement of 4 bit shift register using Flip flops
7. Design and Implement of Decode counter
8. Design and Implement of Asynchronous counter.

Computer Organization & Micro Processor Lab

Write assembly language programs for the following using MASAM.

1. Write assembly language programs to evaluate the expressions:
 - i) $a = b + c - d * e$
 - ii) $z = x * y + w - v + u / k$
 - a. Considering 8-bit, 16 bit and 32 bit binary numbers as b, c, d, e.
 - b. Considering 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers.Take the input in consecutive memory locations and results also Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.
2. Write an ALP of 8086 to take N numbers as input. And do the following operations on them.

- a. Arrange in ascending and Descending order.
3. Find max and minimum
 a. Find average
 Considering 8-bit, 16 bit binary numbers and 2 digit, 4digit and 8 digit BCD numbers. Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086. Validate program for the boundary conditions.
4. Write an ALP of 8086 to take a string of as input (in 'C' format)and do the following Operations on it.
 a. Find the length
 b. Find it is Palindrome or n
5. Find whether given string substring or not.
 a. Reverse a string
 b. Concatenate by taking another sting
 Display the results by using "int xx" of 8086.
6. Write the ALP to implement the above operations as procedures and call from the main procedure.
7. Write an ALP of 8086 to find the factorial of a given number as a Procedure and call from the main program which display the result.

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ADVANCED DATASTRUCTURES LAB

Objectives:

- To make the student learn a object oriented way of solving problems.
 - To make the student write ADTS for all data structures.
1. C++ programs to implement the following using an array.
 a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT
 2. Write C++ programs to implement the following using a singly linked list.
 a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT
 3. Write C++ programs to implement the deque (double ended queue) ADT using a doubly linked list and an array.
 4. Write a C++ program to perform the following operations:
 a) Insert an element into a binary search tree.
 b) Delete an element from a binary search tree.
 c) Search for a key element in a binary search tree.
 5. Write C++ programs that use non-recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in
 a) Preorder b) inorder and c) postorder.
 6. Write C++ programs for the implementation of bfs and dfs for a given graph.
 7. Write C++ programs for implementing the following sorting methods:
 a) Merge sort b) Heap sort
 8. Write a C++ program to perform the following operations
 a) Insertion into a B-tree b) Deletion from a B-tree

9. Write a C++ program to perform the following operations
 - a) Insertion into an AVL-tree
 - b) Deletion from an AVL-tree
10. Write a C++ program to implement all the functions of a dictionary (ADT) using hashing.
11. Write a C++ program for implementing Knuth-Morris- Pratt pattern matching algorithm.
12. Write a C++ program for implementing Boyer – Moore Patten matching algorithm

Text Books:

1. Data Structures and Algorithms in C++, Third Edition, Adam Drozdek, Thomson.
2. Data Structures using C++, D.S. Malik, Thomson
3. "Java Complete Reference" Dietel and Dietel

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OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB

1. Write a C++ program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
2. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C++ program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
3. Write a C++ program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
4. Write C++ programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions
 - a) To find the factorial of a given integer.
 - b) To find the GCD of two given integers.
 - c) To find the nth Fibonacci number.
5. Write a C++ program that uses a recursive function for solving Towers of Hanoi Problem.
6. Write a C++ program that uses functions
 - a) To swap two integers.
 - b) To swap two characters.
 - c) To swap two reals. Note: Use overloaded functions.
7. Write a C++ program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
8. Write a C++ program to sort a list of numbers in ascending order.
9. Write a C++ program that uses function templates to solve problems-7&8.
10. Write a C++ program to sort a list of names in ascending order.

11. Write a C++ program to implement the matrix ADT using a class. The operations supported by this ADT are:
 - a) Reading a matrix.
 - b) Printing a matrix.
 - c) Addition of matrices.
 - d) Subtraction of matrices.
 - e) Multiplication of matrices.
12. Implement the matrix ADT presented in the problem-11 using overloaded operators (<<, >>, +, -, *) and templates.
13. Implement the complex number ADT in C++ using a class. The complex ADT is used to represent complex numbers of the form $c=a+ib$, where a and b are real numbers. The operations supported by this ADT are:
 - a) Reading a complex number.
 - b) Writing a complex number.
 - c) Addition of Complex numbers.
 - d) Subtraction of complex numbers.
 - e) Multiplication of complex numbers.
 - f) Division of complex numbers.
14. Write a C++ program that overloads the + operator and relational operators (suitable) to perform the following operations:
 - a) Concatenation of two strings.
 - b) Comparison of two strings.
15. Implement the complex number ADT in C++ using a class. The complex ADT is used to represent complex numbers of the form $c=a+ib$, where a and b are real numbers. The operations supported by this ADT are:
 - a) Reading a complex number.
 - b) Writing a complex number.
 - c) Addition of Complex numbers.
 - d) Subtraction of complex numbers.
 - e) Multiplication of complex numbers.
 - f) Division of complex numbers.

Note: 1. overload << and >> operators in part a and part b.
2. Overload +, -, *, / operators in parts c, d, e and f.
16. Write a template based C++ program that determines if a particular value occurs in an array of Values.
17. Write a C++ program that uses functions to perform the following operations to:
 - a) Insert a sub-string in to the given main string from a given position.
- b) Delete n characters from a given position in a given string.
18. Write a C++ program that uses a function to reverse the given character string in place, without any duplication of characters.
19. Write a C++ program to make the frequency count of letters in a given text.
20. Write a C++ program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.
21. Write a C++ program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not.
22. Write a C++ program to make frequency count of words in a given text.
23. Write a C++ program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string t begins, or -1 if S doesn't contain t .
24. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C++ program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.
25. Write a C++ program that counts the number of 1 bit in a given integer.
26. Write a C++ program to generate Pascal's triangle.
27. Write a C++ program to construct of pyramid of numbers.
28. Write a C++ program to compute the Sine series.
29. Write a C++ program that converts Roman numeral into an Arabic integer.
30. Write a C++ program which converts a positive Arabic integer into its corresponding Roman numeral.
31. Write a C++ program to display the contents of a text file.
32. Write a C++ program which copies one file to another.

33. Write a C++ program to that counts the characters, lines and words in the text file.
34. Write a C++ program to change a specific character in a file.
Note: Filename, number of the byte in the file to be changed and the new character are specified on the command line.
35. Write a C++ program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
36. Write a C++ program that uses a function to delete all duplicate characters in the given string.
37. Write a C++ program that uses a function (i to a) which converts a number to a character string.
38. Write a C++ program that uses a recursive function to find the binary equivalent of a given non-negative integer n.
39. Write a C++ program to generate prime numbers up to n using Sieve of Eratosthenes method.
40. Write a C++ program
 - a) To write an object to a file.
 - b) To read an object from the file.
41. Write C++ programs that illustrate how the following forms of inheritance are supported:
 - a) Single inheritance
 - b) Multiple inheritance
 - c) Multi level inheritance
 - d) Hierarchical inheritance
42. Write a C++ program that illustrates the order of execution of constructors and destructors when new class is derived from more than one base class.
43. Write a C++ program that illustrates how run time polymorphism is achieved using virtual functions.
44. Write a C++ program that illustrates the role of virtual base class in building class hierarchy.
45. Write a C++ program that illustrates the role of abstract class in building class hierarchy.

Note: Use the following in solving the above problems wherever they make sense:

- a) Constructors and destructors.
- b) Overloaded functions.
- c) Overloaded operators.
- d) Function and class templates.
- e) Exception handling mechanism.

Suggested Books for lab:

1. **C++ programming from Problem Analysis to Program Desgn**, 2nd Edition, D.S.Malik, Thomson.
2. **Object-Oriented Programming with C++**, M.P.Bhave, S.A.Patekar, Pearson Education.

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COMPUTER ORIENTED STATISTICAL METHODS

UNIT-I: Probability

Sample space and events – Probability – The axioms of probability – Some Elementary theorems – Conditional probability – Baye,s theorem, Random variables – Discrete and continuous.

UNIT-II: Single Random variables and probability distributions.

Random variables – Discrete and continuous. Probability distributions, mass function/ density function of a probability distribution . Mathematical Expectation, Moment about origin, Central moments Moment generating function of probability distribution.

Binomial , Poisson & normal distributions and their properties . Moment generating functions of the above three distributions. and hence finding the mean and variance.

UNIT-III: Multiple Random variables, Correlation & Regression

Joint probability distributions- Joint probability mass / density function, Marginal probability mass / density functions, Covariance of two random variables, Correlation -Coefficient of correlation, The rank correlation.

Regression- Regression Coefficient, The lines of regression and multiple correlation & regression.

UNIT-IV: Sampling Distributions and Testing of Hypothesis

Sampling: Definitions of population, sampling, statistic, parameter. Types of sampling, Expected values of Sample mean and variance, sampling distribution, Standard error, Sampling distribution of means and sampling distribution of variance.

Parameter estimations – likelihood estimate, interval estimations .

Testing of hypothesis: Null hypothesis, Alternate hypothesis, type I, & type II errors – critical region, confidence interval, Level of significance. One sided test, Two sided test,

Large sample tests:

- (i) Test of Equality of means of two samples equality of sample mean and population mean (cases of known variance & unknown variance, equal and unequal variances)
- (ii) Tests of significance of difference between sample S.D and population S.D.
- (iii) Tests of significance difference between sample proportion and population proportion&difference between two sample proportions.

Small sample tests:

Student t-distribution,its properties; Test of significance difference between sample mean and population mean; difference between means of two small samples Snedecor's F- distribution and it's properties. Test of equality of two population variances

Chi-square distribution , it's properties, Chi-square test of goodness of fit

UNIT- V: Queuing Theory & Stochastic Processes

Arrival Theorem – Pure Birth process and Death process M/M/1 Model. Introduction to Stochastic Processes – Markov process classification of states – Examples of Markov Chains, Stochastic Matrix, limiting probabilities.

Text Books:

- 1) FUNDAMENTALS OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS BY S C GUPTA AND V.K.KAPOOR
- 2) PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS FOR ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS BY SHELDON M.ROSS,ACADEMIC PRESS
- 3) PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS FOR ENGINEERING AND THE SCIENCEC BY JAY L.DEVORE.

References:

- 1) MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS SERIES –PROBABILITY STATISTICS AND STOCHASTIC PROCESS BY K.B.DATTA AND M.A S.SRINIVAS,CENGAGE PUBLICATIONS
- 2) PROBABILITY, STATISTICS AND STOCHASTIC PROCESS BY PROF.A R K PRASAD., WIELY INDIA
- 3) PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS BY T.K.V.IYENGAR &B.KRISHNA GANDHI etel
- 4) A TEXT BOOK OF PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS, SHAHNAZ BATHUL , CENGAGE LEARNING

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DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Objectives:

- To analyze performance of algorithms.
- To choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application
- To understand how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs.
- To solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the greedy method, divide and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

Prerequisites (Subjects) Data structures, Mathematical foundations of computer science

UNIT I :

Introduction: Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis. Divide and conquer: General method , applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT II :

Disjoint Sets: Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, spanning trees. Backtracking: General method, applications-n-queen problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles. connected components and biconnected components.

UNIT III:

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT IV:

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with dead lines, 0/1 knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

UNIT V:

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

Text Books :

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahnii and Rajasekharam, Galgotia publications pvt. Ltd.
2. Design and Analysis Algorithms - Parag Himanshu Dave, Himanshu Bhalchandra Dave Publisher: Pearson
3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tomassia, John Wiley and sons.

References:

1. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest, and C. Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education
2. Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms A strategic approach, R.C.T. Lee, S.S. Tseng, R.C. Chang and T. Tsai, Mc Graw Hill.
3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Allen Weiss, Second edition, Pearson education.
4. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
5. Algorithms – Richard Johnson baugh and Marcus Schaefer, Pearson Education

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FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY

Objectives:

The purpose of this course is to acquaint the student with an overview of the theoretical foundations of computer science from the perspective of formal languages.

- Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.
- Employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- Explain deterministic and non-deterministic machines.
- Comprehend the hierarchy of problems arising in the computer sciences.

UNIT I :

Fundamentals : Strings, Alphabet, Language, Operations, Finite state machine, definitions, finite automaton model, acceptance of strings, and languages, deterministic finite automaton and non deterministic finite automaton, transition diagrams and Language recognizers.

Finite Automata : NFA with ϵ transitions - Significance, acceptance of languages. Conversions and Equivalence : Equivalence between NFA with and without ϵ transitions, NFA to DFA conversion, minimisation of FSM, equivalence between two FSM's, Finite Automata with output-Moore and Melay machines.

UNIT II:

Regular Languages : Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules, Constructing finite Automata for a given regular expressions, Conversion of Finite Automata to Regular expressions. Pumping lemma of regular sets, closure properties of regular sets (proofs not required).

Grammar Formalism : Regular grammars-right linear and left linear grammars, equivalence between regular linear grammar and FA, inter conversion, Context free grammar, derivation trees, sentential forms. Right most and leftmost derivation of strings.

UNIT III:

Context Free Grammars: Ambiguity in context free grammars. Minimization of Context Free Grammars. Chomsky normal form, Greibach normal form, Pumping Lemma for Context Free Languages. Enumeration of properties of CFL (proofs omitted).

Push Down Automata : Push down automata, definition, model, acceptance of CFL, Acceptance by final state and acceptance by empty

state and its equivalence. Equivalence of CFL and PDA, interconversion. (Proofs not required). Introduction to DCFL and DPDA.

UNIT IV :

Turing Machine : Turing Machine, definition, model, design of TM, CSL, LBA Computable functions, recursively enumerable languages. Church's hypothesis, counter machine, types of Turing machines (proofs not required).

UNIT V:

Computability Theory : Chomsky hierarchy of languages, linear bounded automata and context sensitive language, LR(0) grammar, decidability of, problems, Universal Turing Machine, undecidability of posts. Correspondence problem, Turing reducibility, Definition of P and NP problems, NP complete and NP hard problems.

Text Books :

1. "Introduction to Automata Theory Languages and Computation". Hopcroft H.E. and Ullman J. D. Pearson Education
2. Introduction to Theory of Computation – Sipser 2nd edition Thomson
3. Theory of Computer Science – Automata languages and computation -Mishra and Chandrashekar, 2nd edition, PHI

References :

1. Introduction to Computer Theory, Daniel I.A. Cohen, John Wiley.
2. Introduction to languages and the Theory of Computation ,John C Martin, TMH
3. "Elements of Theory of Computation", Lewis H.P. & Papadimition C.H. Pearson /PHI.

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OPERATING SYSTEMS

Objectives:

- Provide an introduction to operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection) as fundamental principles by reference to real systems
- To give exposure to the professional responsibilities that are part of operating system design and development.
- To provide the student with the ability to write system oriented programs on Unix/Linux.

UNIT I:

Operating System Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multi programmed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating-System services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.

UNIX/LINUX Utilities - Introduction to Unix file system, vi editor, file handling utilities, security by file permissions, process utilities, disk utilities, networking commands, text processing utilities and backup utilities,

Working with Bash shell: what is a shell, shell responsibilities, pipes and input Redirection, output redirection, here documents, the shell as a programming language, shell meta characters, shell variables, shell commands, the environment, control structures, shell script examples.

UNIT II:

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operation on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithm, Multiple -Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling.

System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec,

Deadlocks - System Model, Dead locks Characterization, Methods for Handling Dead locks Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

UNIT - III:

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, fifos, message queues, shared memory, semaphores.

UNIT IV

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging. Demand Paging, Performance of Demanding Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithm, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

UNIT V:

File System Interface and Implementation -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management, Directory Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance.

Unix/LINUX Files: File structure, directories, files and devices, System calls, library functions, low level file access, usage of open, creat, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
3. Unix the ultimate guide, Sumitabha Das, TMH.
4. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
2. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd edition Pearson/PHI
3. Operating Systems, Dhamdhare, TMH
4. Unix system programming using C++, T.Chan, PHI.
5. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
6. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.
7. Unix for programmers and users, 3rd edition, Graham Glass, King Ables, Pearson Education

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SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Objectives:

- To understand of software process models such as waterfall and evolutionary models.
- To understand of software requirements and SRS document.
- To understand of different software architectural styles.
- To understand of software testing approaches such as unit testing and integration testing.
- To understand on quality control and how to ensure good quality software.
- To Design and Draw (OOAD Objectives)

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, Changing Nature of Software, Software myths. **A Generic view of process:** Software engineering- A layered technology, a process framework, The Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI), Process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

Process models: The waterfall model, Incremental process models, Evolutionary process models, The Unified process.

UNIT-II:

Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, User requirements, System requirements, Interface specification, the software requirements document. **Requirements engineering process:** Feasibility studies, Requirements elicitation and analysis, Requirements validation, Requirements management.

System models: Context Models, Behavioral models, Data models, Object models, structured methods.

UNIT-III:

Design Engineering: Design process and Design quality, Design concepts, the design model.

Creating an architectural design: software architecture, Data design, Architectural styles and patterns, Architectural Design. Conceptual model of UML ,Basic structural Modeling ,Class Diagrams. Sequence Diagrams, Collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

UNIT-IV:

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, Black-Box and White-Box testing, Validation testing, System testing, the art of Debugging.

Product metrics: Software Quality, Metrics for Analysis Model, Metrics for Design Model, Metrics for source code, Metrics for testing, Metrics for maintenance.

UNIT-V:

Metrics for Process and Products: Software Measurement, Metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive vs Proactive Risk strategies, software risks, Risk identification, Risk projection, Risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM Plan.

Quality Management: Quality concepts, Software quality assurance, Software Reviews, Formal technical reviews, Statistical Software quality Assurance, Software reliability, The ISO 9000 quality standards.

Text Books:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition. McGrawHill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson education.
3. The unified Modeling Language user guide Grady Booch ,James Rambaugh ,Ivar Jacobson:,Pearson Education.

References:

1. Software Engineering- K.K. Agarwal & Yogesh Singh,New Age International Publishers
2. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiely.
3. Systems Analysis and Design- Shely Cashman Rosenblatt,Thomson Publications.
4. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The McGraw-Hill Companies.
5. Fundamentals of object oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones:,Pearson Eductaion.
6. Object oriented analysis and Design Atul Kahate:,The MC Graw –Hill Companies.

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FILE STRUCTURES LAB

- Write a Program to create a file and store a string in it. Write another program to open the file and read the string.
- Write a Program to read data from keyboard rather than a file ,and writes to a file ,rather than Monitor. Show how to execute the new version of the program in your programming environment ,given that the input is actually in a file .
- Write a program to read a series of names ,one per line ,from standard input ,and write out those names spelled in reverse order to standard output. Use I/O redirection and pipes to do the following:
 - Input a series of names that are typed in from the keyboard ,and write them out ,reversed, to a file .
 - Read the names in from a file; then write them out ,reversed, to a file .
 - Read the a names in from second file , reverse them again, and then sort the resulting list of reversed words using **sort**.
- Rewrite the insertion (<<)operator of a file .so that it uses the following **fields** representations:
 - Method 1 , Fixed length fields.
 - Method2, fields with length indicators.
 - Method3,fields delimited by “|”.
 - Method 4,fields with keyboard tags.
- Rewrite the Extraction (>>) operator of a file .so that it uses the following **fields** representations:
 - Method 1 , Fixed length fields.
 - Method2, fields with length indicators.
 - Method 4,fields with keyboard tags.
- Design And implement a class **KeywordBuffer** that pack buffers with keyword tags.
- Write a **ReadByRRN** method for variable –length record files that finds a record on the basis of its position in the file .For example ,if requested to find the 547th record in a file ,it would read-through the first 546 records and then print the contents of 547th record .Implement skip sequential search to avoid reading the contents of unwanted records.
- Write a driver for **findByLastName** that reads names from a separate transaction file that contains only the keys of the records to be extracted. Write the selected records to a separate output file .First ,assume that the records are in no particular order.Then assume that both the main file and the transaction file are sorted by key.In the latter case , make your program more efficient.
- Implement the **BinarySearch** function for class Person using the canonical form of the combination of last name and the first name as the key . Write a driver program to test the function .

Assume that the files are created with using class **RecordFile<person>** using a fixed length buffer.

10. Data Compression Techniques –Suppressing repeating Sequence

11. Reclaiming Space in Files.

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OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB
(Using UNIX/LINUX)

Objectives:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- To use Linux operating system for study of operating system concepts.
- To write the code to implement and modify various concepts in operating systems using Linux.

Outcomes:

- The course objectives ensure the development of students applied skills in operating systems related areas.
 - Students will gain knowledge in writing software routines, modules for implementing various concepts of operating systems.
1. Write Shell scripts for the following UNIX/LINUX commands:
a. ls b. cat c. cp d. wc
 2. Write Shell scripts to illustrate the following constructs of UNIX/LINUX operating system:
a. if b. if-else c. case d. while e. for f. until
 3. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system:
a. open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)
 4. Write C programs to illustrate the following system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system:
a. fork b. exec c. getpid, d. exit e. wait
 5. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms:
a. FCFC b. SJF c. RR, d. PRIORITY
 6. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.

7. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms:
a. pipes, b. fifos c. message queues d. shared memory
8. Write a C program to implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.
9. Write C programs to simulate the following file allocation strategies:
a. Sequential b. Indexed c. Linked
10. Write C programs to simulate the following file organization Techniques:
a. Single level, b. Two level c. Hierarchical d. DAG
11. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniques:
a. Memory Variable Technique b. Memory Fixed Technique c. Paging, Segmentation
12. Write C programs to simulate the following Page Replacement Techniques:
a. FIFO b. LRU c. Optimal

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CASE TOOLS & OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN LAB

USING RATIONAL ROSE - CASE TOOL

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Prepare the following documents for two or three of the experiments listed below and develop the software engineering methodology.
2. Program Analysis and Project Planning. Thorough study of the problem - Identify project scope, Objectives, Infrastructure.
3. Software requirement Analysis. Describe the individual Phases / Modules of the project, Identify deliverables.
4. Data Modeling. Use work products - Data dictionary, Use diagrams and activity diagrams, build and test class diagrams, Sequence diagrams and add interface to class diagrams.
5. Software Development and Debugging
6. Software Testing. Prepare test plan, perform validation testing, Coverage analysis, memory leaks, develop test case hierarchy, Site check and Site monitor.

SUGGESTED LIST OF APPLICATIONS

1. Student Marks Analyzing System
2. Quiz System
3. Online Ticket Reservation System
4. Payroll System
5. Course Registration System
6. Expert Systems
7. ATM Systems
8. Stock Maintenance
9. Real-Time Scheduler
10. Remote Procedure Call Implementation
11. Library Management System

USING WINRUNNER-CASE TOOL

1. Recording in context sensitive mode and analog mode
2. a) GUI checkpoint for single property
b) GUI checkpoint for single object/window
c) GUI checkpoint for multiple objects
3. a) Bitmap checkpoint for object/window
b) Bitmap checkpoint for screen area
4. a) Database checkpoint for Default check
b) Database checkpoint for custom check
c) Database checkpoint for runtime record check
5. a) Data driven test for dynamic test data submission
b) Data driven test through flat files
c) Data driven test through front grids
d) Data driven test through excel test
6. a) Batch testing without parameter passing
b) Batch testing with parameter passing
c) Data driven batch
7. Silent mode test execution with out any interruption
8. Function generator
9. User defined functions
10. Executing a prepared query
11. Compiled module
12. a) Synchronization for object/window property
b) Synchronization for object/window bitmap
c) Synchronization point for screen area bitmap
13. Pre-test mode
14. Pre-Learning
15. a) Test case for calculator in windows application
b) Test case for flight Reservation System
16. Test plan for library management system

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HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Unit 1 Human Values: Morals, values, ethics – integrity – work ethics – service learning – civic virtue – respect for others- living peacefully - Caring – sharing – honesty – courage – valuing time – cooperation – commitment – empathy – self-confidence – spirituality – character- Mini-Cases

Unit II Professional Ethics: Profession- and professionalism - Two models of professionalism – Professional etiquette -Three types of Ethics or morality Responsibility in Engineering – Engineering standards – Engineering Ethics – Positive and Negative Faces. Professional Codes and Code of conduct (as given by ASME, ASCE, IEEE, IETE, Institute of Engineers as Guidelines for ethical conduct). Mini-cases.

Unit III Professional Responsibilities: Ethical standards Vs Professional Conduct – Zero Tolerance for Culpable Mistakes – Hazards and Risks- Risk benefit analysis– congeniality, collegiality and loyalty. Respect for authority – conflicts of interest – occupational crime —Mini-Cases.

Unit IV Professional Rights: professional rights and employee rights communicating risk and public policy – Whistle blowing - collective bargaining. Professionals /engineers as managers, advisors, experts, witnesses and consultants – moral leadership- Regulatory compliances, Monitoring and control- Mini-Cases

Unit V Ethics in global context: Global issues in MNCs- Problems of bribery, extortion, and grease payments – Problem of nepotism, excessive gifts – paternalism – different business practices – negotiating taxes. Mini-Cases.

Mini-projects

Project 1: The student of this course should invariably attend (or watch on internet/any TV channel/youtube/social media) two speeches of 30 minutes duration each dealing with spiritual discourse and submit a report on the contents of the lecture proceedings.

Project 2: Visit any organization (including shops/ hotels or shopping malls in your region) of your choice and observe how the professionals perform the given job with a focus on professional ethics and human values.

References

1. Aryasri, *Human Values and Professional Ethics*, Maruthi Publications.
2. S B George, *Human Values and Professional Ethics*, Vikas Publishing.
3. KR Govindan & Saenthil Kumar: *Professional Ethics and Human Values*, Anuradha Publications.
4. S K Chakraborty & D.Chakraborty: *Human Values and Ethics*, Himalaya.
5. M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan, & V.S. Senthilkumar: *Engineering Ethics(Includes Human Values)*, HI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi – 110001

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COMPUTER NETWORKS

Objectives:

- To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks.
- To demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits.
- To explore the various layers of OSI Model.
- To introduce UDP and TCP Models.

UNIT I

ISO.OSI reference model,TCP/IP reference model, physical layer and media: Data and signals, Digital Transmission, Analog Transmission, Transmission Media, Multiplexing.

UNIT II

Switching and Data Transmission

Circuit-switched networks, Datagram networks, Virtual-circuit networks, Structure of a switch, Telephone network, Dial-up modems, Digital Subscriber line, Cable TV networks

Data Link Layer

Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block coding, Linear Block codes, Cyclic codes, Checksum.

Data Link Control: Framing, Flow and Error control, Protocols, Noiseless channels, Noisy channels, HDLC, Point-to-Point Protocol

UNIT III

Multiple Access: Random Access, Controlled Access, Channelization – **Connecting Devices:** Connecting LANs, Backbone Networks, Virtual LANs.

High Speed Networks

Frame Relay: Packet-Switching Networks, Frame Relay Networks – **Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)** : ATM Protocol Architecture, ATM Logical Connections, ATM Cells, ATM Service Categories, ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL)- **High-Speed LANs** : The Emergence of High-Speed LANs, Ethernet, Fiber Channel, Wireless LANs.

UNIT IV

Network Layer

Logical Addressing: IPv4 Addresses, IPv6 Addresses, - **Internet Protocol:** Internetworking, IPv4, IPv6, Transition from IPv4 to IPv6 - **Network Delivery - Routing:** Forwarding, Unicast Routing Protocols, Multicast Routing Protocols

Transport Layer

Process-to-Process delivery, User Datagram Protocol (UDP), TCP, SCTP

UNIT V

Congestion control: Data traffic, Congestion, Congestion control, Quality of Service

Application layer: DNS, SNMP, WWW and HTTP,Email

Text Books:

1. Data Communications and Networking, *Behrouz A. Forouzan*, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Computer Networks, *Andrew S. Tanenbaum*, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall..
3. Computer Networks- A Systems Approach,Larry L.Peterson and Bruce S.Davie,Elsevier.

References:

1. Computer Networking-A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet- James F.Kurose,Keith W.Ross,Pearson Education.
2. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networking, *S.Keshav*, Pearson Education.

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COMPILER DESIGN

Objectives:

- To describe the steps and algorithms used by language translators.
- To discuss the effectiveness of optimization.
- To explain the machine dependent aspects of Compilation

Outcomes:

- Ability to understand the design of a compiler given features of the languages.
- Ability to implement practical aspects of automata theory.
- Gain Knowledge of powerful compiler generation tools.
- Ability to design a simple compiler

UNIT – I:

Overview of Compilation: Phases of Compilation – Lexical Analysis, Regular Grammar and regular expression for common programming language features, pass and Phases of translation, interpretation, bootstrapping, data structures in compilation – LEX lexical analyzer generator.

UNIT – II:

Top down Parsing: Context free grammars, Top down parsing – Backtracking, LL (1), recursive descent parsing, Predictive parsing, Non recursive predictive parsing.

Bottom up parsing: Shift Reduce parsing, Operator precedence parsing, LR parsers, Error recovery in parsing, handling ambiguous grammar, YACC – automatic parser generator.

UNIT – III

Syntax – Directed Translation: Syntax Directed Definitions, Construction of Syntax Trees, Bottom Evaluation of S-attributed Definitions, attributed definitions, Top down translation, Bottom-up evaluation of inherited attributes.

Type Checking: Type systems, Specification of a simple type checker, equivalence of type expressions.

Storage Organization: storage allocation strategies, parameter passing.
Symbol table, Language facilities for dynamic storage.

UNIT IV

Intermediate Code generation: Intermediate languages for code generation.

Code Generation: Issues in the design of a code generator, the target machine run time storage management, Next use information, DAG representation of basic blocks. Dynamic Programming code generation algorithm.

UNIT V

Code Optimization: Introduction, Principal source of optimization, local optimization, loop optimization, frequency reduction, folding.

Data flow analysis: Flow graph, data flow equation, global optimization, redundant sub expression elimination, Induction variable elements, Live variable analysis, Copy propagation.

Text Books:

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools: Alfred V.Aho,Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman; Pearson Education
2. Modern Compiler Implementation in C- Andrew N. Appel, Cambridge University Press.

References:

1. lex & yacc – John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
2. Modern Compiler Design- Dick Grune, Henry E. Bal, Cariel T. H. Jacobs, Wiley dreamtech.
3. Engineering a Compiler-Cooper & Linda, Elsevier.
4. Compiler Construction, Loudon, Thomson..

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DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- To understand the relational database design principles.
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

UNIT I :

Data base System Applications: data base System VS file System, View of Data, Data Abstraction ,Instances and Schemas, data Models ,the ER Model, Relational Model, Other Models, Database Languages, DDL, DML, database Access for applications Programs ,data base Users and Administrator ,Transaction Management, data base System Structure, Storage Manager, the Query Processor. History of Data base Systems. Data base design and ER diagrams, Beyond ER Design Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model ,Concept Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

UNIT II:

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity Constraint Over relations ,Enforcing Integrity constraints , Querying relational data , Logical data base Design ,Introduction to Views, Destroying /altering Tables and Views. Form of Basic SQL Query, Examples of Basic SQL Queries, Introduction to Nested Queries ,Correlated Nested Queries Set, Comparison Operators, Aggregative Operators, NULL values ,Comparison using Null values ,Logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, Impact on SQL Constructs Outer Joins, Disallowing NULL values ,Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL Triggers and Active Data bases, Oracle, SQL Server,DB2.

UNIT III:

Relational Algebra :Selection and projection set operations, renaming ,Joins ,Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus,

Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus ,Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

Schema refinement: Problems Caused by redundancy, Decompositions, Problem related to decomposition, reasoning about FDS,FIRST, SECOND, THIRD Normal forms ,BCNF, Lossless join Decomposition ,Dependency preserving Decomposition, Schema refinement in Data base Design ,Multi valued Dependencies , FORTH Normal Form, FIFTH Normal Form.

UNIT IV:

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions , Serializability, Recoverability ,Implementation of Isolation ,Testing for serializability,Lock Based Protocols , Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols ,Multiple Granularity.

Recovery and Atomicity ,Log-Based Recovery ,Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

UNIT V:

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures ,Hash Based Indexing ,Tree base Indexing ,Comparison of File Organizations ,Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

Text Books :

1. Data base Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATA McGrawHill 3rd Edition
2. Data base System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw hill, V edition.

References :

1. Data base Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals,The X Team,S.Shah and V.Shah,SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle:A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M.L.Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I GIS & REMOTE SENSING

UNIT – I

Introduction to Photogrammetry: Principle and types of aerial photographs, stereoscopy, Map Vs Mosaic, ground control, Parallax measurements for height, determinations.

Remote Sensing – I: Basic concepts and foundation of remote sensing – elements involved in remote sensing, electromagnetic spectrum, remote sensing terminology and units.

UNIT - II

Remote Sensing – II: Energy resources, energy interactions with earth surface features and atmosphere, resolution, sensors and satellite visual interpretation techniques, basic elements, converging evidence, interpretation for terrain evaluation, spectral properties of water bodies, introduction to digital data analysis.

UNIT – III

Geographic Information System: Introduction, GIS definition and terminology, GIS categories, components of GIS, fundamental operations of GIS, A theoretical framework for GIS.

Types of data representation: Data collection and input overview, data input and output. Keyboard entry and coordinate geometry procedure, manual digitizing and scanning, Raster GIS, Vector GIS – File management, Spatial data – Layer based GIS, Feature based GIS mapping.

UNIT – IV

GIS Spatial Analysis: Computational Analysis Methods (CAM), Visual Analysis Methods (VAM), Data storage-vector data storage, attribute data storage, overview of the data manipulation and analysis. Integrated analysis of the spatial and attribute data.

UNIT – V

Water Resources Applications-I: Land use/Land cover in water resources, Surface water mapping and inventory, Rainfall – Runoff relations and runoff potential indices of watersheds, Flood and Drought

impact assessment and monitoring, Watershed management for sustainable development and Watershed characteristics.

Water Resources Applications – II: Reservoir sedimentation, Fluvial Geomorphology, water resources management and monitoring, Ground Water Targeting, Identification of sites for artificial Recharge structures, Drainage Morphometry, Inland water quality survey and management, water depth estimation and bathymetry.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Remote Sensing and its applications by LRA Narayana University Press 1999.
2. Principals of Geo physical Information Systems – Peter A Burrage and Rachael A. Mc Donnell, Oxford Publishers 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Concepts & Techniques of GIS by C.P.Lo Albert, K.W. Yongg, Prentice Hall (India) Publications.
2. Remote Sensing and Geographical Information systems by M.Anji Reddy JNTU Hyderabad 2001, B.S.Publications.
3. GIS by Kang – tsung chang, TMH Publications & Co.,
4. Basics of Remote sensing & GIS by S.Kumar, Laxmi Publications.
5. Fundamental of GIS by Mechanical designs John Wiley & Sons.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I NON CONVENTIONAL POWER GENERATION

UNIT - I

Fundamentals of Solar Energy-Solar spectrum- Solar Radiation on Earth's surface-Solar radiation geometry-Solar radiation measurements-Solar radiation data- Solar radiation on horizontal and tilted surfaces. Solar Thermal conversion- Flat plate collectors- concentrated collectors-construction and thermal analysis- Solar applications- Solar ponds-Heliostat systems-water heater-air heater-solar still.

UNIT - II

Solar-Electric Power generation- Photovoltaic cells- Equivalent circuit- V-I Characteristics- Photovoltaic modules – constructional details- design considerations- Tracking- Maximum power point tracking – algorithms - PV solar system design with energy back up- Solar Thermo electric conversion.

UNIT - III

Wind Energy- Fundamentals of wind energy-power available in wind-Betz Limit-Aerodynamics of wind turbine- Wind turbines- Horizontal and vertical axis turbines –their configurations- Wind Energy conversion systems.

UNIT - IV

Energy from Bio Mass- Various fuels- Sources-Conversion technologies-Wet Processes – Dry Processes- Bio Gas generation – Aerobic and anaerobic digestion-Factors affecting generation of bio gas – Classification of bio gas plants-Different Indian digesters- Digester design considerations- Gasification process-Gasifiers – Applications. Geothermal Energy-sources-Hydrothermal convective- Geo-pressure resources- Petro-thermal systems(HDR)-Magma Resources-Prime Movers.

UNIT - V

OTEC Systems- Principle of operation-Open and closed cycles, Energy from Tides- Principle of Tidal Power- Components of tidal Power plants- Operation Methods-Estimation of Energy in Single and double basin systems- Energy and Power from Waves-Wave energy conversion devices- Fuel Cells-Design and Principle of operation-Types of Fuel

Cells-Advantages and disadvantages-Types of Electrodes- Applications-Basics of Batteries –Constructional details of Lead acid batteries- Ni-Cd Batteries.

Text Books

1. John Twidell & Wier, Renewable Energy Resources, CRC Press, 2009.
2. G.D.Rai – Non Conventional Energy sources, Khanna publishers.

References

1. D.P .Kothari, Singal,Rakesh, Ranjan, Renewable Energy sources and Emerging Technologies, PHI, 2009.
2. F.C.Treble, Generating Electricity from Sun.
3. C.S.Solanki , Solar Photo volatics- Fundamentals- Principles and Applications, PHI 2009
4. S.P.Sukhatme , Solar Energy Principles and Application - TMH

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I OPERATIONS RESEARCH

UNIT – I

Development – Definition– Characteristics and Phases – Types of models – Operations Research models – applications.

ALLOCATION: Linear Programming Problem - Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Artificial variables techniques: Two–phase method, Big-M method; Duality Principle.

UNIT – II

TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM – Formulation – Optimal solution, unbalanced transportation problem – Degeneracy.

Assignment problem – Formulation – Optimal solution - Variants of Assignment Problem; Traveling Salesman problem.

UNIT – III

SEQUENCING – Introduction – Flow –Shop sequencing – n jobs through two machines – n jobs through three machines – Job shop sequencing – two jobs through 'm' machines

REPLACEMENT: Introduction – Replacement of items that deteriorate with time – when money value is not counted and counted – Replacement of items that fail completely- Group Replacement.

UNIT – IV

THEORY OF GAMES: Introduction –Terminology– Solution of games with saddle points and without saddle points- 2 x 2 games –m x 2 & 2 x n games - graphical method – m x n games - dominance principle.

INVENTORY: Introduction – Single item, Deterministic models – Types - Purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks –Stochastic models – demand discrete variable or continuous variable – Single Period model with no setup cost.

UNIT – V

WAITING LINES: Introduction – Terminology-Single Channel – Poisson arrivals and Exponential Service times – with infinite population and finite population models– Multichannel – Poisson arrivals and exponential service times with infinite population.

DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING:

Introduction – Terminology- Bellman's Principle of Optimality – Applications of dynamic programming- shortest path problem – linear programming problem.

TEXT BOOK :

1. Operation Research /J.K.Sharma/MacMilan.
2. Introduction to O.R /Taha/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS :

1. Operations Research: Methods and Problems / Maurice Saseini, Arhur Yaspian and Lawrence Friedman
2. Operations Research /A.M.Natarajan, P.Balasubramaniam, A. Tamilarasi/Pearson Education.
3. Operations Research / Wagner/ PHI Publications.
4. Introduction to O.R/Hillier & Libermann (TMH).

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I

ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

UNIT I:

Block Schematics of Measuring Systems: Performance Characteristics, Static Characteristics, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution, Types of Errors, Gaussian Error, Root Sum Squares formula, Dynamic Characteristics, Repeatability, Reproducibility, Fidelity, Lag ;Measuring Instruments: DC Voltmeters, D' Arsonval Movement, DC Current Meters, AC Voltmeters and Current Meters, Ohmmeters, Multimeters, Meter Protection, Extension of Range, True RMS Responding Voltmeters, Specifications of Instruments.

UNIT II:

Signal Analyzers: AF, HF Wave Analyzers, Harmonic Distortion, Heterodyne wave Analyzers, Spectrum Analyzers, Power Analyzers, Capacitance-Voltage Meters, Oscillators. Signal Generators: AF, RF Signal Generators, Sweep Frequency Generators, Pulse and Square wave Generators, Function Generators, Arbitrary Waveform Generator, Video Signal Generators, and Specifications

UNIT III:

Oscilloscopes: CRT, Block Schematic of CRO, Time Base Circuits, Lissajous Figures, CRO Probes, High Frequency CRO Considerations, Delay lines, Applications: Measurement of Time, Period and Frequency Specifications.

Special Purpose Oscilloscopes: Dual Trace, Dual Beam CROs, Sampling Oscilloscopes, Storage Oscilloscopes, Digital Storage CROs.

UNIT IV:

Transducers: Classification, Strain Gauges, Bounded, unbounded; Force and Displacement Transducers, Resistance Thermometers, Hotwire Anemometers, LVDT, Thermocouples, Synchros, Special Resistance Thermometers, Digital Temperature sensing system, Piezoelectric Transducers, Variable Capacitance Transducers, Magneto Strictive Transducers.

UNIT V:

Bridges: Wheat Stone Bridge, Kelvin Bridge, and Maxwell Bridge.

Measurement of Physical Parameters: Flow Measurement, Displacement Meters, Liquid level Measurement, Measurement of

Humidity and Moisture, Velocity, Force, Pressure – High Pressure, Vacuum level, Temperature -Measurements, Data Acquisition Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation – K. Lal Kishore, Pearson Education 2010.
2. Electronic Instrumentation: H.S.Kalsi – TMH, 2nd Edition 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements – David A. Bell, Oxford Univ. Press, 1997.
2. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques: A.D. Helbins, W.D. Cooper: PHI 5th Edition 2003.
3. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation: B.M. Oliver, J.M. Cage TMH Reprint 2009.
4. Industrial Instrumentation: T.R. Padmanabham Springer 2009.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

UNIT I :

Object oriented thinking and Java Basics- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and life time of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

UNIT II :

Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance-specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces. Exploring java.io.

UNIT III

Exception handling and Multithreading-- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes. String handling, Exploring java.util. Differences between multi threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, interthread communication, thread groups, daemon threads. Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

UNIT IV :

Event Handling : Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes.

The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

UNIT V :

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets.

Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Java the complete reference, 7th editon, Herbert schildt, TMH.
2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, pearson eduction.

REFERENCES :

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John wiley & sons.
2. An Introduction to OOP, third edition, T. Budd, pearson education.
3. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, pearson education.
4. An introduction to Java programming and object oriented application development, R.A. Johnson- Thomson.
5. Core Java 2, Vol 1, Fundamentals, Cay.S.Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
6. Core Java 2, Vol 2, Advanced Features, Cay.S.Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education
7. Object Oriented Programming with Java, R.Buyya, S.T.Selvi, X.Chu, TMH.
8. Java and Object Orientation, an introduction, John Hunt, second edition, Springer.
9. Maurach's Beginning Java2 JDK 5 , SPD.

10. Programming and Problem Solving with Java, JM Slack, B S Publications.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I
DATA STRUCTURES & ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts such as Abstract Data Types. Linear and Non Linear Data Structure.
- To understand the notations used to analyze the performance of algorithms
- To understand the behavior of data structures such as Trees, Graphs and their representation
- To choose the appropriate data structure for a specified application
- To analyze performance of algorithms
- To choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application
- To understand how the choice of data structures and algorithms design methods impacts the performance of programs
- To solve problems using algorithms design methods such as the greedy method, divide and conquer, dynamic programming, Prerequisites Data structures, Mathematical foundations of computer science

Unit I:

C++ Class Overview- Class Definition, Objects, Class Members, Access Control, Class Scope, Constructors and destructors, parameter passing methods, Inline functions, static class members, this pointer, friend functions, dynamic memory allocation and deal location (new and delete), exception handling. Function Over Loading, Operator Overloading, Generic Programming-Function and class templates, Inheritance basics, base and derived classes, inheritance types, base class access control, runtime polymorphism using virtual functions, abstract classes, streams I/O.

Unit II:

Algorithms, performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity. Review of basic data structures- The list ADT, Stack ADT, Queue ADT, Implementation using template classes in C++. Dictionaries, linear list representation, skip list representation, operations insertion, deletion and searching.

Unit III:

Trees: Definition, ADT, Trees Implementation Methods. Trees Traversal Methods

Graphs: Definition, ADT, Graphs Implementation Methods. Graphs Traversal Methods.

Priority Queues – Definition, ADT, Realizing a Priority Queue using Heaps, Definition, insertion, Deletion.

Unit IV:

Algorithms: Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis.

Divide and conquer: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Stassen's matrix multiplication.

Unit V:

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++, S.Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2nd edition, Universities Press Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd.
2. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, Michael T.Goodrich, R.Tamassia and .Mount, Wiley student edition, John Wiley and Sons.

REFERENCES :

1. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd., Second Edition.
2. Data structures and algorithms in C++, 3rd Edition, Adam Drozdek, Thomson
3. Data structures using C and C++, Langsam, Augenstein and Tanenbaum, PHI.
4. Problem solving with C++, The OOP, Fourth edition, W.Savitch, Pearson education

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I OPERATING SYSTEMS

Objectives:

- Provide an introduction to operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection) as fundamental principles by reference to real systems
- To give exposure to the professional responsibilities that are part of operating system design and development.
- To provide the student with the ability to write system oriented programs on Unix/Linux.

UNIT I:

Operating System Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multi programmed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating-System services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.

UNIX/LINUX Utilities - Introduction to Unix file system, vi editor, file handling utilities, security by file permissions, process utilities, disk utilities, networking commands, text processing utilities and backup utilities,

Working with Bash shell: what is a shell, shell responsibilities, pipes and input Redirection, output redirection, here documents, the shell as a programming language, shell meta characters, shell variables, shell commands, the environment, control structures, shell script examples.

UNIT II:

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operation on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithm, Multiple -Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling.

System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec,

Deadlocks - System Model, Dead locks Characterization, Methods for Handling Dead locks Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

UNIT – III:

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, fifos, message queues, shared memory, semaphores.

UNIT IV

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Performance of Demanding Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithm, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

UNIT V:

File System Interface and Implementation -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management, Directory Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance.

Unix/LINUX Files: File structure, directories, files and devices, System calls, library functions, low level file access, usage of open, creat, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
3. Unix the ultimate guide, Sumitabha Das, TMH.
4. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

8. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
9. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd edition Pearson/PHI
10. Operating Systems, Dhamdhare, TMH
11. Unix system programming using C++, T.Chan, PHI.
12. Unix programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI. / Pearson Education
13. Unix Internals The New Frontiers, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.
14. Unix for programmers and users, 3rd edition, Graham Glass, King Ables, Pearson Education

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I MATERIALS SCIENCE

UNIT – 1

Engineering materials. Mechanical properties. Structure-property relation. Grains and grain boundaries. Slip. Determination of grain size. Microstructure and strength. Crystal structure and ductility.

UNIT – 2

Constitution of alloys. Necessity of alloying. Types of solid solutions. Hume-Rothery rules. Intermediate alloy phases. Intermetallic compounds. Electron compounds. Phase diagrams. Construction and interpretation. Isomorphous and eutectic systems. Cu-Ni and Pb-Sn phase diagrams. Lever rule. Phase rule.

UNIT - 3

The iron-carbon phase diagram. Polymorphism. Phases. Structure and properties of hypoeutectoid and hypereutectoid steels and cast irons (white cast iron, malleable cast iron, gray cast iron, nodular cast iron).

UNIT-4:

Heat treatment of steels. TTT diagrams. Annealing, normalizing, hardening, tempering. Effect of alloying elements on the Fe-C diagram and TTT diagram. Hardenability.

Heat treatment of nonferrous alloys. Precipitation hardening. Al-Cu phase diagram. Composite materials I. Particle-reinforced composites (Cu-Al₂O₃, WC-Co). Manufacturing techniques.

UNIT-5:

Ceramics. Crystalline ceramics. Classification: Clay products, Refractories, Abrasives. Applications. Glasses. Strain point, annealing point, softening point, working point, melting point.

Composite materials II. Fiber-reinforced composites. Role of fibre phase and matrix phase. Polymer-matrix, Metal-matrix, and transformation-toughened ceramic matrix composites. Processing and Applications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Materials Science and Engineering. An introduction, WD Callister, Jr., Adapted by R. Balasubramaniam, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007
2. Metallurgy for Engineers – Clark and Varney
3. Elements of Materials Science – V Raghavan

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Foundations of Materials Science and Engineering – WF Smith
2. C. Suryanarayana, Experimental Techniques in Mechanics and Materials, John Wiley, NJ, USA, 2006
3. Introduction to Physical Metallurgy , SH Avner, Tata McGraw-Hill edition, 1997

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OPEN ELECTIVE-I NANOTECHNOLOGY

Unit 1: Background of Nanotechnology

Scientific Revolutions, Nanotechnology and Nanomachines, The Periodic Table, Atomic Structure, Molecules and Phases, Energy, Molecular and Atomic size, Surfaces and Dimensional Space, Top down and Bottom up approach.

Unit 2: Molecular Nanotechnology

Atoms by inference, Electron Microscopes, Scanning electron microscope, Modern transmission electron microscope, Scanning probe microscope-atomic force microscope, Scanning tunneling microscope, Self Assembly.

Unit 3: Nanopowders and Nanomaterials

What are nanomaterials? Preparation, Plasma arcing, chemical vapor deposition, Sol-gels, Electrodeposition, Ball milling, using natural nanoparticles, Applications of nanomaterials.

Unit 4: Nanoelectronics

Approaches to nanoelectronics, Fabrication of integrated circuits, MEMS, NEMS, Nano circuits, Quantum wire, Quantum well, DNA-directed assembly and application in electronics.

Unit 5: Applications

MEMS, NEMS, Coatings, Optoelectronic Devices, Environmental Applications, Nanomedicine.

Text Books

1. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Gabor L. Hornyak, **NanoThread, Inc., Golden, Colorado, USA**; H.F. Tibbals, **University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, USA**; Joydeep Dutta, **Asian Institute of Technology, Pathumthani, Thailand**; John J. Moore, **Colorado School of Mines, Golden, USA**
2. Introduction to Nanotechnology by Charles P. Poole Jr and Frank J. Owens Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Chatopadhyaya.K.K, and Banerjee A.N,
4. Introduction to nano tech by phani kumar
5. Introduction to Nano Technology by Charles P. Poole Jr and Frank J. Owens. Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
6. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Chatopadhyaya.K.K, and Banerjee A.N, NANOTECHNOLOGY Basic Science and Emerging Technologies by Michael Wilson, Kamali Kannangara Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard Raguse- CHAPMAN & HALL/CRC PRESS 2002.

**OPEN ELECTIVE-I
ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT**

Course objectives:

1. to sensitise and orient the future engineers about the challenges in managing engineering enterprises
2. to teach how to provide value through innovations, leadership in technology projects, and the application of emerging technologies through web-based tools

Unit-I

Introduction to Engineering Management - Management Challenges For Engineers – Planning –Organizing –Leading- Controlling-Value Engineering

Unit-II

Cost Accounting for Engineering Managers-Financial Accounting and Analysis for Engineering Managers- Managerial Finance for Engineering Managers

Unit-III

Project management – Total Quality Management –New product design – Production planning and control –Process planning – Maintenance Management – Marketing Management for Engineering Managers.

Unit-IV

Engineers as Managers/Leaders- Ethics In Engineering/Business Management. – Business Process Re-engineering-Ergonomics – Group Technology.

Unit-V

Advanced Manufacturing Technologies and systems -Web-Based Enablers For Engineering And Management- Globalization- Engineering Management In The New Millennium

Text Book:

1. C M Chang, Engineering Management: Challenges in the New Millennium, Pearson, 2013.

References:

1. Martand Telsang, Industrial Engineering and Production Management,S. Chand, Second edition.
2. A.K. Gupta, Engineering Management, S.Chand,2010.

MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Unit I Introduction & Demand Analysis: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. *Elasticity of Demand:* Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. *Demand Forecasting,* Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting.

Unit II Production & Cost Analysis: *Production Function* – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Cobb-Douglas Production function, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. *Cost Analysis:* Cost concepts. Break-even Analysis (BEA)- Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) - Managerial Significance.

Unit III Markets & New Economic Environment: Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition. Price-Output Determination in case of Perfect Competition and Monopoly. *Pricing:* Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. *Business:* Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Public Enterprises and their types, *New Economic Environment:* Changing Business Environment in Post-liberalization scenario.

Unit IV Capital Budgeting: Capital and its significance, Types of Capital, Estimation of Fixed and Working capital requirements, Methods and sources of raising capital Trading Forecast Capital Budget, Cost Budget. Capital Budgeting: features of capital budgeting proposals, Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

Unit V Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis: Accounting concepts and Conventions Introduction IFRS Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). *Financial Analysis:* Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability ratios. Du Pont Chart.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH, 2012.
2. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao Managerial Ecoeconomics & Financial Analysis, Cengage 2011.
3. J. V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao Managerial Ecoeconomics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi.2012.
2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2012.
3. Lipsey & Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, 2009
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson, 2012.
5. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting—A Managerial Perspective, PHI, 2012.
6. S.N.Maheswari & S.K. Maheswari, Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2012.
7. Truet and Truet: Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases, Wiley, 2012.
8. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics, Vikas, 2012.
9. Kasi Reddy Sraswathi, MEFA PHI Learning, 2012.
10. Shailaja & Usha : MEFA, University Press, 2012.

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COMPUTER NETWORKS COMPILER DESIGN LAB

1. Consider the following mini Language, a simple procedural high-level language, only operating on integer data, with a syntax looking vaguely like a simple C crossed with Pascal. The syntax of the language is defined by the following BNF grammar:

```
<program> ::= <block>
<block> ::= { <variabledefinition> <slist> }
           | { <slist> }
<variabledefinition> ::= int <vardeflist> ;
<vardeflist> ::= <vardec> | <vardec> , <vardeflist>
<vardec> ::= <identifier> | <identifier> [ <constant> ]
<slist> ::= <statement> | <statement> ; <slist>
<statement> ::= <assignment> | <ifstatement> | <whilestatement>
              | <block> | <printstatement> | <empty>
<assignment> ::= <identifier> = <expression>
              | <identifier> [ <expression> ] = <expression>
<ifstatement> ::= if <bexpression> then <slist> else <slist> endif
              | if <bexpression> then <slist> endif
<whilestatement> ::= while <bexpression> do <slist> enddo
<printstatement> ::= print ( <expression> )
<expression> ::= <expression> <addingop> <term> | <term> |
               <addingop> <term>
<bexpression> ::= <expression> <relop> <expression>
<relop> ::= < | <= | == | >= | > | !=
<addingop> ::= + | -
<term> ::= <term> <multop> <factor> | <factor>
<multop> ::= * | /
<factor> ::= <constant> | <identifier> | <identifier> [ <expression> ]
           | ( <expression> )
<constant> ::= <digit> | <digit> <constant>
<identifier> ::= <identifier> <letterordigit> | <letter>
<letterordigit> ::= <letter> | <digit>
<letter> ::= a|b|c|d|e|f|g|h|i|j|k|l|m|n|o|p|q|r|s|t|u|v|w|x|y|z
<digit> ::= 0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9
<empty> has the obvious meaning
```

Comments (zero or more characters enclosed between the standard C/Java-style comment brackets /*...*/) can be inserted. The language has rudimentary support for 1-dimensional arrays. The declaration `int a[3]`

declares an array of three elements, referenced as a[0], a[1] and a[2]. Note also that you should worry about the scoping of names.

A simple program written in this language is:

```
{ int a[3],t1,t2;
  t1=2;
  a[0]=1; a[1]=2; a[t1]=3;
  t2=-(a[2]+t1*6)/(a[2]-t1);
  if t2>5 then
    print(t2);
  else {
    int t3;
    t3=99;
    t2=-25;
    print(-t1+t2*t3); /* this is a comment
                      on 2 lines */
  }
endif
}
```

1. Design a Lexical analyzer for the above language. The lexical analyzer should ignore redundant spaces, tabs and newlines. It should also ignore comments. Although the syntax specification states that identifiers can be arbitrarily long, you may restrict the length to some reasonable value.
2. Implement the lexical analyzer using JLex, flex or lex or other lexical analyzer generating tools.
3. Design Predictive parser for the given language
4. Design LALR bottom up parser for the above language.
5. Convert the BNF rules into Yacc form and write code to generate abstract syntax tree.
6. Write program to generate machine code from the abstract syntax tree generated by the parser. The following instruction set may be considered as target code.

The following is a simple register-based machine, supporting a total of 17 instructions. It has three distinct internal storage areas. The first is the set of 8 registers, used by the individual instructions as detailed below, the second is an area used for the storage of variables and the third is an area used for the storage of program. The instructions can be preceded by a label. This consists of an integer in the range 1 to 9999 and the label is followed by a colon to separate it from the rest of the instruction. The numerical label can be used as the argument to a jump instruction, as detailed below. In the description of the individual instructions below, instruction argument types are specified as follows:

R

specifies a register in the form R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6 or R7 (or r0, r1, etc.).

L

specifies a numerical label (in the range 1 to 9999).

V

specifies a "variable location" (a variable number, or a variable location pointed to by a register - see below).

A

specifies a constant value, a variable location, a register or a variable location pointed to by a register (an indirect address). Constant values are specified as an integer value, optionally preceded by a minus sign, preceded by a # symbol. An indirect address is specified by an @ followed by a register. So, for example, an A-type argument could have the form 4 (variable number 4), #4 (the constant value 4), r4 (register 4) or @r4 (the contents of register 4 identifies the variable location to be accessed).

The instruction set is defined as follows:

LOAD A,R

loads the integer value specified by A into register R.

STORE R,V

stores the value in register R to variable V.

OUT R

outputs the value in register R.

NEG R

negates the value in register R.

ADD A,R

adds the value specified by A to register R, leaving the result in register R.

SUB A,R

subtracts the value specified by A from register R, leaving the result in register R.

MUL A,R

multiplies the value specified by A by register R, leaving the result in register R.

DIV A,R

divides register R by the value specified by A, leaving the result in register R.

JMP L

causes an unconditional jump to the instruction with the label L.

JEQ R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is zero.

JNE R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is not zero.

JGE R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is greater than or equal to zero.

JGT R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is greater than zero.

JLE R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is less than or equal to zero.

JLT R,L

jumps to the instruction with the label L if the value in register R is less than zero.

NOP

is an instruction with no effect. It can be tagged by a label.

STOP

stops execution of the machine. All programs should terminate by executing a STOP instruction.

Computer Networks Lab

1. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character stuffing and bit stuffing.
2. Implement on a data set of characters the three CRC polynomials – CRC 12 , CRC 16 and CRC CCIP .
3. Implement Dijkstra 's algorithm to compute the Shortest path thru a graph.
4. Take an example subnet graph with weights indicating delay between nodes. Now obtain Routing table at each node using instance vector routing algorithm
5. Take an example subnet of hosts . Obtain broadcast tree for it.
6. Implement following with any simulation software.
 - i) Ethernet
Objective: Study how the throughput of the network is affect by network load as well as size of the packets
 - ii) Switched LAN'S:

Objective: Study how the through put and collision of packets in a switched network are affected by the configuration of the network and types of switching devices that are used.

iii) Transmission Control Protocol:

Objective: Study TCP as end-to –end transmission protocol and analyze size of congestion window with different mechanisms

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DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

List of Experiments:-

- 1) Concept design with E-R Model
- 2) Relational Model
- 3) Normalization
- 4) Practicing DDL commands
- 5) Practicing DML commands
- 6) Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
- 7) Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
- 8) Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger. Practice triggers using the above database.)
- 9) Procedures
- 10) Usage of Cursors

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JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB

Objectives:

- To introduce java compiler and IDE platform
- To impart hand on experience with java programming

Outcomes:

The student is expected to have hands on experience with the following:

- Basics of java programming, multi-threaded programs and Exception handling
- The skills to apply OOP in Java programming in problem solving
- Ability to access data from a DB with Java programs
- Use of GUI components (Console and GUI based)

Use Eclipse or Netbean platform and acquaint with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.

1) Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box. [Use JOption Pane –Input dialog ,Message dialog]

2) Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such

that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method printArea () that prints the area of the given shape.

3) Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number.

4) Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.

5) Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with “Stop” or “Ready” or “Go” should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.

6) Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero

7) a) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.

b) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named “Compute” is clicked.

8) Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.

9) Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.

10) Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).

11) Implement the above program with database instead of a text file.

12) Write a java program that prints the meta-data of a given table

Text Books:

1. Java Fundamentals – A comprehensive Introduction, Herbert Schildt and Dale Skrien, TMH.

References:

1. Java for Programmers, P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, Pearson education (OR) Java: How to Program P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, PHI.
2. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P.Radha Krishna, Universities Press.
3. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education
4. Programming in Java, S.Malhotra and S.Choudhary, Oxford Univ. Press.

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DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATAMINING

UNIT-I

DATA MINING

Data-Types of Data-, Data Mining Functionalities- Interestingness Patterns-Classification of Data Mining systems- Data mining Task primitives -Integration of Data mining system with a Data warehouse-Major issues in Data Mining-Data Preprocessing.

UNIT-II

DATA WAREHOUSE AND BUSINESS ANALYSIS

Data Warehouse-Data Warehouse Architecture- Multidimensional Data Model-Data cube and OLAP Technology-Data Warehouse Implementation -DBMS schemas for Decision support - Efficient methods for Data cube computation.

UNIT-III

ASSOCIATION RULE MINING AND CLASSIFICATION

Mining Frequent Patterns-Associations and correlations- Mining Methods- Mining Various kinds of Association Rules- Correlation Analysis- Constraint based Association mining.-Classification and Prediction- Basic concepts-Decision tree induction-Bayesian classification, Rule-based classification - classification by Back propagation,-Support vector machines.-Associative Classification, Lazy learners-Other classification methods – Prediction.

UNIT-IV

CLUSTERING AND APPLICATIONS

Cluster analysis-Types of Data in Cluster Analysis-Categorization of Major Clustering Methods- Partitioning Methods,-Hierarchical Methods-Density-Based Methods,-Grid-Based Methods,-Model-Based Clustering Methods- Clustering high dimensional data-Constraint- Based cluster analysis-Outlier Analysis

UNIT V

MINING DATA STREAMS, TIME-SERIES AND SEQUENCE DATA

Basic concepts- Mining data streams-Mining Time-series data--Mining sequence patterns in Transactional databases-.Mining Object- Spatial-Multimedia-Text and Web data- Spatial Data mining- Multimedia Data mining--Text Mining- Mining the World Wide Web.

Text Books:

1. Data Mining – Concepts and Techniques - JIAWEI HAN & MICHELINE KAMBER , Elsevier.
2. Data Warehousing, Data Mining &OLAP- Alex Berson and Stephen J.Smith- Tata McGraw-Hill Edition ,Tenth reprint 2007

References:

1. Data Mining Techniques – ARUN K PUJARI, University Press
2. Building the DataWarehouse- W. H. Inmon, Wiley Dreamtech India Pvt. Ltd..
3. Data Warehousing Fundamentals – PAULRAJ PONNAIAH WILEY STUDENT EDITION
4. The Data Warehouse Life cycle Tool kit – RALPH KIMBALL WILEY STUDENT EDITION
5. Data Mining Introductory and advanced topics –MARGARET H DUNHAM, PEA.

6. DATA MINING – TAN, VIPIN KUMAR, PEA

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WEB TECHNOLOGIES

Objectives:

- To introduce PHP language for server side scripting
- To introduce XML and processing of XML Data with Java
- To introduce Server side programming with Java Servlets and JSP
- To introduce Client side scripting with Javascript and AJAX.

Outcomes:

The Student is expected to

- gain knowledge of client side scripting, validation of forms and AJAX programming
- have understanding of server side scripting with PHP language
- have understanding of what is XML and how to parse and use XML Data with Java
- To introduce Server side programming with Java Servlets and JSP

UNIT- I

Introduction to PHP: Declaring variables, data types, arrays, strings, operators, expressions, control structures, functions, Reading data from web form controls like text boxes, radio buttons, lists etc., Handling File Uploads, Connecting to database (MySQL as reference), executing simple queries, handling results, Handling sessions and cookies

File Handling in PHP: File operations like opening, closing, reading, writing, appending, deleting etc. on text and binary files, listing directories

UNIT- II

XML: Introduction to XML, Defining XML tags, their attributes and values, Document Type Definition, XML Schemas, Document Object Model, XHTML

Parsing XML Data - DOM and SAX Parsers in java.

UNIT- III

Introduction to Servlets: Common Gateway Interface (CGI), Lifecycle of a Servlet, deploying a servlet, The Servlet API, Reading Servlet parameters, Reading Initialization parameters, Handling Http Request & Responses, Using Cookies and Sessions, connecting to a database using JDBC.

UNIT- IV

Introduction to JSP: The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing, Declarations, Directives, Expressions, Code Snippets, implicit objects, Using Beans in JSP Pages, Using Cookies and session for session tracking, connecting to database in JSP.

UNIT- V

Client side Scripting: Introduction to Javascript: Javascript language - declaring variables, scope of variables, functions, event handlers (onclick, onsubmit etc.), Document Object Model, Form validation. Simple AJAX application.

Text Books:

1. Web Technologies, Uttam K Roy, Oxford University Press

2. The Complete Reference PHP – Steven Holzner, Tata McGraw-Hill

References:

1. Web Programming, building internet applications, Chris Bates 2nd edition, Wiley Dreamtech
2. Java Server Pages –Hans Bergsten, SPD O'Reilly
3. Java Script, D.Flanagan, O'Reilly,SPD.
4. Beginning Web Programming-Jon Duckett WROX.
5. Programming world wide web, R.W.Sebesta, Fourth Edition, Pearson.
6. Internet and World Wide Web – How to program, Dietel and Nieto, Pearson.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II ESTIMATION, QUANTITY SURVEY & VALUATION

UNIT – I

General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates – Approximate method of Estimating.

UNIT – II

Detailed Estimates of Buildings - Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules

UNIT – III

Earthwork for roads and canals.

UNIT – IV

Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contingent charges.

UNIT-V

Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation -Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

NOTE : NUMBER OF EXERCISES PROPOSED :

1. Three in flat Roof & one in Sloped Roof
2. Exercises on Data – three Nos.

Text Books

1. Estimating and Costing by B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
2. Estimating and Costing by G.S. Birdie

Reference books :

1. Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book by public works department.
2. I. S. 1200 (Parts I to XXV – 1974/ method of measurement of building and Civil Engineering works – B.I.S.)
3. Estimation, Costing and Specifications by M. Chakraborti; Laxmi publications.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS

Unit-1 Electrical Energy Storage Technologies

Characteristics of electricity, Electricity and the roles of EES, High generation cost during peak-demand periods, Need for continuous and flexible supply, Long distance between generation and consumption, Congestion in power grids, Transmission by cable.

Unit-2 Needs for Electrical Energy Storage

Emerging needs for EES, More renewable energy, less fossil fuel , Smart Grid uses, The roles of electrical energy storage technologies, The roles from the viewpoint of a utility, The roles from the viewpoint of consumers, The roles from the viewpoint of generators of renewable energy.

Unit-3 Features of Energy Storage Systems

Classification of EES systems , Mechanical storage systems, Pumped hydro storage (PHS), Compressed air energy storage (CAES), Flywheel energy storage (FES), Electrochemical storage systems , Secondary batteries , Flow batteries, Chemical energy storage , Hydrogen (H₂), Synthetic natural gas (SNG).

Unit-4 Types of Electrical Energy Storage systems

Electrical storage systems, Double-layer capacitors (DLC) , Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES), Thermal storage systems , Standards for EES, Technical comparison of EES technologies.

Unit-5 Applications

Present status of applications, Utility use (conventional power generation, grid operation & service) , Consumer use (uninterruptable power supply for large consumers), New trends in applications , Renewable energy generation, Smart Grid, Smart Micro grid, Smart House, Electric vehicles, Management and control hierarchy of storage systems, Internal configuration of battery storage systems, External connection of EES systems , Aggregating EES systems and distributed generation (Virtual Power Plant), Battery SCADA– aggregation of many dispersed batteries.

TEXT BOOK:

1. "Energy Storage Benefits and Market Analysis" by James M. Eyer, Joseph J. Iannucci and Garth P. Corey.
2. The Electrical Energy Storage by IEC Market Strategy Board.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Jim Eyer, Garth Corey: *Energy Storage for the Electricity Grid: Benefits and Market Potential Assessment Guide*, Report, Sandia National Laboratories, Feb 2010.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II
MECHATRONICS

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Definition – Trends - Control Methods: Standalone , PC Based (Real Time Operating Systems, Graphical User Interface , Simulation) - Applications: identification of sensors and actuators in Washing machine, Automatic Camera, Engine Management, SPM, Robot, CNC, FMS, CIM.

SIGNAL CONDITIONING : Introduction – Hardware - Digital I/O , Analog input – ADC , resolution, Filtering Noise using passive components – Registers, capacitors - Amplifying signals using OP amps –Software - Digital Signal Processing – Low pass , high pass , notch filtering

UNIT – II

PRECISION MECHANICAL SYSTEMS :

Modern CNC Machines – Design aspects in machine structures, guideways, feed drives, spindle and spindle bearings, measuring systems, control software and operator interface, gauging and tool monitoring.

Note: (text book: Mechatronics HMT – chapter 5)

ELECTRONIC INTERFACE SUBSYSTEMS : TTL, CMOS interfacing - Sensor interfacing – Actuator interfacing – solenoids , motors Isolation schemes- opto coupling, buffer IC's - Protection schemes – circuit breakers , over current sensing , resettable fuses , thermal dissipation - Power Supply - Bipolar transistors / mosfets

UNIT – III

ELECTROMECHANICAL DRIVES : Relays and Solenoids - Stepper Motors - DC brushed motors – DC brushless motors - DC servo motors - 4-quadrant servo drives , PWM's - Pulse Width Modulation – Variable Frequency Drives, Vector Drives - Drive System load calculation.

MICROCONTROLLERS OVERVIEW : 8051 Microcontroller , micro processor structure – Digital Interfacing - Analog Interfacing - Digital to Analog Convertors - Analog to Digital Convertors - Applications. Programming –Assembly, C (LED Blinking , Voltage measurement using ADC).

UNIT – IV

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS : Basic Structure - Programming : Ladder diagram -Timers, Internal Relays and Counters - Shift Registers - Master and Jump Controls - Data Handling -Analog input / output - PLC Selection - Application.

UNIT – V

PROGRAMMABLE MOTION CONTROLLERS : Introduction - System Transfer Function – Laplace transform and its application in analysing differential equation of a control system - Feedback Devices : Position , Velocity Sensors - Optical Incremental encoders - Proximity Sensors : Inductive , Capacitive , Infrared - Continuous and discrete processes - Control System Performance & tuning - Digital Controllers - P , PI , PID Control - Control modes – Position , Velocity and Torque - Velocity Profiles – Trapezoidal- S. Curve - Electronic Gearing - Controlled Velocity Profile - Multi axis Interpolation , PTP , Linear , Circular - Core functionalities – Home , Record position , GOTO Position - Applications : SPM, Robotics.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering by W Bolton, Pearson Education Press, 3rd edition, 2005.
2. Mechatronics/M.D.Singh/J.G.Joshi/PHI.

REFERENCE:

1. “Designing Intelligent Machines”. open University, London.
2. Michel B. Histan and David G. Alciatore,”
3. Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems, “Tata MC Graw hill
4. I. C.W. Desi ha, “Control sensors and actuators,” Prentice Hall.
5. Mechatronics Source Book by Newton C Braga, Thomson Publications, Chennai.
6. Mechatronics – N. Shanmugam / Anuradha Agencies Publisers.
7. Mechatronics System Design / Devdas shetty/Richard/Thomson.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Unit 1:

Introduction: Communication Systems and types, modulation and multiplexing, Electromagnetic spectrum, Gain, Attenuation and decibels.

Unit 2:

Simple description on Modulation: Analog Modulation-AM, FM, Pulse Modulation-PAM, PWM, PCM, Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, FSK, PSK, QPSK modulation and demodulation schemes.

Unit 3:

Telecommunication Systems: Telephones Telephone system, Paging systems, Telephony.

Networking and Local Area Networks: Network fundamentals, LAN hardware, Ethernet LANs, Token Ring LAN.

Unit 4:

Satellite Communication: Satellite Orbits, satellite communication systems, satellite subsystems, Ground Stations Satellite Applications, Global Positioning systems.

Optical Communication: Optical Principles, Optical Communication Systems, Fiber –Optic Cables, Optical Transmitters & Receivers, Wavelength Division Multiplexing.

Unit 5:

Multiple Access Techniques: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Packet Radio techniques-ALOHA, slotted ALOHA.

Cellular and Mobile Communications: Cellular telephone systems, AMPS, GSM, CDMA, WCDMA.

Wireless Technologies: Wireless LAN, PANs and Bluetooth, ZigBee and Mesh Wireless networks, Wimax and MANs, Infrared wireless, RFID communication, UWB.

Text Books:

1. Principles of Electronic Communication Systems, Louis E. Frenzel, 3e, McGraw Hill publications, 2008.
2. Wayne Tomasi, Introduction to data communications and networking, Pearson Education, 2005.

Reference Books:

1. Tarmo Anttalainen, Introduction to Telecommunications Network Engineering, Artech House Telecommunications Library.
2. Theodore Rappaport, Wireless Communications-Principles and practice, Printice Hall, 2002.
3. Roger L. Freeman, Fundamentals of Telecommunications, 2e, Wiley publications.
4. Kennady, Davis, Electronic Communications systems, 4e, TMH, 1999.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II E-COMMERCE

UNIT-I

Electronic Commerce-Frame work, anatomy of E-Commerce applications, E-Commerce Consumer applications, E-Commerce organization applications.

UNIT-II

Consumer Oriented Electronic commerce - Mercantile Process models, Electronic payment systems - Digital Token-Based, Smart Cards, Credit Cards, Risks in Electronic Payment systems.

UNIT-III

Inter Organizational Commerce - EDI, EDI Implementation, Value added networks, Intra Organizational Commerce - work Flow, Automation Customization and internal Commerce, Supply chain Management.

UNIT-IV

Corporate Digital Library - Document Library, digital Document types, corporate Data Warehouses. Advertising and Marketing - Information based marketing, Advertising on Internet, on-line marketing process, market research.

UNIT-V

Consumer Search and Resource Discovery - Information search and Retrieval, Commerce Catalogues, Information Filtering, Multimedia - key multimedia concepts, Digital Video and electronic Commerce, Desktop video processings, Desktop video conferencing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Frontiers of electronic commerce – Kalakata, Whinston, Pearson.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. E-Commerce fundamentals and applications Hendry Chan, Raymond Lee, Tharam Dillon, Ellizabeth Chang, John Wiley.
2. E-Commerce, S.Jaiswal – Galgotia.
3. E-Commerce, Efrain Turbon, Jae Lee, David King, H.Michael Chang.
4. Electronic Commerce – Gary P.Schneider – Thomson.
5. E-Commerce – Business, Technology, Society, Kenneth C.Taudon, Carol Guyerico Traver.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Objectives:

- To make students understand about fundamentals of Graphics to enable them to design animated scenes for virtual object creations.
- To make the student present the content graphically.

Outcomes:

- Students can animate scenes entertainment.
- Will be able work in computer aided design for content presentation..
- Better analogy data with pictorial representation.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms, mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms.Filled area primitives: Scan line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

UNIT-II:

2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems

2-D viewing : The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland – Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm

UNIT-III:

3-D object representation : Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.3-D viewing :

Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

UNIT-IV:

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scan-line, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area subdivision and octree methods

UNIT-V:

Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

Text Books:

1. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
2. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.

References:

1. Computer Graphics", second Edition, Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, PHI/Pearson Education.
2. Computer Graphics Second edition", Zhigand xiang, Roy Plastock, Schaum's outlines, Tata Mc-Graw hill edition.
3. rocedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2nd edition.
4. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
5. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.
6. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- To understand the relational database design principles.
- To become familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

UNIT I :

Data base System Applications: data base System VS file System, View of Data, Data Abstraction ,Instances and Schemas, data Models ,the ER Model, Relational Model, Other Models, Database Languages, DDL, DML, database Access for applications Programs ,data base Users and Administrator ,Transaction Management, data base System Structure, Storage Manager, the Query Processor. History of Data base Systems. Data base design and ER diagrams, Beyond ER Design Entities, Attributes and Entity sets, Relationships and Relationship sets, Additional features of ER Model ,Concept Design with the ER Model, Conceptual Design for Large enterprises.

UNIT II:

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity Constraint Over relations ,Enforcing Integrity constraints , Querying relational data , Logical data base Design ,Introduction to Views, Destroying /altering Tables and Views. Form of Basic SQL Query, Examples of Basic SQL Queries, Introduction to Nested Queries ,Correlated Nested Queries Set, Comparison Operators, Aggregative Operators, NULL values ,Comparison using Null values ,Logical connectivity's, AND, OR and NOT, Impact on SQL Constructs Outer Joins, Disallowing NULL values ,Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL Triggers and Active Data bases, Oracle, SQL Server,DB2.

UNIT III:

Relational Algebra :Selection and projection set operations, renaming ,Joins ,Division, Examples of Algebra overviews, Relational calculus, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus ,Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.

Schema refinement: Problems Caused by redundancy, Decompositions, Problem related to decomposition, reasoning about FDS,FIRST, SECOND, THIRD Normal forms ,BCNF, Lossless join Decomposition ,Dependency preserving Decomposition, Schema refinement in Data base Design ,Multi valued Dependencies , FORTH Normal Form, FIFTH Normal Form.

UNIT IV:

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions , Serializability, Recoverability ,Implementation of Isolation ,Testing for serializability,Lock Based Protocols , Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols ,Multiple Granularity.

Recovery and Atomicity ,Log-Based Recovery ,Recovery with Concurrent Transactions, Buffer Management, Failure with loss of nonvolatile storage, Advance Recovery systems, Remote Backup systems.

UNIT V:

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures ,Hash Based Indexing ,Tree base Indexing ,Comparison of File Organizations ,Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

Text Books :

1. Data base Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATA McGrawHill 3rd Edition
2. Data base System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw hill, V edition.

References :

1. Data base Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals,The X Team,S.Shah and V.Shah,SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle:A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL,Shah,PHI.

6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M.L.Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II NANOMATERIALS

Unit – 1

Introduction

What is Nano – Why Nano – Properties at Nano Scales, Advantages & Disadvantages, Applications in comparison with bulk materials (Nanostructure, nanowires, nanotubes, nanocomposites)

Nano Particles

Introduction – Synthesis procedures – wet chemical approach & physical vapor synthesis approach – size effect & shape change and their properties – examples of systems involved – characterization techniques – properties & their applications

Unit – II

Nano Wires

Introduction – various synthesis procedures (template assisted method, VLS method and other synthesis methods) – properties of nanowires – characterization procedures & principles involved. Applications of Nanowires.

Nanotubes

Introduction – Different systems involved in nanotubes – single walled, multi-walled, Carbon based, metal incorporated tubes. Synthesis procedures (Solid & gaseous carbon source based production techniques) Growth mechanism of carbon nanotubes – properties of carbon nanotubes – characterization – applications.

Unit – III

Nano Composites

Introduction, Synthesis procedures, various systems (metal-polymer, metal-ceramics and polymer-Ceramics). Characterization – procedures – Applications.

Unit – IV

Micro/Nano Fabrication Techniques

Introduction, Basic fabrication techniques (lithography, thin film deposition and doping) MEMS fabrication techniques, Nano fabrication techniques (E-Beam nano-imprint fabrication, Epitaxy and strain engineering. Scanned probe techniques)

Unit – V

Materials of Nano Technology

Introduction – Si-based Materials - Ge-based materials - Ferro electric materials – Polymer materials - GaAs & InP (III – V) Group materials, Nano tribology and materials - characterization using Scanning Probe Microscope, AFM, FFM.

Nano Biomaterials

Introduction, Biocompatibility; anti bacterial activity – principles involved – Applications.

TEXT / Reference BOOKS

1. Nano Materials: A. K. Bandyopadyay, New age Publications
2. Nano Essentials: T. Pradeep, TMH
3. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology
4. The Guest for new materials Auther S. T. Lakshmi Kumar, Published by Vigyan Prasar.
5. Nano – The Essentials: C – Pradeep (Ilcue Professor), McGraw Hill
6. Nano Materials Synthersis, Properties and applications, 1996, Edlstein and Cammarate

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OPEN ELECTIVE-II INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Unit-I

Introduction to Intellectual property law Basics-types of Intellectual property-Agencies responsible for intellectual property registration, internal organisations, and treaties the increasing importance of intellectual property rights. Foundation of trade mark law purpose types and function of trade mark A acquisition of trademarks rights. Selecting and evaluating the application drawing mark a mark .preparing the application drawing of marks.

Unit-II

Interparty proceeding, infringement, and dilution, inter parties proceedings infringement of trademarks dilution of trademarks related trade mark claims. New development in trademark law the internet protecting a domain names hyper linking and the first amendment other cyberspace trade mark issues. Applications in the United States based on foreign applications and registration.

Unit-III

Foundations of copyright law common law right and right under the 1976 copyright Act the united states copyright office-the subject matter of copyright, originality of material fixation of material work of authorship exclusion from copyright protection case study and activity. The right afforded by copyright law right of reproduction right to prepare derivative works copyright ownership, transfer and duration.

Unit-IV

Introduction foundations of patent law rights under federal law United States patent and trademark office design patents plant patents double patenting the orphan drug Act. Patent ownership and transfer sole and joint inventor's disputes over inventor ship. New developments and international patent law

Unit-V

The law of trade secrets unfair competition determination of trade secret status liability for misappropriation of trade secrets employer-employee relationships protection for submissions defences to trade secret

misappropriation remedies for misappropriation trade secret litigation trade secret protection programs. Intellectual property audits and due diligence reviews.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Deborah E. Bo choux : *intellectual property*, cengage learning , 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. P.Narayana: Intellectual property Law 3rd Edition. Eastern Law House 2001-2002.
2. Dr S.R.Myneni: law of intellectual property 2nd edition, Asian law house 2003

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**OPEN ELECTIVE-II
ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

Aim: The aim of this subject is to inspire students to become entrepreneurs so that they will emerge as job providers rather than job seekers.

Learning Outcome: By the end of this course the students should be able to understand the mindset of the entrepreneurs, identify ventures for launching, develop an idea on the legal framework and also understand strategic perspectives in entrepreneurship.

1. Understanding Entrepreneurial Mindset- The revolution impact of entrepreneurship- The evolution of entrepreneurship- Approaches to entrepreneurship- Process approach- Twenty first century trends in entrepreneurship.

Case1: Ready, Aim, Fire Fire (B. Janakiram, M.Rizwana, page 212),

Case2: Henry Ford, (B. Janakiram, M. Rizwana, page 214)

Case 3: From candle seller to CEO (Arya Kumar P.No. 48)

2. The individual entrepreneurial mind-set and Personality- The entrepreneurial journey- Stress and the entrepreneur- the entrepreneurial ego- Entrepreneurial motivations. Corporate Entrepreneurial Mindset- the nature of corporate entrepreneur- conceptualization of corporate entrepreneurship Strategy-sustaining corporate entrepreneurship.

Case : Globalizing Local Talent, (B. Janakiram, M. Rizwana, page 228).

3. Launching Entrepreneurial Ventures- opportunities identification- entrepreneurial Imagination and Creativity- the nature of the creativity process-Innovation and entrepreneurship. Methods to initiate Ventures- Creating new ventures-Acquiring an Established entrepreneurial venture- Franchising-hybrid- disadvantage of Franchising.

Case 1: Water, Water everywhere: but not a drop to drink, (Richard Blundel , Page 48).

Case 2: Critical Incident, Mark Robinson: Strategy Mapping Business (Richard Blundel, Page 48).

Case 3: Pets.com (Arya Kumar P.No. 88)
 Case 4: creativity in start-ups (Arya Kumar P.No. 166)
 Case 5: Opportunity – Earthmoving Industry (Arya Kumar P.No. 211)
 4. Legal challenges of Entrepreneurship-Intellectual property protection-Patents, Copyrights-Trade marks and Trade secrets-Avoiding trademark pitfalls. Formulation of the entrepreneurial Plan-The challenges of new venture start-ups, Poor financial Understanding-Critical factors for new venture development-The Evaluation process-Feasibility criteria approach.
 Case 1: Victoria, Tomlinson; Network. (Richard Blundel, Page 99).
 Case 2: Tim Lockett, Knowing your Customers & Suppliers (Richard Blundel Page128).
 Case 3: Google (Arya Kumar P.No. 248)
 Case 4: Tata Motors – Nano (Arya Kumar P.No. 279)
 5. Strategic perspectives in entrepreneurship- Strategic planning-Strategic actions- strategic positioning-Business stabilization-Building the adaptive firms-Understanding the growth stage-Unique managerial concern of growing ventures.
 Case 1: To Lease or Not: A Cash flow Question (David H.Holt, Page 452).
 Case 2:- Public Sector - address seed capital (David H.Holt, Page 453).

READING

Text Book :

1. D F Kuratko and T V Rao “Entrepreneurship- A South-Asian Perspective “Cengage Learning, 2012.

Cases:

1. Arya Kumar “**Entrepreneurship- creating and leading an entrepreneurial organization** ” Pearson 2012.
2. Richard Blundel” Exploring Entrepreneurship Practices and Perspectives,Oxford,2011.
3. David H Holt” Entrepreneurship:New Venture Creation” PHI,2013.

Journal :

1. **The Journal of Entrepreneurship**, Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India, Ahmedabad,
2. **Journal of Human Values** : IIM Calcutta.

References:

1. Vasant Desai “Small Scale industries and entrepreneurship” Himalaya publishing 2012.
2. Rajeev Roy “Entrepreneurship” 2e, Oxford, 2012.
3. B.Janakiram and M.Rizwana” Entrepreneurship Development :Text & Cases, Excel Books,2011.

4. Robert Hisrich et al “Entrepreneurship” 6th e, TMH, 2012.

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Department Elective - I ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Objectives:

- To learn the difference between optimal reasoning vs human like reasoning
- To understand the notions of state space representation, exhaustive search, heuristic search along with the time and space complexities
- To learn different knowledge representation techniques
- To understand the applications of AI: namely Game Playing, Theorem Proving, Expert Systems, Machine Learning and Natural Language Processing

Outcomes:

- Possess the ability to formulate an efficient problem space for a problem expressed in English.
- Possess the ability to select a search algorithm for a problem and characterize its time and space complexities.
- Possess the skill for representing knowledge using the appropriate technique
- Possess the ability to apply AI techniques to solve problems of Game Playing, Expert Systems, Machine Learning and Natural Language Processing

UNIT I

Introduction:

AI problems, AI Technique, defining problem as a static space search production systems, problem characteristics, production system characteristics.

Heuristic search Techniques:

Generate – and – test, Hill climbing, best – first search, problem reduction, constraint satisfaction, means-ends analysis.

UNIT II

Knowledge representation:

Issues, predicate logic, resolution, representing Knowledge using rules, Forward versus Backward reasoning, Matching, control Knowledge, weak slot – and – filler structures, semantic nets, frames, strong slot – and – filler structures, conceptual dependency, scripts.

UNIT III

Reasoning Techniques:

Nomonotonic reasoning, Augmenting a problem solver, implementation of depth first search and Breadth first search, statistical reasoning, probability and Bayes theorem, certainty factors and rule-based systems, Bayesian networks.

UNIT IV

Game Playing:

Minimax search, alpha – beta cutoffs, planning system, Goal stack planning, hierarchical planning, understanding, understanding as constraint satisfaction, waltz algorithm, natural language processing, syntactic processing, Augmented transition Networks, Semantic analysis, case grammars.

UNIT V

Learning:

Rote learning, learning by taking advice, learning in problem solving, learning from examples, Winston's learning program, Decision trees, perception, vision, speech recognition, Navigation, manipulation, Robot architectures, Expert systems, shell, explanation, knowledge acquisition.

Text Books:

1. Artificial Intelligence" 2nd Edn. , E.Rich and K.Knight (TMH)

References:

1. Artificial Intelligence A modern Approach, second edition, Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig , PHI/ Pearson Education.
2. Artificial Intelligence, and Expert systems – Patterson PHI

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Department Elective -1 COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Objectives:

- To make students understand about fundamentals of Graphics to enable them to design animated scenes for virtual object creations.
- To make the student present the content graphically.

Outcomes:

- Students can animate scenes entertainment.
- Will be able work in computer aided design for content presentation..
- Better analogy data with pictorial representation.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms, mid-point circle and ellipse algorithms.Filled area primitives: Scan line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms

UNIT-II:

2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems

2-D viewing : The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view-port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland – Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm

UNIT-III:

3-D object representation : Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B-Spline curves, Bezier and B-Spline surfaces. Basic illumination models, polygon rendering methods.

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations. 3-D viewing : Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, view volume and general projection transforms and clipping.

UNIT-IV:

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth-buffer, scan-line, depth sorting, BSP-tree methods, area subdivision and octree methods

UNIT-V:

Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions, raster animation, computer animation languages, key frame systems, motion specifications

Text Books:

3. "Computer Graphics *C version*", Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education
4. "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education.

References:

1. Computer Graphics", second Edition, Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, PHI/Pearson Education.
2. Computer Graphics Second edition", Zhigand xiang, Roy Plastock, Schaum's outlines, Tata Mc-Graw hill edition.
3. Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, David F Rogers, Tata Mc Graw hill, 2nd edition.
4. Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Neuman and Sproul, TMH.
5. Principles of Computer Graphics, Shalini Govil, Pai, 2005, Springer.
6. Computer Graphics, Steven Harrington, TMH

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Department Elective -1 SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

UNIT I

Conventional Software Management: The waterfall model, conventional software Management performance.

Evolution of Software Economics: Software Economics, pragmatic software cost estimation.

UNIT II

Improving Software Economics: Reducing Software product size, improving software processes, improving team effectiveness, improving automation, Achieving required quality, peer inspections. **The old way and the new**: The principles of conventional software Engineering, principles of modern software management, transitioning to an iterative process.

UNIT III

Life cycle phases: **Engineering and production stages, inception, Elaboration, construction, transition phases.**

Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets, Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts. **Model based software architectures**: A Management perspective and technical perspective.

Work Flows of the process: Software process workflows, Iteration workflows.

UNIT IV

Checkpoints of the process: Major mile stones, Minor Milestones, Periodic status assessments. Iterative Process Planning: work breakdown structures, planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating, Iteration planning process, Pragmatic planning.

Project Organizations and Responsibilities: Line-of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, evolution of Organizations. Process Automation: Automation Building blocks, The Project Environment.

UNIT V

Project Control and Process instrumentation: The seven core Metrics, Management indicators, quality indicators, life cycle expectations, pragmatic Software Metrics, Metrics automation. Tailoring the Process: Process discriminates.

Future Software Project Management: modern Project Profiles, Next generation Software economics, modern process transitions.

Case Study: The command Center Processing and Display system-Replacement (CCPDS-R).

Text Books:

1. Software Project Management, Walker Royce: Pearson Education, 2005.

References:

1. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell: Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
2. Software Project Management, Joel Henry, Pearson Education.
3. Software Project Management in practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson Education.2005.

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Department Elective-II PATTERN RECOGNITION

UNIT I:

INTRODUCTION

Pattern and features – Training and learning in pattern recognition systems – Pattern recognition approaches – Statistical pattern recognition – Syntactic pattern recognition – Neural pattern recognition – Reasoning driven pattern recognition – Discriminant functions – Linear and Fisher's discriminant functions.

UNIT II

STATISTICAL PATTERN RECOGNITION

Gaussian model – Supervised learning – Parametric estimation – Maximum likelihood estimation – Bayesian parameter estimation – Perceptron algorithm – LMSE algorithm – Problems with Bayes approach – Pattern classification by distance functions – Maximum distance pattern classifier.

UNIT III

CLUSTER ANALYSIS

Unsupervised learning – Clustering for unsupervised learning and classification – C-means algorithm – Hierarchical clustering procedures – Graph theoretic approach to pattern clustering – Validity of clustering solutions.

UNIT IV

SYNTACTIC PATTERN RECOGNITION

Elements of formal grammar – String generation as pattern description – Recognition of syntactic description – Parsing – Stochastic grammar and applications – Graph based structural representation.

UNIT V

FEATURES EXTRACTION AND RECENT ADVANCES

Entropy minimization – Karhunen –Loeve transformation – Neural network structures for pattern recognition – Unsupervised learning – Self organizing networks – Fuzzy pattern classifiers – Genetic algorithms – Application to pattern recognition.

Text Books:

1. Robert J, Schalkoff, “*Pattern Recognition: Statistical, Structural and Neural Approaches*”, JohnWiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1992.

References:

1. Duda R.O. and Hart P.E., “*Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis*”, John Wiley, New York, 2001
2. Morton Nadler and Eric Smith P., “*Pattern Recognition Engineering*”, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1993.
3. Touand , Gonzalez R. “*Patten Recognition Principles*” Addison Wesley, 1974.
4. Earl Gose, Richard Johnsonbaugh, Steve Jost, “*Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis*”, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi – 110 001, 1999.
5. Duda R.O, Hart .P.E., D.G. Stal, “ *Pattern Classification*”, John Wiley, 2001
6. Sergious Theodoridis, Konstantinos Koutroumbus, “*Pattern Recognition*”, Elsevier,2006

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Department Elective -II MULTIMEDIA APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

UNIT-I

Fundamental concepts in Text and Image: Multimedia and hypermedia, world wide web, overview of multimedia software tools. Graphics and image data representation graphics/image data types, file formats, Color in image and video: color science, color models in images, color models in video.

Fundamental concepts in video and digital audio: Types of video signals, analog video, digital video, digitization of sound, MIDI, quantization and transmission of audio.

UNIT-II

Action Script I: ActionScript Features, Object-Oriented ActionScript, Datatypes and Type Checking, Classes, Authoring an ActionScript Class, Inheritance, Authoring an ActionScript 2.0 Subclass, Interfaces, Packages, Exceptions, An OOP Application Frame work, Using Components with ActionScript MovieClip Subclasses.

UNIT III

Programming: Abstraction levels: Device Drivers, System software, frame works and libraries, application generators. Requirements for programming languages: very large data volums,, real time requirements, synchronization, reusability, expandability, maintainability, robustness. Object-Oriented application development: Basic terms of the object model, object model properties. Object-oriented Frame works and class libraries: data type modeling, modeling data streams, Distribution of Objects: Example: PMG and CORBA, Example: Digital audio video council(DAVIC), DSM-CC.

UNIT IV

Design: Design specific properties of images. Visualizations: objective visualization, Abstract visualization, producing visualization, Good and bad visualization. Symbols: logos, icons, and pictograms. Illustrations. Image Production Techniques. Typography: layout. Esthetics.

UNIT-V

User Interfaces: Example: Remote controlled video camera. Usability: Goals of Usability, Solving usability problems. Direct Manipulations: Characteristics of Direct Manipulation, Forms of Directness, Discussion of Direct manipulation. Guidelines for User-friendly user interfaces. GUI and the audio medium. Innovative forms of interaction: Virtual Reality, computer-augmented reality.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Multimedia by Ze-Nian Li and Mark S. Drew PHI/Pearson Education
2. Essentials ActionScript 2.0, Colin Moock, SPD O,REILLY.
3. Multimedia Applications, Steinmetz, Nahrstedt, Springer.

References:

1. Digital Multimedia, Nigel Chapman and Jenny Chapman, Wiley-DreamtechMacromedia Flash MX Professional 2004 Unleashed, Pearson.
2. Multimedia and communications Technology, Steve Heath, Elsevier(Focal Press)
3. Multimedia Basics by Weixel Thomson
Multimedia Technology and Applications, David Hilman, Galgotia

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Department Elective -2 SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES

UNIT-I:

Introduction:- Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs

Flow graphs and Path testing:- Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

UNIT-II:

Transaction Flow Testing:- transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques. Dataflow testing:- Basics of dataflow testing, strategies in dataflow testing, application of dataflow testing. **Domain Testing:-** domains and paths, Nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

UNIT-III:

Paths, Path products and Regular expressions:- path products & path expression, reduction procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection.

Logic Based Testing:- overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

UNIT-IV:

State, State Graphs and Transition testing:- state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

UNIT-V:

Graph Matrices and Application:- Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building

tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Winrunner).

Text Books:

1. Software Testing techniques - Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
2. Software Testing Tools – Dr.K.V.K.K.Prasad, Dreamtech.

References:

1. The craft of software testing - Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
2. Software Testing Techniques – SPD(Oreille)
3. Software Testing in the Real World – Edward Kit, Pearson.
4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
5. Art of Software Testing – Meyers, John Wiley.

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ADVANCED ENGLISH LANGUAGE COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

1. Introduction

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organise ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

2. Objectives:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

Learning Outcomes

- Accomplishment of sound vocabulary and its proper use contextually.
- Flair in Writing and felicity in written expression.
- Enhanced job prospects.
- Effective Speaking Abilities

3. Syllabus:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab:

1. **Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary** - Starting a conversation – responding appropriately and relevantly – using the right body language – Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals - Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading & effective googling.
3. **Activities on Writing Skills** – Structure and presentation of different types of writing – *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/ Technical report writing/ Portfolio writing* – planning for writing – improving one's writing.
4. **Activities on Presentation Skills** – Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/**PPTs** and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/ e-mails/assignments etc.
5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** – Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and

organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

4. Minimum Requirement:

The Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Laboratory shall have the following infra-structural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P – IV Processor, Hard Disk – 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed – 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

5. Prescribed Lab Manual: A book titled **A Course Book of Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab** published by Universities Press, Hyderabad.

6. Suggested Software:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- **Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass**, 8th Edition
- **DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.**
- **Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider**, by Dreamtech
- **TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)**
- **The following software from 'train2success.com'**
 - **Preparing for being Interviewed**
 - **Positive Thinking**
 - **Interviewing Skills**
 - **Telephone Skills**
 - **Time Management**

7. Books Recommended:

1. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
2. **English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual** Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam & Prof SA Sankaranarayanan, Anuradha Publications, Chennai 2008.
3. **Advanced Communication Skills Laboratory Manual** by Sudha Rani, D, Pearson Education 2011.
4. **Technical Communication** by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
5. **Business and Professional Communication: Keys for Workplace Excellence.** Kelly M. Quintanilla & Shawn T. Wahl. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2011.
6. **The Basics of Communication: A Relational Perspective.** Steve Duck & David T. McMahan. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications. 2012.
7. **English Vocabulary in Use** series, Cambridge University Press 2008.
8. **Management Shapers Series** by Universities Press(India)Pvt Ltd., Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
9. **Handbook for Technical Communication** by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.
10. **Communication Skills** by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
11. **Handbook for Technical Writing** by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008.
12. **Job Hunting** by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.
13. **Master Public Speaking** by Anne Nicholls, JAICO Publishing House, 2006.
14. **English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.**
15. Books on **TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS** by Barron's/DELTA/Cambridge University Press.
16. **International English for Call Centres** by Barry Tomalin and Suhashini Thomas, Macmillan Publishers, 2009.

DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS:

Advanced Communication Skills Lab Practicals:

1. The practical examinations for the ACS Laboratory practice shall be conducted as per the University norms prescribed for the core engineering practical sessions.

2. For the English Language lab sessions, there shall be continuous evaluation during the year for 25 sessional marks and 50 End Examination marks. Of the 25 marks, 15 marks shall be awarded for day-to-day work and 10 marks to be awarded by conducting Internal Lab Test(s). The End Examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned, by inviting the External Examiner from outside. In case of the non-availability of the External Examiner, other teacher of the same department can act as the External Examiner.

Mini Project: As a part of Internal Evaluation

1. **Seminar/ Professional Presentation**
2. **A Report on the same has to be prepared and presented.**

- * **Teachers may use their discretion to choose topics relevant and suitable to the needs of students.**
- * **Not more than two students to work on each mini project.**
- * **Students may be assessed by their performance both in oral presentation and written report.**

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DATA MINING AND DATA WAREHOUSING LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:-

Experiments using Weka & Clementine Tools

1. Data Processing Techniques :
 - (i) Data cleaning
 - (ii) Data transformation - Normalization
 - (iii) Data integration
2. Partitioning - Horizontal, Vertical, Round Robin, Hash based
3. Data Warehouse schemas – star, snowflake, fact constellation
4. Data cube construction – OLAP operations
5. Data Extraction, Transformations & Loading operations
6. Implementation of Attribute oriented induction algorithm
7. Implementation of apriori algorithm
8. Implementation of FP – Growth algorithm

9. Implementation of Decision Tree Induction
10. Calculating Information gain measures
11. Classification of data using Bayesian approach
12. Classification of data using K – nearest neighbour approach
13. Implementation of K – means algorithm
14. Implementation of BIRCH algorithm
15. Implementation of PAM algorithm
16. Implementation of DBSCAN algorithm

and returns the user details by taking the user information from the XML document.

4. Bean Assignments
 - a. Create a JavaBean which gives the exchange value of INR(Indian Rupees) into equivalent American/Canadian/Australian Dollar value.
 - b. Create a simple Bean with a label - which is the *count* of number of clicks. Then create a BeanInfo class such that only the “*count*” property is visible in the Property Window.
 - c. Create two Beans-a)KeyPad .b)DisplayPad .After that integrate the two Beans to make it work as a Calculator.
 - d. Create two Beans Traffic Light(Implemented as a Label with only three background colours-Red,Green,Yellow) and Automobile(Implemented as a TextBox which states its state/movement). The state of the Automobile should depend on the following Light Transition Table.

Light Transition	Automobile State
Red ---> Yellow	Ready
Yellow ---> Green	Move
Green --> Red	Stopped

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WEB TECHNOLOGIES LAB

1. Develop static pages (using Only HTML) of an online Book store. The pages should resemble: www.amazon.com The website should consist the following pages.
 1. Home page
 2. Registration and user Login
 3. User Profile Page
 4. Books catalog
 5. Shopping Cart
 6. Payment By credit card
 7. Order Conformation
2. Validate the Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit card pages using JavaScript.
3. Create and save an XML document at the server, which contains 10 users information. Write a program, which takes User Id as an input

5. Install TOMCAT web server. Convert the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages using servlets and cookies. Hint: Users information (user id, password, credit card number) would be stored in web.xml. Each user should have a separate Shopping Cart.
6. Redo the previous task using JSP by converting the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages. Create a database with user information and books information. The books catalogue should be dynamically loaded from the database. Follow the MVC architecture while doing the website.

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DISASTER MANAGEMENT

UNIT 1 : Understanding Disaster

Concept of Disaster
Different approaches
Concept of Risk
Levels of Disasters
Disaster Phenomena and Events (Global, national and regional)

Hazards and Vulnerability

Natural and man-made hazards; response time, frequency and forewarning levels of different hazards
Characteristics and damage potential of natural hazards; hazard assessment
Dimensions of vulnerability factors; vulnerability assessment
Vulnerability and disaster risk
Vulnerabilities to flood and earthquake hazards

UNIT 2 : Disaster Management Mechanism

Concepts of risk management and crisis managements
Disaster Management Cycle
Response and Recovery
Development, Prevention, Mitigation and Preparedness
Planning for Relief

UNIT 3: Capacity Building

Capacity Building: Concept
Structural and Nonstructural Measures
Capacity Assessment; Strengthening Capacity for Reducing Risk
Counter-Disaster Resources and their utility in Disaster Management
Legislative Support at the state and national levels

UNIT 4: Coping with Disaster

Coping Strategies; alternative adjustment processes
Changing Concepts of disaster management
Industrial Safety Plan; Safety norms and survival kits
Mass media and disaster management

UNIT 5: Planning for disaster management

Strategies for disaster management planning
Steps for formulating a disaster risk reduction plan
Disaster management Act and Policy in India
Organizational structure for disaster management in India
Preparation of state and district disaster management plans

Text Books

1. Alexander, D. Natural Disasters, ULC press Ltd, London, 1993.
2. Carter, W.N. Disaster Management: A Disaster Management Handbook, Asian Development Bank, Bangkok, 1991.
3. Manual on Natural Disaster Management in India, NCDM, New Delhi, 2001.

References

1. Abarquez I. & Murshed Z. Community Based Disaster Risk Management: Field Practitioner's Handbook, ADPC, Bangkok, 2004.
2. Goudie, A. Geomorphological Techniques, Unwin Hyman, London 1990.
3. Goswami, S.C Remote Sensing Application in North East India, Purbanchal Prakesh, Guwahati, 1997.
4. Chakrabarty, U.K. Industrial Disaster Management and Emergency Response, Asian Book Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2007.

5. Disaster Management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2011.
6. National Policy on Disaster Management, NDMA, New Delhi, 2009
7. Disaster Management Act. (2005), Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.
8. District Disaster Management Plan-Model Template, NIDM, New Delhi, 2005.
9. Disaster Management, Future challenge and opportunities, Edited by Jagbir singh, I.K. International publishing home Pvt, Ltd.

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NETWORK SECURITY & CRYPTOGRAPHY

UNIT-I:

Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

UNIT-II:

Conventional Encryption: Principles, Conventional encryption algorithms, cipher block modes of operation, location of encryption devices, key distribution Approaches of Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions and HMAC,

UNIT-III:

Number Theory: Modular Arithmetic, Euclid's Algorithm, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms, digital signatures, digital Certificates, Certificate Authority and key management Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service

UNIT-IV:

Email privacy: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME,.

IP Security: Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations and Key Management

Web Security: Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)

UNIT-V

Intruders, Viruses and related threats

Firewall Design principles, Trusted Systems

Intrusion Detection Systems

Text Books:

1. Cryptography and Network Security by William Stallings 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Hack Proofing your network by Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W.Manzuik and Ryan Permech, wiley Dreamtech,

References:

1. Fundamentals of Network Security by Eric Maiwald (Dreamtech press)
2. Network Security - Private Communication in a Public World by Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, Pearson/PHI.
3. Network Security Essentials by William Stallings Pearson Education (Applications and Standards) PHI/Pearson
4. Principles of Information Security, Whitman, Thomson.
5. Network Security: The complete reference, Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes, TMH
6. Introduction to Cryptography, Buchmann, Springer.

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DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING

UNIT – I:

Introduction: What is distributed computing, Basic operating system concepts. Basic software engineering concepts. The Internet. Network resources and their identification: computers, services, resources, host names, host identifiers, port addresses, the domain name system, Internet addresses, Uniform Resource Locator (URL), Uniform Resource Identifier (URI). Security. Fault Tolerance.

Interprocess Communication: Basic model .Primitives (operations): connect, send, receive, disconnect. Connection-oriented/connectionless. Data marshalling: data flattening, data representation, serialization. Event synchronization. Event diagram, sequence diagram. Array of paradigms that have evolved for distributed computing.

UNIT – II:

The Socket API: The basic model. Stream-mode (connection-oriented) socket. Datagram socket (connectionless) socket.

The Client-server Paradigm: Connection-oriented client-server. Connectionless client-server. Iterative server and concurrent server. Stateful server and stateless server.

Group Communications: Unicast versus multicast. Basic model of group communications.

Multicast and message ordering. Reliable multicast/broadcast.

UNIT – III:

Distributed objects.: Message passing versus distributed objects. The basic model.

Remote procedure call. Remote method invocation. Advanced Remote Method Invocations (RMI): RMI stub downloading, security policy. Callback.

UNIT-IV:

Internet applications: Basic components and protocols: HTTP, HTML, MIME, web server, browser, web forms. Web document types: static, dynamic, executable, active.

CGI: background; interaction and passing of data among browser, web server, and script(s). HTTP Session state information: hidden tags, cookies, session objects.

Client-side programming: Applets, JavaScript. Server-side programming: common gateway Interface (CGI), servlets, server pages.

The Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA): Basic architecture. Object Servers and Object Clients. Object References. Naming services. Object services. Object adapters. Java IDL.

UNIT-V:

Internet Applications : Applets. Servlets; session data maintenance. Web services and the Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP).

Advanced Distributed Computing Paradigms: Message queue system. Mobile agents. Network services. Object spaces.

Text Books:

1. M.L.Liu, “ Distributed Computing – Concepts and Applications” , Addison-Wesley inc.

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SOFT COMPUTING

Objectives:

- To give students knowledge of soft computing theories fundamentals, i.e. Fundamentals of artificial and neural networks, fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic and genetic algorithms.

**UNIT-I:
BASICS OF NEUROSCIENCE AND ANN MODELS**

The Brain as a Neural network-Basic Properties of Neurons – Neuron Models – Rosenblatt's Perceptron – The Widrow-Hoff LMS Learning Algorithm-Order of a Predicate and a Perceptron – Complexity of Learning using Feedforward Networks.

**UNIT-II:
FUZZY SYSTEMS**

Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Reasoning – Fuzzy Matrices – Fuzzy Functions – Decompositions – Fuzzy Automata and Languages – Fuzzy Control Method – Fuzzy Decision Making.

**UNIT-III:
NEURO-FUZZY SYSTEMS**

Introduction to Neuro – Fuzzy Systems –Fuzzy System Design Procedures – Fuzzy Sets and Logic Background - Fuzzy / ANN Design and Implementation

**UNIT-IV:
GENETIC ALGORITHMS**

Introduction – Robustness of Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques – The goals of optimization-Computer Implementation-Data Structures, Reproduction, Crossover and Mutation – Mapping Objective Functions to fitness form – Some Applications of Genetic Algorithms.

**UNIT-V:
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

AI technique-Level of the Model – Problems, Problem Spaces and Search – Issues in the Design of Search Programs – Heuristic Search Techniques – Knowledge Representations and Mappings

Text Books:

1. N. K. Bose and P. Liang , “*Neural Network Fundamentals*”
2. Timothy J. Ross , “*Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications*”, McGraw- Hill International Editions,1995

References:

1. Elaine Rich and Kelvin knight , “*Artificial Intelligence*”, McGraw- Hill 2000
2. David E. Goldberg, “*Genetic Algorithms-In Search, optimization and Machine Learning*”, Pearson Education.
3. Robert J. Schalkoff, “*Artificial Neural Networks*”, McGraw-Hill International Editions,1997.
4. Freeman J.A. & D.M. Skapura , “*Neural Networks: Algorithms, Applications and Programming Techniques*”, Addison Wesley, 1992.
5. G.J. Klir & B. Yuan, “*Fuzzy Sets & Fuzzy Logic*”, PHI, 1995.
6. Melanie Mitchell , “*An Introduction to Genetic Algorithm*”, PHI, 1998.

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PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Objectives:

- To briefly describe various programming paradigms.
- To provide conceptual understanding of High level language design and implementation .
- To introduce the power of scripting languages

Outcomes:

- Ability to express syntax and semantics in formal notation.
- Ability to apply suitable programming paradigm for the application.
- Gain Knowledge and comparison of the features programming languages.

UNIT-I

Preliminary Concepts: Reasons for studying, concepts of programming languages, Programming domains, Language Evaluation Criteria, influences on Language design, Language categories, Programming

Paradigms – Imperative, Object Oriented, functional Programming , Logic Programming. Programming Language Implementation – Compilation and Virtual Machines, programming environments. Introduction to LISP,ALGOL-60,COBOL,BASIC,PL/I, APL, SNOBOL, SIMULA67, ALGOL, Prolog, Ada, Small talk

Combining imperative and object-oriented language-C++

Imperative based object-oriented language- Introduction to Java, C#.

Syntax and Semantics: general Problem of describing Syntax and Semantics, formal methods of describing syntax - BNF, EBNF for common programming languages features, parse trees, ambiguous grammars, attribute grammars, denotational semantics and axiomatic semantics for common programming language features.

UNIT-II

Data types: Introduction, primitive, character, user defined, array, associative, record, union, pointer and reference types, design and implementation uses related to these types. Names, Variable, concept of binding, type checking, strong typing, type compatibility, named constants, variable initialization.

Expressions and Statements: Arithmetic relational and Boolean expressions, Short circuit evaluation mixed mode assignment, Assignment Statements, Control Structures – Statement Level, Compound Statements, Selection, Iteration, Unconditional Statements, guarded commands.

UNIT-III

Subprograms and Blocks: Fundamentals of sub-programs, Scope and lifetime of variable, static and dynamic scope, Design issues of subprograms and operations, local referencing environments, parameter passing methods, overloaded sub-programs, generic sub-programs, parameters that are sub-program names, design issues for functions user defined overloaded operators, co routines, Implementing subroutines.

Abstract Data types: Abstractions and encapsulation, introductions to data abstraction, design issues, language examples, C++ parameterized ADT, object oriented programming in small talk, C++, Java, C#, Ada 95

UNIT-IV

Concurrency: Subprogram level concurrency, semaphores, monitors, message passing, Java threads, C# threads. Exception handling & Event Handling: Exceptions, exception Propagation, Exception handler in Ada, C++ and Java.

UNIT-V

Functional Programming Languages: Introduction, fundamentals of FPL, LISP, ML, Haskell, application of Functional Programming

Languages and comparison of functional and imperative Languages,
Logic programming Languages

Logic Programming Language : Introduction and overview of logic programming, basic elements of prolog, application of logic programming.

Scripting Language: Pragmatics, Key Concepts, Case Study : Python – Values and Types, Variables , Storage and Control, Bindings and Scope, Procedural Abstraction, Data Abstraction, Separate Compilation, Module Library.

Text b Books:

1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert .W. Sebesta 8/e, Pearson Education,2008.
2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley dreamtech,rp-2007.

References:

1. Programming Languages, 2nd Edition, A.B. Tucker, R.E. Noonan, TMH.
2. Programming Languages, K. C.Louden, 2nd Edition, Thomson,2003.
3. LISP, Patric Henry Winston and Paul Horn, Pearson Education.
4. Programming in Prolog, W.F. Clocksin,& C.S.Mellish, 5th Edition, Springer.
5. Programming Python, M.Lutz, 3rd Edition, O'reilly,SPD, rp-2007.
6. Core Python Programming, Chun, II Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
7. Guide to Programming with Python, Michael Dawson, Thomson, 2008.

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**Department Elective -III
ADVANCED DATABASES**

UNIT-I

Introduction; Distributed Data Processing, Distributed Database System, Promises of DDBSs, Problem areas.

Distributed DBMS Architecture: Architectural Models for Distributed DBMS, DDMBS Architecture.

Distributed Database Design: Alternative Design Strategies, Distribution Design issues, Fragmentation, Allocation.

UNIT-II

Query Processing and decomposition: Query Processing Objectives, Characterization of query processors, layers of query processing, query decomposition, Localization of distributed data.

Distributed query Optimization: Query optimization, centralized query optimization, Distributed query optimization algorithms.

UNIT-III

Transaction Management: Definition, properties of transaction, types of transactions. Distributed concurrency control: Serializability, concurrency

control Mechanisms & Algorithms, Time stamped & Optimistic concurrency control Algorithms, Deadlock Management.

UNIT –IV

Distributed DBMS Reliability: Reliability concepts and Measures, fault-tolerance in Distributed systems, failures in Distributed DBMS, local & Distributed Reliability Protocols, site failures and Network partitioning.

Parallel Database Systems: Database Series, Parallel Architecture, Parallel DBMS Techniques, Parallel exception problems, Parallel Execution for Hierarchical architecture.

UNIT-V

Distributed object Database Management Systems: Fundamental object concepts and Models, Object Distributed Design, Architectural Issues, Object Management, Distributed Object storage, Object query Processing.

Object Oriented Data Model : Inheritance, Object identity, persistent programming languages, persistence of objects, comparing OODBMS and ORDBMS

Text Books:

1. M.Tamer OZSU and Patuck Valduriez: Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Pearson Edn. Asia, 2001.
2. Stefano Ceri and Willipse Pelagatti: Distributed Databases, McGraw Hill.
3. Henry F Korth, A Silberchatz and Sudershan : Database System Concepts, MGH
4. Raghuramakrishnan and Johhanes Gehrke: Database Management Systems, MGH

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Department Elective -III MOBILE COMPUTING

Objectives:

- To make the student understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.
- To understand the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol
- To understand the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks, namely MAC layer, Network Layer & Transport Layer
- To understand the database issues in mobile environments & data delivery models.
- To understand the ad hoc networks and related concepts.
- To understand the platforms and protocols used in mobile environment.

Outcomes:

- Able to think and develop new mobile application.
- Able to take any new technical issue related to this new paradigm and come up with a solution(s).

- Able to develop new ad hoc network applications and/or algorithms/protocols.
- Able to understand & develop any existing or new protocol related to mobile environment

UNIT I

Introduction

Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices.

GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS, CSHSD, DECT.

UNIT –II

(Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC)

Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11)

Mobile Network Layer

IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

UNIT –III

Mobile Transport Layer

Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

Database Issues

Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing & Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues.

UNIT IV

Data Dissemination and Synchronization

Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Broadcast Models, Selective Tuning and Indexing Methods, Data Synchronization – Introduction, Software, and Protocols

UNIT V

Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs)

Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of

Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, etc. , Mobile Agents, Service Discovery.

Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing

WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, JavaCard, PalmOS, Windows CE, SymbianOS, Linux for Mobile Devices,Android.

Text Books:

1. Jochen Schiller, “Mobile Communications”, Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009.
2. Raj Kamal, “Mobile Computing”, Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 0195686772

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Department Elective -III BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE & BIG DATA

UNIT-I

Data Science: Introduction, working with data at scale, data scientist, the SMAQ stack for big data, scraping, cleaning & selling big data

Data Hand Tools - free data tools for journalists.

Data Issues- Introduction, anonymization, risk of de-anonymization, Big data & semantic web, meta data.

UNIT-II

Applications of Data:Product & Process – Twitter archive, data journalism & data tools, newsroom stack, bridging the data divide, data analysis path, Big data in education & academic disciplines, Discussion of Facebook

UNIT-III

BI foundations: Understanding BI, Describing BI, Defining BI cycle, Enabling BI, Bridging the Analysis Gap-Multidimensional analysis, Operation Systems, BI Systems.

UNIT-IV

Defining BI Technologies:The High-level view, Reporting & Analysis, the data warehouse and Data warehousing Framework, Identifying BI opportunities.

UNIT-V

Implementing a BI solution:implementation strategy, Fundamental decisions. Case studies- Audi AG, The Frank Russell Company.

Textbooks:

1. Elizabeth Vitt, Michael Luckevich, StaciaMisner, “Business Intelligence”, Microsoft Press, 2010.
2. Big Data Now, O’Reily Radar Team.

References:

1. Rajiv Sabherwal, Irma Becerra- Fernandez, “Business Intelligence-Practices, Technologies and Management”, John Wiley 2011.
2. Larissa T. Moss, ShakuAtre, “Business Intelligence Roadmap”, Addison –Wesley IT Series.
3. Yuli Vasiliev, “Oracle Business Intelligence: The Condensed Guide to Analysis and Reporting”, SPD Shroff ,2012.

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NETWORK SECURITY & CRYPTOGRAPHY LAB

1. Working with sniffers for monitoring network communication (Ethereal)
2. Understanding of Cryptography algorithm and implementation of the same in C or C++
3. Using openssl for web-server –browser communication
4. Using GNU PGP
5. Performance evaluation of various cryptography algorithms
6. Using IPTABLES on linux and setting the filtering rules
7. Configuring S/MIME for email communication
8. Understanding the buffer overflow and format string attacks
9. Using NMAP for ports monitoring

10. Implementation of proxy based security protocols in c or c++ With features like confidentiality ,integrity, and authentication.

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DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING LAB

1. Write a java program that illustrates the use of datagram sockets to exchange a single data string.
2. Write a java code so that a sender uses two different sockets to send the same message to two different receivers. Start the two receivers first, then the sender.
3. Write a program which uses connection -less datagram sockets for echo server.
 - (a) Run the programs by starting the server first (don't forget to specify a port number as a command line –argument), then the client .
 - (b) With the server running ,Start two clients in separate windows .
4. Write a program in java to illustrate connection- oriented Datagram Socket API

5. Write a Program in java to illustrate stream mode sockets.
6. Write a program in java to illustrate basic syntax for basic multicast.
7. Write a program in java to illustrate sending and receiving using multicast.
8. Write a application program such that multiple processes use group communication to carry out detection.
9. Using RMI, Write an application for a prototype open ion Poll System.
10. Create an RMI application for conducting an election .
11. Write a java program to illustrate RMI Client Callback
12. Write a sevlet program in java for web form processing .
13. Write a java program that illustrates the use of servlet variables for storing state information .
14. Implement mobile agent using java

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**Department Elective -IV
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS**

UNIT I

Introduction: Motivation, Basic Concepts, Past-Present and Future, the Retrieval Process

Modeling :Introduction, A Taxonomy of Information retrieval Models, Retrieval: Ad hoc and Filtering, A Formal Characteristics of IR Models, Classic Information Retrieval, Alternative Ste Theory Models, Alternative Probabilistic Models, Structured Text Retrieval Models, Model for Browsing

UNIT II

Retrieval Evaluation: Introduction, retrieval Performance Evaluation, Reference Collections

Query languages:Introduction, Keyword-Based Querying, Pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Query Protocols

Query Operations: Introduction, User Relevance Feedback, Automatic Local Analysis, Automatic global Analysis

TextOperations:Introduction, Document Preprocessing, Document Clustering, Text Compression, Comparing text Compression Techniques

UNIT III

Indexing and Searching: Introduction, Inverted Files, Other Indices for Text, Boolean queries, Sequential Searching, pattern Matching, Structural Queries, Compression

Searching the Web: Introduction, Challenges, Characterizing the Web, Search Engines, Browsing, Met searches, Finding the Needle in the Haystack, Searching using Hyperlinks

UNIT IV

User Interfaces and Visualization: Introduction, human-Computer Interaction, The Information Access Process, Starting Points, Query Specification, Context, User Relevance Judgments, Interface Support for the Search Process

UNIT V:

Multimedia IR: Models and Languages,:Introduction, Data Modeling, Query Languages

Multimedia IR: Indexing and Searching:

Introduction, Background-Spatial Access Methods,A Generic Multimedia Indexing Approach, One Dimentional Time Series, wo dimentional Color Images, Automatic Feature Extraction.

Text Books

1. Modern Information Retrival By Yates and Neto Pearson Education.

Reference:

1. Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury: Information Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kluwer Academic Press, 1997.
2. Frakes, W.B., Ricardo Baeza-Yates: Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, Prentice Hall, 1992.
3. Information Storage & Retieval By Robert Korfhage – John Wiley & Sons.

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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Department Elective -IV
ADHOC & SENSOR NETWORKS

Objectives:

- To understand the concepts of sensor networks
- To understand the MAC and transport protocols for adhoc networks
- To understand the security of sensor networks
- To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

UNIT I

Introduction to Ad Hoc Networks: Characteristics of MANETs, Applications of MANETs and challenges of MANETs - **Routing in MANETs:** Criteria for classification, Taxonomy of MANET routing algorithms, Topology based routing algorithms, Position based routing algorithms, Other routing algorithms.

UNIT II

Data Transmission: Broadcast storm problem, Broadcasting, Multicasting and Geocasting - **TCP over Ad Hoc:** TCP protocol overview, TCP and MANETs, Solutions for TCP over Ad hoc

UNIT III

Basics of Wireless, Sensors and Applications: Applications, Classification of sensor networks, Architecture of sensor network, Physical layer, MAC layer, Link layer.

UNIT IV

Data Retrieval in Sensor Networks: Routing layer, Transport layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to the inherent dynamic nature of WSNs, Sensor Networks and mobile robots - **Security:** Security in Ad Hoc networks, Key management, Secure routing, Cooperation in MANETs, Intrusion Detection systems.

UNIT V

Sensor Network Platforms and Tools: Sensor Network Hardware, Berkeley motes, Sensor Network Programming Challenges, Node-Level Software Platforms - **Operating System:** TinyOS - **Imperative Language:** nesC, Dataflow style language: TinyGALS, Node-Level Simulators, ns-2 and its sensor network extension, TOSSIM

Text Books:

1. Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks – Theory and Applications, *Carlos Corderio Dharma P. Aggarwal*, World Scientific Publications, March 2006, ISBN – 981-256-681-3
2. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Elsevier Science, ISBN – 978-1-55860-914-3 (Morgan Kauffman)

- Organize and write design documents and project reports
- Organize and make technical presentations that describe a design.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Definition and Classification - Overview of Processors and hardware units in an embedded system - Software embedded into the system - Exemplary Embedded Systems - Embedded Systems on a Chip (SoC) and the use of VLSI designed circuits.

UNIT II : DEVICES AND BUSES FOR DEVICES NETWORK

I/O Devices - Device I/O Types and Examples - Synchronous - Iso-synchronous and Asynchronous Communications from Serial Devices - Examples of Internal Serial-Communication Devices - UART and HDLC - Parallel Port Devices - Sophisticated interfacing features in Devices/Ports- Timer and Counting Devices - '12C', 'USB', 'CAN' and advanced I/O Serial high speed buses- ISA, PCI, PCI-X, cPCI and advanced buses.

UNIT III : PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS AND EMBEDDED PROGRAMMING IN C, C++

Programming in assembly language (ALP) vs. High Level Language - C Program Elements, Macros and functions -Use of Pointers - NULL Pointers - Use of Function Calls - Multiple function calls in a Cyclic Order in the Main Function Pointers - Function Queues and Interrupt Service Routines Queues Pointers - Concepts of EMBEDDED PROGRAMMING in C++ - Objected Oriented Programming - Embedded Programming in C++, 'C' Program compilers - Cross compiler - Optimization of memory codes.

UNIT IV : REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 1

Definitions of process, tasks and threads - Clear cut distinction between functions - ISRs and tasks by their characteristics - Operating System Services- Goals - Structures- Kernel - Process Management - Memory Management - Device Management - File System Organisation and Implementation - I/O Subsystems - Interrupt Routines Handling in RTOS, REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS : RTOS Task scheduling models - Handling of task scheduling and latency and deadlines as performance metrics - Co-operative Round Robin Scheduling - Cyclic Scheduling with Time Slicing (Rate Monotonics Co-operative Scheduling) - Preemptive Scheduling Model strategy by a Scheduler - Critical Section Service by a Preemptive Scheduler - Fixed (Static) Real time scheduling of tasks - INTER PROCESS COMMUNICATION AND SYNCHRONISATION - Shared data problem - Use of Semaphore(s) - Priority Inversion Problem and Deadlock Situations - Inter Process Communications using Signals -

JNTUH COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING HYDERABAD

IV Year B.Tech. CSE I-Sem

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**Department Elective -IV
EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

Objectives:

- Design embedded computer system hardware
- Design, implement, and debug multi-threaded application software that operates under real-time constraints on embedded computer systems
- Use and describe the implementation of a real-time operating system on an embedded computer system
- Formulate an embedded computer system design problem including multiple constraints, create a design that satisfies the constraints, *implement the design in hardware and software, and measure performance against the design constraints
- Create computer software and hardware implementations that operate according to well-known standards

Semaphore Flag or mutex as Resource key - Message Queues - Mailboxes - Pipes - Virtual (Logical) Sockets - Remote Procedure Calls (RPCs).

UNIT V : REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS - PART - 2

Study of Micro C/OS-II or Vx Works or Any other popular RTOS - RTOS System Level Functions - Task Service Functions - Time Delay Functions - Memory Allocation Related Functions - Semaphore Related Functions - Mailbox Related Functions - Queue Related Functions - Case Studies of Programming with RTOS - Understanding Case Definition - Multiple Tasks and their functions - Creating a list of tasks - Functions and IPCs - Exemplary Coding Steps.

Text Books:

1. Rajkamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design, TATA McGraw-Hill, First reprint Oct. 2003

References:

1. Steve Heath, Embedded Systems Design, Second Edition-2003
2. David E.Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education Asia, First Indian Reprint 2000.
3. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components; Principles of Embedded Computing System Design - Harcourt India, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, First Indian Reprint 2001
4. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, Embedded Systems Design - A nified Hardware /Software Introduction, John Wiley, 2002.

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IV Year B.Tech. CSE II-Sem

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MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

Unit I Introduction to Management & Organisation: Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Systems Approach to Management - Taylor's Scientific Management Theory – Fayol's Principles of Management – Maslow's theory of Hierarchy of Human Needs – Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y – Herzberg Two Factor Theory of Motivation - Leadership Styles, Social responsibilities of Management. Designing Organisational Structures: Basic concepts related to Organisation - Departmentation and Decentralisation, Types and Evaluation of mechanistic and organic structures of organisation and suitability.

Unit II Operations & Marketing Management: Principles and Types of

Plant Layout-Methods of production (Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study -Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement – Business Process Reengineering Statistical Quality Control: control charts for Variables and Attributes, (simple Problems) and Acceptance Sampling, TQM, Six Sigma, Deming's contribution to quality. Objectives of Inventory control, EOQ, ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Stores Records – JIT System, Supply Chain Management Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, and Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle, Channels of distribution.

Unit III Human Resources Management (HRM): Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager: Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Placement, Wage and Salary Administration, Promotion, Transfer, Separation, Performance Appraisal, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating – Capability Maturity Model (CMM) Levels – Performance Management System.

Unit IV Project Management (PERT/CPM): Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing (simple problems).

Unit V Strategic Management and Contemporary Strategic Issues: Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives. Bench Marking and Balanced Score Card as Contemporary Business Strategies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri: *Management Science*, McGraw Hill, 2012.
2. Vijay Kumar and Appa Rao *Management Science*, Cengage, 2012.

REFERENCES :

1. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: *Marketing Management*, Pearson, 2012.
2. Koontz & Wehrich: *Essentials of Management*, McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Thomas N.Duening & John M.Ivancevich *Management—*

Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra, 2012.

4. Kanishka Bedi, *Production and Operations Management*, Oxford University Press, 2012.

5. Samuel C. Certo: *Modern Management*, 2012.

6. Schermerhorn, Capling, Poole & Wiesner: *Management*, Wiley, 2012.

7. Parnell: *Strategic Management*, Cengage, 2012.

8. Lawrence R Jauch, R.Gupta & William F. Glueck: *Business Policy and Strategic Management*, Frank Bros. 2012.